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THE OPTIMIST AND THE PESSIMIST.

WITH A PHILOSOPHER INTERVENING.

A NOVEL STUDY OF CURRENT FINANCIAL PROBLEMS.

Those two eminent business men Mr. Cheerful and Mr. Fearful met at the close of Saturday's business somewhere between Lombard Street and Throgmorton Street, writes the financial correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian*. "Fine days," said Mr. Cheerful. "Yes, there's no end of the drought in sight," said Mr. Fearful. With this exchange they were about to part, when a common acquaintance, Mr. Thoughtful, emerged from the shadow of the portals of the Bank of England, which he had for some time been contemplating in silence with a puzzled expression. "How interesting," he said, "to discover that you two gentlemen know each other. Business friends, or have you met in private life?" "We're very old friends," said Mr. Cheerful. "We were at school together." "And?" Mr. Fearful added, "we both failed in the Civil Service exam. in one year." "Fortunately," said Mr. Cheerful, "since otherwise I should not now have been well on the way to everything a man can desire in this life. I mean an income of £10,000 and a directorship of the Bank of England."

Gloomy Thoughts.

"H'm," said Mr. Thoughtful, "is that so very desirable? I was just devoting my thoughts to that institution." "I'm sure," interposed Mr. Fearful, "that they must have been pretty gloomy ones."

At this point Mr. Cheerful took his two friends by the arm. "There's nothing so pleasant as a walk through the City when it's deserted on a sunny Saturday afternoon," he said, "especially when accompanied by intellectual conversation such as our friend Thoughtful's presence guarantees."

Since Mr. Thoughtful considered gentle exercise a help to meditation, he agreed, and as soon as Mr. Fearful had got over his doubts about the desirability of three such well-known business rivals being seen together, and the chance exploited by unscrupulous Pressmen, he, too, acquiesced. The three consequently paced down Fleet Street, and conversation took the following turn.

Cheerful: Well, next week will be better. You can say what you like, but these crises have certainly cleared the air. The investing public has been very nervous for some time past—and rightly so. They knew there was something amiss, they have held off for several months. It's comforting to think that our public is so well informed by financial and other journals that when danger is threatened they immediately hold off or sell out.

The consequence is that the general investor has hardly suffered at all by recent upsets.

The Causes of Crises.

Fearful: That's what precipitates the crises. The more people know the more alarmed they get, and the more shaky business becomes. All this financial publicity is just like political democracy or open diplomacy. The differences and difficulties that might be got over in private, behind closed doors, become inflated by the fear and greed of an ignorant public as soon as they are dragged out into the open. I tell you if it hadn't been for publicity there wouldn't have been a crisis. What we want to do is to stop people writing and reading about things they don't know about.

Thoughtful: Isn't there another possibility? Mightn't they both learn about these things, first the writers and then the readers? Need they be ignorant, and consequently misled by passions? Cheerful: Why, what's this you're saying? You call our financial journalists ignorant? You suggest they mislead the public? Why, look at the mountains of information piled on their desks daily, look at the quarterly reviews, the monthly surveys, the weekly bulletins, the speeches, reports, index numbers, curves, crop returns, and transport figures. What happens in the world but that the tape machine taps it out a few minutes after in every office in Fleet Street? Why, every street Arab knows more about current events in this country and elsewhere than Rothschild did a century ago.

Canny Journalists

Fearful: They know one thing. They know there's a dole waiting for them if they don't work, and they take jolly good care to qualify for it. As for the information the journalists get, do you think they'd pass it on to the public if it was worth anything? Not they. They'll pass on vague rumours and unsettle people's nerves and so prepare a crisis, but when the crisis is imminent do you think they warn anybody of it? Not much. Too afraid of libel actions to warn, and too afraid of being proved wrong if they reassure. So they just keep quiet till the thing's happened, and then they write and say that everybody's known about it for months. And with that mountain of information before them every day can you wonder if they just pass on undigested snippets of it?

Cheerful: Well, anyway, there's no crisis imminent just now is there?

Fearful: Better ask Thoughtful what he was thinking about under the walls of the Bank of England.

This isn't the moment to worry about private crises, even if there are any, as no doubt there are. We can think about them when we've seen what happens to the public crisis.

Thoughtful: I wonder what you mean by that.

The Gold Efflux.

Fearful: Why, man, the gold efflux. The world's against this island. America, speculating and driving up interest rates so that gold runs away from the Bank like water out of a sieve. And the French up to some ungodly game, hoarding every ounce they can get hold of. Do you realise that this country is the poorer by £20,000,000 within four months?

Thoughtful: Is it? I was just wondering. Is this loss of gold a sheer loss to the country? There is, perhaps, another side to it. Cheerful: Of course there is. The gold isn't carried off by crack thieves, like in an Edgar Wallace story. Nor does the Bank give it away for nothing. It's sold. What the Bank gives in one form it gets in another. Every pound of gold the Bank gives out means a sterling note returned to it. What does it do with the notes? It buys securities and improves the level of Government stock. Instead of being under an obligation to the foreigner, by keeping his gold for him, it's under an obligation to the British Government, or whoever it was sold the securities. And it earns interest on them, whereas the gold cost money to keep. I expect you were thinking what handsome profits the Bank of England must be making; or rather, since it only distributes a fixed dividend, how it must be piling up secret reserves and strengthening its position.

Thoughtful: Well, I wasn't, as a matter of fact. But I must say I find your remarks most interesting.

Another Mystery.

Fearful: But utterly nonsensical. As if gold were not the basis of credit, and as if every pound of gold that leaves our shores did not mean a contraction of credit to three times that amount. That, no doubt, is what you were really thinking.

Thoughtful: No, not that either. I was just pondering over a financial question.

Fearful and Cheerful: Which?

Thoughtful: How the expense of the new building is being shown in the Bank return. I have failed to find any trace of it there.

Mr. Fearful and Mr. Cheerful, with a pitying expression, lift their hats to the positive probe into First and Last Things, and leave him to wrestle with them.

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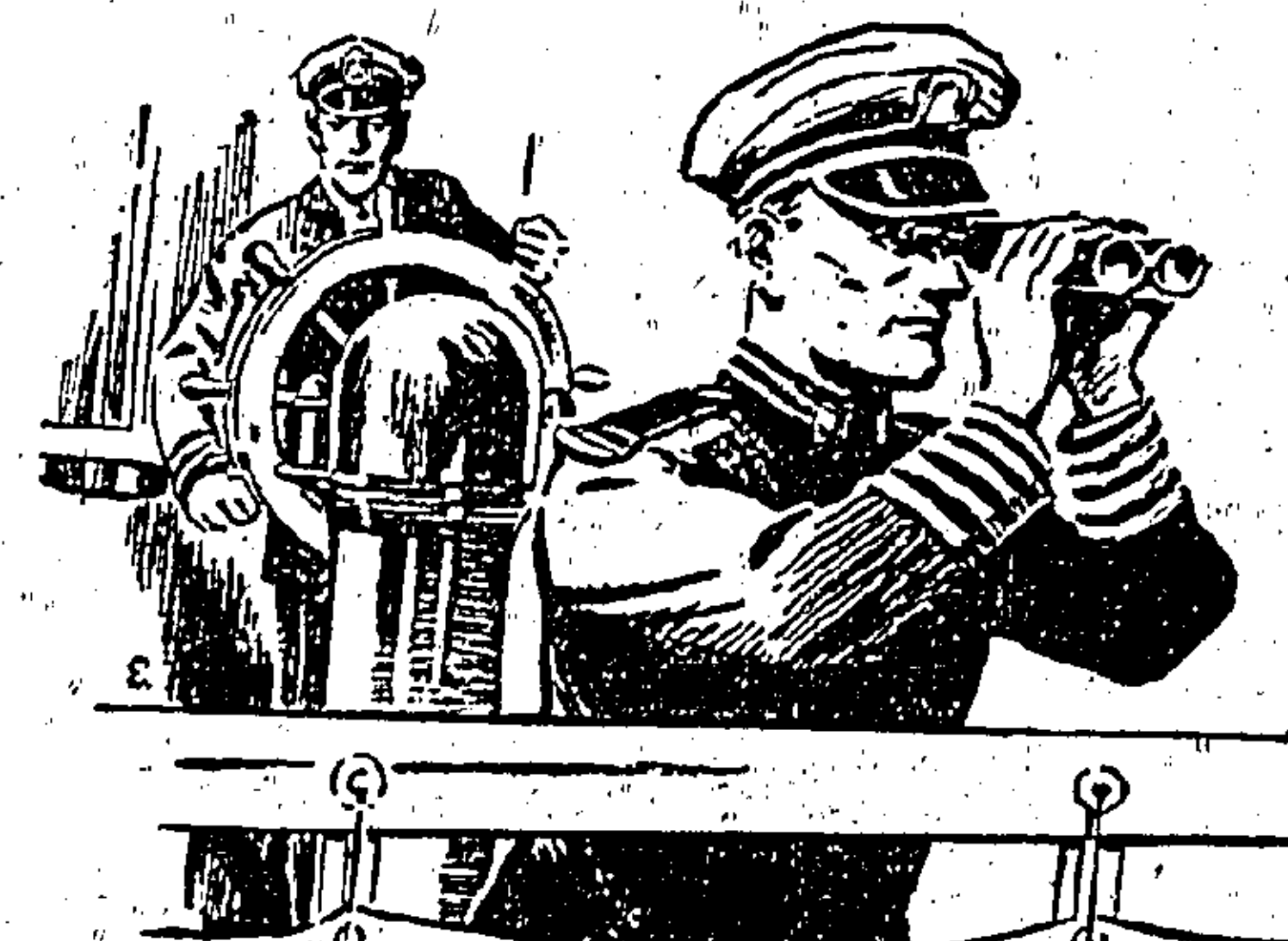
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Diary of Coming Events.

To-day.

(November 7.)

Interport Cricket: Shanghai v. Malaya, H.K.C.C. ground, 10.30 a.m.

Ladies' R.C. "At Home," Finals of open tennis championship, 3 p.m.

E.A.S.M.A. meeting, 3.30 p.m.

Concert of French Music, Helena May Institute, 5.30.

Ruth Van Valey Co. Star Theatre at 8.15 p.m.

H.K.C.C. Smoking Concert, 9.30 p.m.

Queen's Theatre: "The Singing Fool" (talking picture).

World Theatre: "The Kid is Clever."

Star Theatre: "For Alimony Only."

Ten Dances: H.K. Hotel, Peninsula Hotel, 6 p.m.

Dinner Dances: H.K. Hotel, Repulse Bay Hotel, and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.

Tides: High, 1.47 p.m.; Low, 7.50 a.m.

European Mails:—Inward: Europe via Suez (Rawalpindi).

Europe via Suez (Rawalpindi).

Friday.

(November 8.)

Christian Fellowship Meeting, Helena May Institute, 10.30 a.m.

Dinner to Interport Teams, Government House.

Cricket: Army v. Malaya.

Meeting of Licensing Board, Council Chamber, 2.30 p.m.

Jumble Sale, Union Church Kowloon, 2.30 p.m.

Ruth Van Valey Co. Star Theatre at 8.15 p.m.

Queen's Theatre: "The Singing Fool" (talking picture).

World Theatre: "The Kid is Clever."

Star Theatre: "For Alimony Only."

Ten Dances: H.K. Hotel, and Peninsula Hotel, 6 p.m.

Dinner Dances: Peninsula Hotel and Hong Kong Hotel, 8.30 p.m.

Tides: Low, 8.01 a.m.

European Mails:—Outward: Europe via Siberia (Rawalpindi), 10.30 a.m.

Saturday.

(November 9.)

Cancellation Institute: Charity Fair, 35, Canino Road, 10 a.m. to 6.30 p.m.

Dinner to Interport Teams, Government House.

Interport Cricket: Shanghai v. Hong Kong, H.K.C.C. ground, 10.30 p.m.

Cricket:—Division II: Kowloon C.C. v. Police (F.).

Football:—Division I: Chinese v. Navy, Royal Artillery v. Club, Kowloon v. Police, South China v. K.O.S.B., St. Joseph's v. Somerset, Div. II: University v. R.A.M.C., Navy v. Eastern, Recreation v. Royal Artillery, South China "B" v. K.O.S.B., Somerset v. St. Joseph's, Club v. South China "A," Kowloon v. China "A," Eno v. Chinese "B."

Miss Daisy O'Keefe's Dancing Display, Theatre Royal, 9.15 p.m.

Queen's Theatre: "The Singing Fool" (talking picture).

World Theatre: "The Kid is Clever."

Star Theatre: "For Alimony Only."

Ten Dances: Hong Kong Hotel, Peninsula Hotel, 6 p.m.

Dinner Dances: Hong Kong Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, Special Carnival at Repulse Bay Hotel, 8.30 p.m.

Tides: High, 12.31 a.m.; Low, 10.14 a.m.

European Mails:—Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Macedonia), 10.30 a.m.

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AROUND THE SCHOOLS

By "EX-COLLEGEIAN."

King's College.

This week I have some very interesting news for teachers as well as students in Hong Kong. I had a lengthy and interesting conversation recently with one who was teaching in Hong Kong some forty or fifty years ago, and some of the things he told me concerning the schools of the Colony in those days were extremely interesting.

Fifty years ago in Hong Kong it was difficult to get Chinese parents to send their sons to learn English. The Government, in order to create a desire to acquire the language among the Chinese, set up a number of free schools, but their efforts did not stop there. Free text-books were provided, in addition to pens, pencils, paper, slates, and general stationery. Even then the number of pupils was not very encouraging, but gradually the bigger schools began to attract support, and a small nominal charge was made for admission and tuition at Central School. Free text-books were still provided, and in the district schools, for a long time, everything was absolutely free.

Boys who passed out of the district schools, however, either did not trouble to continue their studies, or could not do so for financial reasons, so Government scholarships began to make their appearance in the smaller schools in order that deserving students might be encouraged.

A prominent teacher in Hong Kong, whose association with local schools goes back to almost thirty years, while not being able to confirm the above, stated that he felt positive that it reflected the truth. When he arrived in the Colony, students were still getting free text-books in his school and the fee was only \$2 a month.

What a contrast to the statement in my last article that the Government has not sufficient schools to cope with the demand, and that hundreds of students are being turned away from Government schools to seek education elsewhere.

The practice of supplying free text-books has gradually disappeared; at first books were supplied at a nominal charge, but as the numbers in the schools grew and as the text-books became more varied, some of the local stationers were given the business of supplying books, and I understand they now do a roaring trade in school-books every year.

The University Examinations. Before the next issue of "Around the Schools" the University Examinations will be upon us and the current topic of conversation will be whether or not a student has done well.

The numbers entering for these examinations are growing every year, and instead of being held in one hall, as in the earlier years of the existence of the University, the Senior and Matriculation examinations are being held at the Great Hall of the University, while the Junior Local will be taken at the halls of the bigger schools. I think Queen's College, King's College, and probably Ella Knickerbocker School will have to lend their halls for the purpose.

Queen's College. Past pupils of Queen's College will regret to hear of the death of Mr. Lai Pui Yan, a teacher of Queen's College, who was himself a pupil at the school, and whose connection with the institution went back for thirty years.

The late Mr. Lai was one of the brightest pupils in the school during his young days—so much so that he was chosen to be a pupil teacher. He underwent a special course of tutorial training under Mr. B. Tanner, and since 1908 he had been teaching regularly at the school. He was in charge of Class 8 when he died. The funeral, which was attended by a number of students, took place on Monday. He was very popular with everyone with whom he came into contact, and it will be very difficult to replace him.

Mention of the name of Mr. B. Tanner will no doubt stir up pleasant memories in the minds of such Old Boys as had the good fortune to know this gentleman, while he was connected with Queen's College. The latest news received in Hong Kong is to the effect that Mr. Tanner is hale and hearty, and enjoying his retirement in Devon. Some past pupils of Queen's College who are either studying in England, or passing through the country, occasionally give Mr. Tanner a "look-up," and the ex-Tai Sin Sang sees quite a number of them from time to time.

The inter-class football competition has reached the semi-final stage, and the boys are very keen to try and get things over before the examinations. There are altogether three more matches to be played, and there seems to be no reason why the final should not be decided before the examinations commence.

There will be 340 boys in the school hall next week to take the junior examination.

At Queen's College Ground on November 23 the school will be "At Home," and tennis and football games between the present pupils and O.C.C. have been arranged.

Bolton Public School.

Staff and pupils are working hard for the examinations which are so close upon us.

The members of the Victoria Nursing Division started their vaccination campaign in the school last week. So far, I understand, 168 girls have been vaccinated.

The thanks of the school are extended to Mrs. Dovy, who so kindly gave up her time last month to give the students a course of lectures in Home Nursing.

Fairlie School.

On Wednesday, October 30, the pupils of the above school gathered in the playground adjoining the school for their annual sports. A very varied programme of competitions and races had been arranged, including team races, skipping, egg and spoon, needle-threading, etc.

Representatives from each class entered, the winners being awarded marks for their class.

Class VI. succeeded in gaining the highest number of marks, and won the prize of two Chinese pictures for their class-room.

All the competitors were very energetic, and their efforts were closely watched by an enthusiastic crowd of fellow students. It was an ideal day for sports, and all thoroughly enjoyed it.

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Sir William Wilcox read this inscription on a bottle of methylated spirit offered for sale in America, to the members of the Society for the Study of Inebriety at the Medical Society of London. He was lecturing on "The toxic effects of methylated spirits," and said that surrounding the inscription on the bottle was a skull and cross-bones.

The effects of methylated spirit drinking are adequately summed up in that inscription," added Sir William. "Although I know no recorded case in this country of blindness due to methylated spirit drinking, many cases are reported from America."

Many Deaths Caused.

"In 1926 2,000 persons died in that country from the effects of drinking methylated spirit. In English eye hospitals 5 per cent of the cases of optic atrophy are due to causes not discovered. I do not think methylated alcohol spirit drinking as a possible cause for those cases has been considered."

"The public and many medical practitioners are still living with the ideas of the past century," declared Mr. W. McAdam Eccles, in his presidential address to the Society. "What is delirium tremens?" he asked. "If the modern text books are consulted there is no decisive answer given. The real truth is we do not know."

Was the delirium due to ethylic alcohol circulating in the blood? he asked. Was it due to some other constituent of the favoured alcoholic beverage, or to some chemical substance—a toxin produced somewhere in the body? If so, what was the quickest method of the elimination of the poison?

Speaking of the effect of alcohol on the blood vessels, Mr. McAdam Eccles said that little was known of the mechanism of the innervation of the heart muscle, but it was known to be exceedingly delicate. Alcohol might have much to do with upsetting this finely adjusted machine.

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San Diego, October 30. — San Diego is being favourably considered as the Pacific Coast terminal for the Pacific Zeppelin Transport Company's Hawaiian-United States dirigible service, it was learned with the announcement that three prominent New York financial houses are behind the company which plans to operate 800-foot lighter than air craft in the trans-ocean service.

Vienna.—Herr Wilhelm von Ziegler, Press Attaché at the Hungarian Legation here, was shot at and wounded in his office. Herr von Ziegler's assailant has been identified as Dr. Koloman Ruday, of Budapest, who believes himself to have a grievance against the Government. Herr von Ziegler, who seized his assailant before he could fire a second shot, is wounded in the hip, but is progressing favourably.

RED PIMPLES ON BABY'S FOREHEAD

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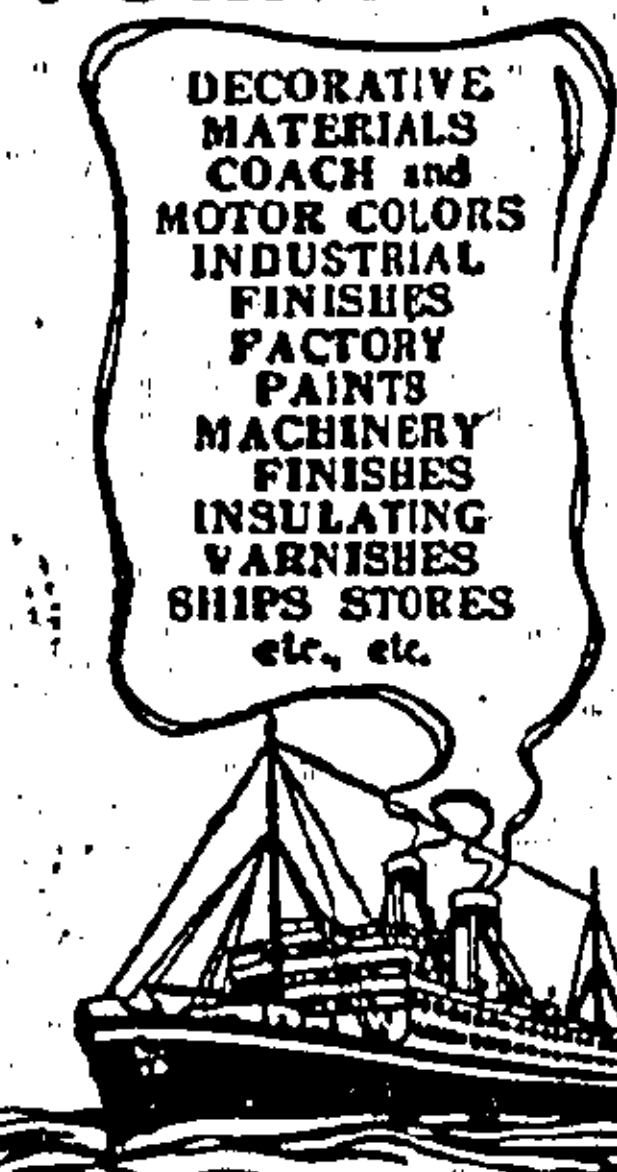
"My baby first had little red pimples on his forehead which quickly broke into a dry, red patch and spread all over his face, head and back. It must have been very painful and he cried because he could not keep his head still. It looked awful. The trouble lasted about five weeks."

"I tried different remedies but the trouble did not improve. I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment and they relieved the inflammation, and in about five weeks he was completely healed." (Signed) Mrs. Humphries, 74, Price St., Smethwick, Birmingham, Eng., Jan. 22, 1928.

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HUMOUR: ANCIENT AND MODERN.

"Didn't he once say he would never speak to you again?"

"Yes; but a few days afterwards he saw I had a cold, and he couldn't resist the temptation to tell me of a sure cure."

The explorer was describing one of his narrow escapes to a crowd of people. "I grabbed hold of the lion's neck, rolled over and over, and—"

Voice: "And fell out of bed!"

Brown had just had telephone connection between his office and house established and was very pleased with it. "I tell you, Smith," he was saying, "this telephone business is a wonderful thing. I want you to dine with me this evening, and I will tell Mrs. Brown to expect you." (Speaking through the telephone): "My friend Smith will dine with us this evening. Now listen and hear how distinctly her reply will come back."

Mrs. Brown's reply came back with startling distinctness: "Ask your friend Smith if he thinks we keep a hotel."

In her draped and darkened tent the amateur pianist was telling fortunes for the charity bazaar.

"Ah," she said, with slow impressiveness to the fair maiden who impatiently awaited her fate, "I see by your hand that you are going to be married."

"How wonderful!" breathed the client, with a blush and a giggle.

"And," went on the wise one, a note of acerbity creeping into her voice, "I see the happy one is to be Mr. Binks."

"But, surely," demurred the maid, "you cannot read that from the lines in my hand?"

"Lines!" exclaimed the sibyl, with sudden scorn. "You are wearing the ring I returned to Mr. Binks three weeks ago."

At a dinner party a lady was introduced to a Chinese gentleman. "Me no speak velly good Chinese," she said, flustered.

"Never mind, madam," he responded. "I think I can manage to converse tolerably well in English for half an hour or so."

They had just returned from a bridge party, and the husband was a bad loser. This evening he was in a particularly trying temper because they had lost more than usual.

Over supper they were talking about the game, and the man was going over most of the hands he had held.

"Now, in the last," he complained to his wife, "you might have guessed that I hadn't got a heart."

"Oh, I knew that a long time ago," returned the other sweetly; "but I did think you had a brain."

Having spent an hour explaining to her young class the relative values of certain small coins, the teacher, to test one little girl, asked her which she would prefer—two halfpennies or a penny. The child instantly declared in favour of the two halfpennies.

"But why?" the teacher wanted to know. "Have I not told you over and over again that a penny is every bit as good as two halfpennies?"

"Yes, miss," answered the youngster, "but if I lose one ha'penny, I should still have another left; while if I lost my penny, I should have nothing."

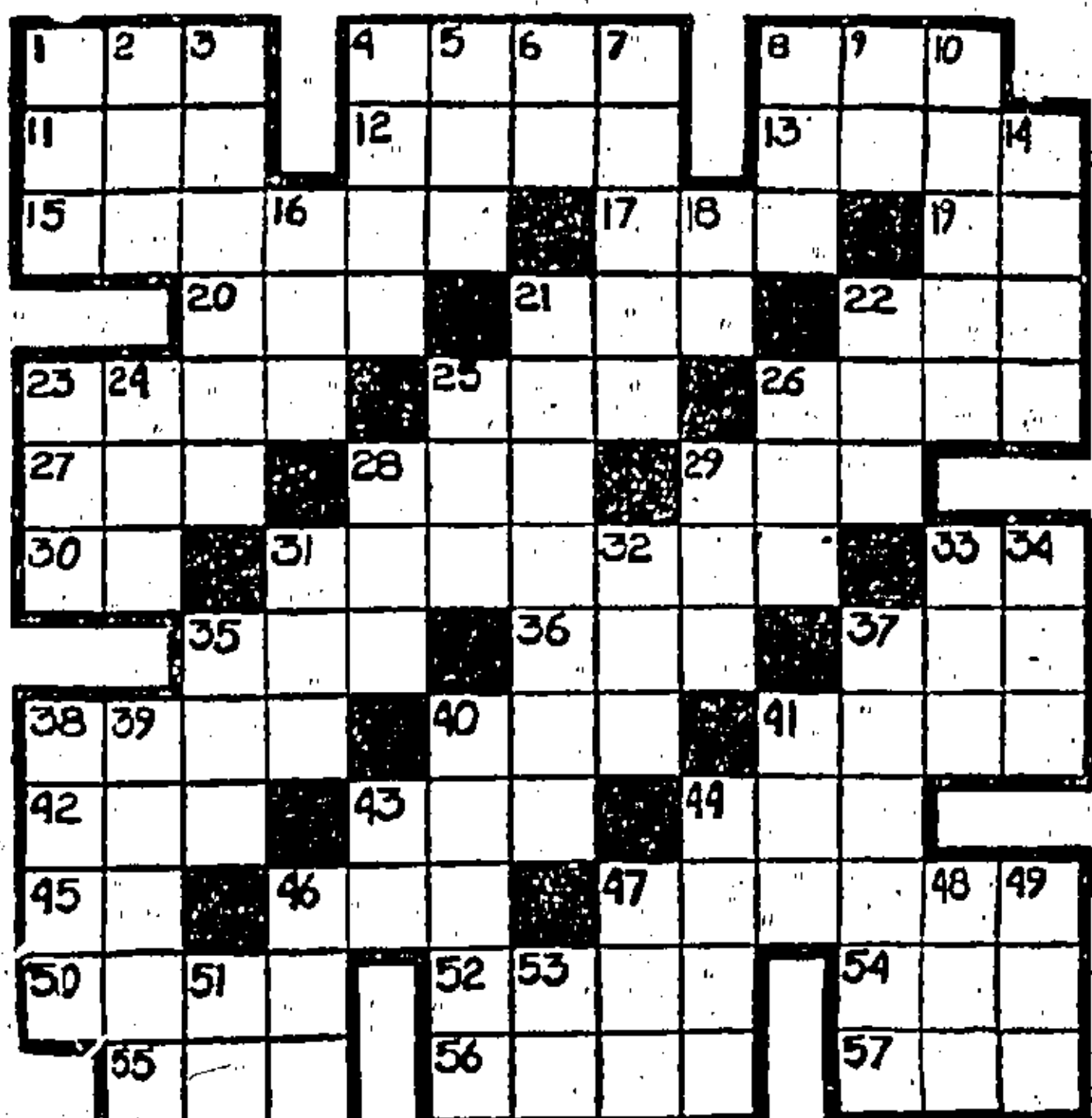
A schoolmistress was conducting an examination in mathematics. Turning to a bright-eyed Scot of six, she asked, suddenly: "Johnny, what's three times eight?"

"Like lightning came the reply. "Twenty-four."

"Very good, Johnny, very good indeed," said the teacher.

"Very good?" said Johnny, contemptuously. "Dammit, it's perfect!"

CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



Horizontal.

- 1.—Equality.
- 4.—Precise.
- 8.—Dance step.
- 11.—Mineral.
- 12.—To alleviate.
- 13.—Burden.
- 15.—A Chinese skill.
- 17.—A toy.
- 18.—Prefix; again.
- 20.—Paddle.
- 21.—Writing implement.
- 22.—An insect.
- 23.—Compassion.
- 25.—Conflict.
- 26.—Flying creature.
- 27.—Flying hero.
- 28.—To suit.
- 29.—A fruit.
- 30.—Pronoun.
- 31.—Fought.
- 32.—Italian river.
- 33.—Dog.
- 34.—Electrified particle.
- 37.—Small mass.
- 38.—A vegetable.
- 40.—Complete collection.
- 41.—Healthy.
- 42.—Antique.
- 43.—Possessive pronoun.
- 44.—Inflammable fluid.
- 45.—To depart.
- 46.—Devoured.
- 47.—To hurry.
- 50.—To twirl.
- 52.—Small particle.
- 54.—Before.
- 55.—Finish.
- 56.—Small particle.
- 57.—A bird.

Vertical.

- 1.—A vessel.
- 2.—A constellation.
- 3.—Distant.
- 4.—A fruit.
- 5.—Went speedily.
- 6.—Exits.
- 7.—Measuring device.
- 8.—A soft drink.
- 9.—Article.
- 10.—More certain.
- 14.—To sow.

- 16.—Recompense.
- 18.—Upon.
- 21.—Small pastries.
- 22.—Large.
- 23.—Foot.
- 24.—To cool.
- 25.—Cleverness.
- 26.—Offer.
- 28.—Distant.
- 29.—Marsh.
- 31.—Biscuit.
- 32.—Portion.
- 33.—Chum.
- 34.—Poem.
- 35.—Unprincipled person.
- 37.—Spent foolishly.
- 38.—Swamps.
- 39.—To run away.
- 40.—To boil.
- 41.—Possesses.
- 43.—Pronoun.
- 44.—Courageous.
- 46.—Conjunction.
- 47.—Very warm.
- 48.—Age.
- 49.—Modern.
- 51.—Within.
- 53.—Toward.

This puzzle took 23 minutes to solve. She how long it will take you to solve it.

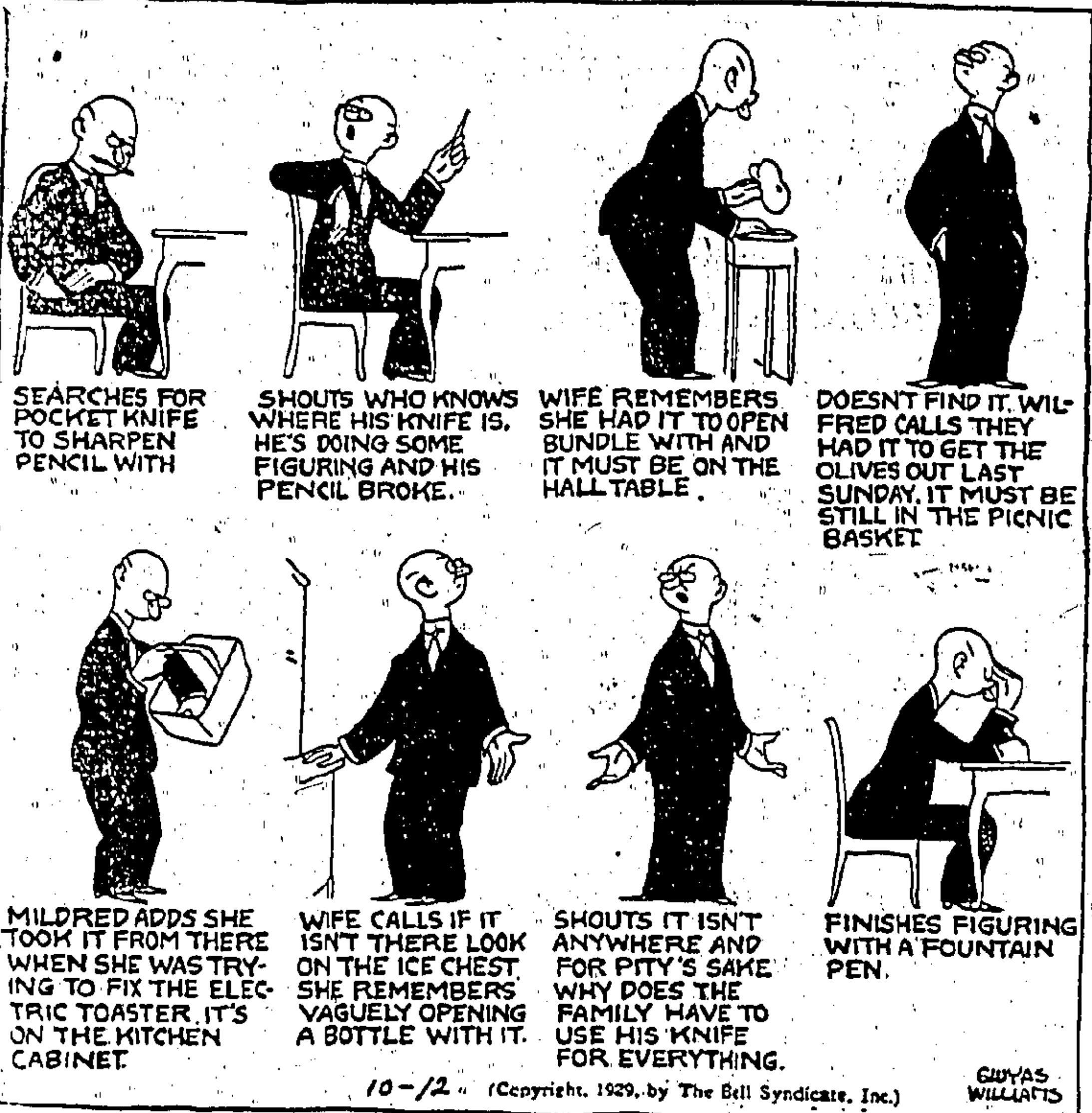
YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION.

No. 1492

S	L	E	D	G	O	B	O	D	O	R
L	A	V	E	A	R	A	F	I	N	E
A	M	E	N	D	S	D	E	F	A	C
R	E	N	S	E	P	A	L	E	D	
T	E	N	T	S	O	L	E			
H	A	S	R	O	P	E	S	D	O	E
A	N	D	I	N						
W	A	S	O	A	S	E	D	E	N	
C	R	A	T	E						
R	O	F	O	R	N	D				
O	M	E	N	A	N	G	A	T	E	
W	E	D	S	M	E	R	E	L	A	N

THE FAMILY ALBUM—THE POCKET KNIFE

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



SPORT AND ATHLETICS.

PLAYERS SENT OFF AT KEIGHTLEY.

A much altered Australian team defeated Keightley, after a vigorous struggle, by three goals, three tries (15 points) to three goals, one try (9 points). Sellars made his first appearance for the tourists, while the home side played Midgeley for Winstanley at half-back.

The Australians had sufficient opportunities in the first half to establish a commanding lead, but splendid attacking movements failed to materialize because of faulty finishing. Once Sellars had the way clear, but missed an easy pass. A fine defence restricted the successes of the visitors to two penalty goals by Weissell in the opening half, while Kendall kicked a similar goal for Keightley.

The home side made a stubborn fight after the change over, and drew level with another goal by Kendall but the greater opportunity of the Australians won the day. Weissell completed a fine afternoon's work with a further goal, and tries were scored by Upton, Holmes, and Sellars. Kendall kicked a goal for the home side and Burton gained a try.

Hanson, of Keightley, and Edwards, of the Australians, were sent off in the closing stages.

TABLE TENNIS TITLES.

The table tennis championships of the world will be decided in Berlin from January 21 to January 26. Hungary will defend the Swaythling cup in the team championship, and there will be six other events.

PLAYER'S AGGREGATE OF 1,000 WICKETS.

Charles Potter, of the Morris House (Westminster) Cricket Club, has, by taking 100 wickets in the season just ended, reached a total of 1,007 wickets in nine seasons. His best performances this year were eight for 33 v. Hoddeston Town, seven for 8 v. Datchet, six for 26 v. Windsor and Eton, and nine for 11 v. R.A.F. Uxbridge, and the hat trick against both Ickenham and Eastcote.

JOYCE COOPER BREAKS A RECORD.

Miss Joyce Cooper (Mermaid S.C.) retained the 150 yards Southern Counties women's backstroke championship in 2mins. at Lambeth Baths. Miss Phyllis Harding (Croydon) was second in 2mins. 1.4secs., and Miss Ivy Clifford (Hammer Smith) third in 2mins. 10.1secs.

Both Miss Cooper and Miss Harding finished within the Southern Counties' record time of 2mins. 2.3secs., made at the same bath last year. Miss Cooper's time is only 2.4secs. outside the English record.

JACK BERG WINS AGAIN.

Jack Berg, the British boxer, won a clearcut ten-rounds decision over Phil McGraw, the Detroit lightweight at the Saint Nicholas ring, New York. Berg outpointed his opponent throughout, and inflicted much punishment. McGraw subsequently announced his decision to retire from the ring.

GERMAN AND ENGLISHMAN ORDERED OUT OF WATER.

The second meeting of English and German swimmers produced some exciting swimming and water polo at Pitfield-street Baths, London. Germany confirmed their victory of Thursday by winning the 800 yards team race by seven seconds, in 8mins. 31.3secs., and England won the water polo game by 1-0.

The water polo match was remarkable for the strenuous nature of the play. Several of the players had their costumes torn off and two of the contestants, J. Budd, of England, and F. Dewitz, of Germany, were ordered out of the water.

England missed chances early in the game, and the game was of a scrambling nature till the interval, which was reached without any score. Early in the second half Dewitz was ordered out, and soon afterwards two corners were forced by England, who, however, failed to score.

It seemed that Budd was fouled by one of the German players and there was some surprise when the Englishman was told to leave the water.

Temme was fouled shortly afterwards, and from the free-throw Eycock scored from close in. Sutton scored a second goal for England, but the point was disallowed.

JOHNNY HILL'S FUNERAL.

Johnny Hill, the British fly-weight boxing champion, who died suddenly last month, was buried at Strathmiglo, Fifeshire.

THE WOMAN'S CORNER.

NOT SO MUCH SOPHISTRY, PLEASE!

BY A BACHELOR.

We were watching extremely amusing antics of a child of four at a party the other day. There she was, at her age, ingeniously flirting with all the men, asking the most embarrassing questions, kissing indiscriminately, but as she is the sweetest little thing you ever saw, nobody minded, except her mother, who was horrified at such depravity on the part of her offspring.

The fortyish woman on my right said (a little sadly, I thought): "You would never have thought that Molly was like that, would you?"

I glanced at her very beautiful, extremely sophisticated daughter, of twenty-one or so, and could find no trace of ingenious charm in her. "Yet when we were on board ship and she was a little girl, I always found her surrounded by three or four young men to whom she would put the most embarrassing questions, such as 'Are you married?' and 'How many children?' 'Where are you going?' 'Where do you come from?'"

"How delightful!" I answered. "What a pity she doesn't do it now!"

"Yes, the modern girl is too sophisticated," she answered. And so she is.

The girls one meets at dances and dinner parties and supper parties are usually so bored by everything. A smile rarely crosses their faces. They have seen everything before, done everything before—and they always want to be somewhere else. You might expect them to be able to talk about art, or music, or literature, or politics—they have the leisure in which to cultivate them—but if you try to steer the topic on to these lines you are soon up against a blank wall.

"Somehow I don't think girls have as good a time as I had when I was young," said the gracious mother on my right. "Somehow I don't think they do," I agreed.

TAR STAINS.

The removal of tar stains from coloured fabrics is a problem which is not encountered in the home only, for it is frequently met with in large bleaching and dyeing works where cotton and artificial silk goods are marked by means of tar. Removal of the tar is there carried out by the following simple but entirely satisfactory method. The stain is placed upon a piece of absorbent material, such as blotting paper, and spotted with one or two drops of benzine. It is then covered with another piece of blotting paper and pressed with a hot iron.

By one or two such treatments the tar dissolves in the warm benzine and becomes completely transferred (Continued at foot of next column).

"FADELESS" COLOUR PROBLEMS.

One often meets the statement that there are no "fadeless" colours. Quite probably this is true, for eternity is a very long time. And anyway, fabrics do not last for ever. And after a few years or a few decades one is likely to get tired of the old furniture covering the same window draperies.

There does arise the question of what can be expected in "fadeless" fabrics. It is reasonable to ask that the term "fadeless" shall be applied only to colours of the highest degree of fastness, and that the vendor shall accept a considerable responsibility when he uses such a description.

There is another point. Dyeings can be secured which are of excellent fastness to sunlight, but which lose colour seriously even with careful washing. Where a term so emphatic as "fadeless" is used, the colour should be of the highest possible resistance to all factors which may affect it; not only fast to sunlight, but also to weathering—the effect of rain and air-boiling wash, and hot ironing.

It is possible to dye cloths so that they will meet this specification in all ordinary cases.

to the blotting paper. This method has the advantages that it can be used for all types of fabrics, and that it does not cause the colour of the fabric to run.

S
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AL JOLSON
The Singing Fool
with BETTY BROOKS and JOSEPHINE DUNN
Singing LARRY BROWN

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At 9.20 ... \$2.00, \$1.50, \$1.00, 80 cts.

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At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.

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Saturday and Sunday, Nov. 9th and 10th

IN ORDER TO GIVE THE
KIDDIES A CHANCE A SPECIAL
MATINEE WILL BE GIVEN ON
SUNDAY AT 5.15 P.M.—SEND THE
KIDDIES

Booking at Moutrie's and Star. Prices: \$3, \$2, \$1.

WOMAN WORKS FOR 6s. A WEEK.

EIGHT HOURS A DAY AT
A KNITTING MACHINE.

"This is sweated labour, and I have no doubt that it was the cause of this woman taking her life," said the Brighton coroner recently, in commenting on the death of Miss Dorothea Earwood, aged forty-four, a Brighton woman, who was found dead in her room from gas poisoning.

Miss Nellie Gertrude Walker stated that Miss Earwood had worried about her health. She had attempted to earn her living by knitting socks with a knitting machine for which she paid £10. She was paid 2½d. or 3d. for each pair of socks, and she would have to work eight hours a day to earn 6s. a week. If the socks were not perfectly made they would be returned to her.

Miss Earwood left a note for Miss Walker which contained the following message: "I leave only 1s. 2d., and will you accept my machine and 12lbs. of wool to defray the cost of my burial? I have only had the machine a few weeks and it cost me £10"

(Continued at foot of next column.)

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Singers,
Athletes
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& Druggists
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SHANGHAI.

A verdict of "Suicide while of unsound mind" was returned.

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Obviously Scotch

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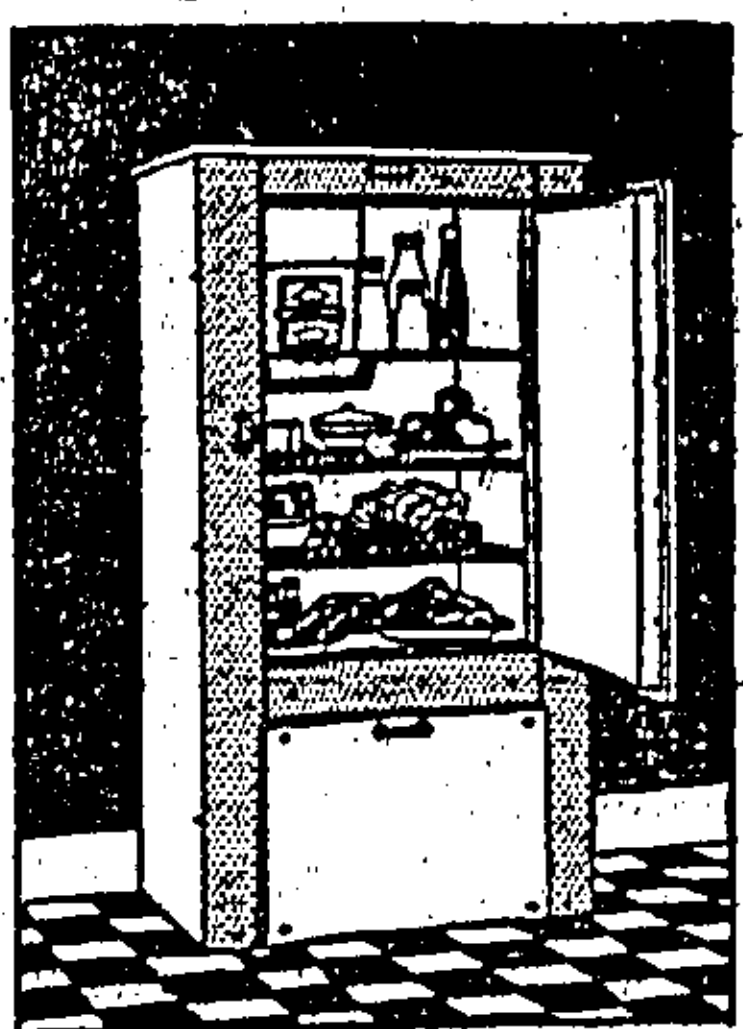
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DREAMS AND THEIR INTERPRETATION.

BROADCAST LECTURE BY DR. ALEXANDER CANNON.

HOW A KNOWLEDGE OF DREAMS MAY SOLVE REAL LIFE PROBLEMS.

SYMBOLIC PICTURE OF AN UNCONSCIOUS WISH.

Dr. Alexander Cannon, the medical officer in charge of the Prisons of the Colony, broadcast last night a most interesting lecture upon the modern views of Dreams and their interpretation. Dr. Cannon, who is an expert on the mind, in health and in disease, explained how dreams may be an invaluable index to a person's health and abilities. The old belief in dreams, as a shadow of future events, as warnings and omens has passed, or rather been revised; but ancient magicians were wise in that they recognised dreams as a key to knowledge, even if they were not always correct as to the nature of that knowledge.

The idea that a dream is an unconscious wish may come as a surprise, but those whose interest is aroused by Dr. Cannon's address will no doubt further their investigations by dipping into the strange and fascinating works of Dr. Freud, the originator of the theory.

DREAMS THE SOURCE OF GREAT THINGS.

To-day we come to the study of one of the most fascinating subjects which has ever been penned: Dreams and Their Interpretation. John Bunyan was a dreamer, and out of his dreams has been interpreted the immortal "Pilgrim's Progress." "I woke," says Bunyan, "and behold, it was a dream." Many kings have been great dreamers, and dreams have unconsciously been responsible for some of the greatest things the World has ever known. Legends and fairy tales have been traced back to dreams which reveal the state of the unconscious mind, which without our knowledge or consent is influencing our whole outlook on daily life.

Mental Material which has been repressed by an individual spends its energy in attempting to manifest itself in his consciousness in some form which he will not recognise, and will therefore tolerate. The devices by which it may be said to hoodwink the repressing power or "censure" of the individual are almost incredibly ingenious. Even in the everyday life of normal persons delightful instances are constantly to be met with in which the unconscious scores off the conscious mind, with all the odds against it, and it has been said that all slips of the tongue and pen, and even most trivial unusual actions and eccentricities, are instances of this.

Symbolism in Real Life.

In approaching the wonderful study of Dreams, we must consider the strongest and certainly the most fascinating card that the repressed material has to play in its effort to manifest itself, namely that of Symbolism. The whole question of symbolism is one of great complexity, into which it will not be necessary in my discourse to go into completely. It has often been pointed out that it is characteristic of the average human mind to think and speak in pictures and symbols rather than in actual thoughts and groups of ideas which these symbols represent. Words themselves are, in one sense, nothing but symbols, and a moment's reflection will show what an enormous part of our speaking and thinking is carried out purely by the use of symbols. We meet an officer in uniform, and have conveyed to us the ideas that he is a Captain and that he is also a doctor, and that he has served four years on active service, and that he was singled out for special recognition and awarded a decoration known as the Victoria Cross. We come by all this information, not because he carries a placard announcing these facts, but because he carries a few pence worth of metal and ribbons arranged in certain ways; things intrinsically worthless, which have ideas attached to them, in other words symbols. We speak of fighting for the flag, and it need hardly be pointed out that no sane man would shed his blood for a piece of coloured cloth, unless it were the accepted representative in his mind of ideas for which he was prepared to die. Many of the things we prize most dearly have their worth, not in themselves, but in the ideas for which they stand. A rose is the concrete representation of a noble sentiment to cover the earth; a plain gold ring, and a plain wooden cross stand for ideas which volumes cannot fully express.

In the using of symbols, and the performing of symbolic acts, it is essential that all the parties concerned should know what the symbols stand for, and that it should stand for the same thing for everybody. When one removes one's hat when passing a lady, one assumes that she has been trained, as the rest of us have, to regard that strange and irrational act as a symbolic one representing ideas

of courtesy and respect. Had she not been trained she would regard the proceeding as distinctly eccentric, much as we would regard the action of any one who proceeded to take off his boots before entering a place of worship—an action which would be considered perfectly right and proper in India. Symbols mean nothing, and, in fact, cease to be regarded as symbols until one knows the key. The same symbol, however, may convey utterly different meanings to different people, or even the same person at different times and in different environments.

A Dream an Unconscious Wish?

In everyday life, this symbolising process has limits in sane people. The less normal he is, the more will utterly strange and foreign matters tend to reach consciousness in this way, but so long as he retains a reasonable grip on reality the process is limited. When does the normal person lose grip on reality? Obviously when he is asleep. If, therefore, the dream is a repressed complex and repressing force continues during sleep, which happens to be the case, surely sleep would be an ideal time for a complex to make a special effort to express itself, for the good reason that consciousness is now so dim, so vague, so deprived of its highest functions, such as those of criticism and judgment, that it will accept almost anything which can evade the still active censure, no matter how absurd, grotesque, and opposed to reality its disguise may be. Such a special effort is made, and the result is a Dream. A dream is a symbolic picture of the realisation of an unconscious wish: it represents the free expression of an instinctive tendency which has been subjected to repression. It represents it in a disguised and symbolised form because repression has to be circumvented and sleep has to be preserved. The repression will pass nothing which the dreamer would recognise in its true colours, and which startle him into wakefulness. It is obvious, too, that a symbolised and pictured presentation of the idea is demanded by the circumstances of the case. There are no normal values, comparisons, alternatives, which can be estimated and considered; there are no "ifs," "buts," "althoughs," "either," "ors," in a dream. The whole thing is bound to be dramatised: picture writing pure and simple.

Psychology of a Cartoon.

One must begin to attempt to analyse his own dreams and those of others. The subject is as difficult as it is fascinating, but it should be noted that, especially after a certain amount of ability and experience have been gained, it is unwise to analyse the dreams of one's friends unless the matter is fully understood to be one of thorough scientific or medical treatment. There are two golden rules which will greatly assist you, if they are constantly kept in mind. The first is to remember that the dream is an idea expressed in a picture. Take pencil and paper, and endeavour by a drawing, or a series of drawings, to express some given idea, and you will realise something of the limitations and difficulties which it involves. The nearest approach to it is the cartoon. Take an example from *Punch*. The President of the United States is depicted as an Indian brave sitting outside the council tent and filling a large pipe from a tin of tobacco. At the first glance such a picture would seem to many to be quite meaningless, and even grotesque. The President of the United States is not an Indian brave, and may very possibly be a nonsmoker. Such comments are precisely parallel to those one frequently hears made by persons who can see no sense in their dreams.

They never had a costume of the kind the dream depicts; they could not possibly leap through windows, or fall down precipices in the way their dream makes them do, and so on. On looking a little further at the apparently insignificant details of the cartoon, however, we find that the council tent is ornamented on the outside by pictures of an eagle in a certain attitude, and a dove with a leaf in its mouth, also that the label of the tobacco tin describes it as the "All-round Navy Cut," and that the trademark consists of the two globes or spheres united by a connection band. In studying the cartoon we realise that it is upon these details that its meaning depends. The fact that the President is in a costume and situation quite inconsistent with reality does not distress us, although it is, to the superficial glance by far the most striking part of the picture, and at once proceed to consider what the symbolic meaning, if any, the above details may have.

The dove with the leaf in its mouth instantly and inevitably suggests the idea of Peace. The posturing eagle at once suggests the idea of America, and the legend on the label, "All-round Navy Cut," becomes an obvious Double Entendre which has a meaning far removed from tobacco. Returning now to the central figure, with these other symbols interpreted, it is a natural consequence that the picture of an Indian brave filling a large pipe of peculiar appearance should suggest the "pipe of peace." The idea of the cartoon, then, as distinguished from its superficial appearance, has to do with America, with a concave or council of some kind, with peace, and with an all-round naval "cut" or diminution. At this stage our ordinary knowledge of affairs makes it clear that the cartoon is concerned with the Washington Conference.

Importance of Details.

This illustration shows us the extraordinary importance of apparently minor details, the frequent comparative insignificance of what may seem to be the striking points in the picture, and the fact that, as one proceeds from detail to detail, the significance of the points which were at first obscure often become suddenly apparent. The illustration may also be used to bring out the second of the golden rules mentioned, namely, to remember always the difference between objective reality and psychological reality. A Red Indian is an essential part of the cartoon, but had one had this picture described to one as a dream, and assumed that the central figure must represent a "real" man, and that the dream was about a Red Indian, one might have spent a very long time in an unsuccessful attempt to elucidate the dream by inviting the dreamer to recall a Red Indian of his acquaintance.

The dream may be regarded as having a framework on which it moulds itself into the shape, in which the dreamer's experiences and relates it. The framework is the "manifest content," and it is the central idea which is called its "latent content," and the latter is the idea, tendency, or wish which the dreamer's unconscious mind is striving to express.

Now, then, when the incidence of the wish happens to arise during sleep, there may be very little distortion. A man who has eaten a supper of sardines, salt herring of something of the kind, dreams that he is at a soda fountain, drinking draught after draught of thirst-quenching fluid. Finally he awakes to find that he is very thirsty. The two main functions of a dream are here most beautifully illustrated and combined. The wish is gratified and sleep is preserved until the organic sensation becomes too strong.

Finally, we come to the study of Dream Analysis.

We have already seen that the dream consists of a manifest and a latent content, and that the former is a distorted and symbolised expression of the latter, which is an unconscious wish in the explained sense of the word. The dream may thus be regarded as yet another instance of compromise between repressed material and repressing force. On the other hand, sleep is preserved and an unacceptable idea is repressed into consciousness, while on the other hand the unacceptable idea or "wish" succeeds in entering consciousness unrecognized and proceeds to realise itself in a sensory picture of its immediate gratification.

The means by which the repressing force or "dream censorship" deals with the dream ideas and prevents their true nature and significance from becoming apparent to consciousness are known as "distorting mechanisms" and are usually described under four heads, namely, 1. Condensation, 2. Dramatisation, 3. Displacement, 4. Secondary Elaboration.

Time does not permit me to describe these mechanisms.

Dr. Freud's Theories.

The dream, according to Freud, arises from some of the activities and interests of the day preceding it, and from memories, wishes, and experiences associated therewith. These "day remnants" would be elements threatening disturbance of sleep, and in using them the dream shows itself to be the guardian of sleep. In every case this is a mere covering for the central "wish" of the dream, and that this "wish" is a product of the true unconscious mind—something instinctive, infantile, repressed, and almost certainly sexual. This central "wish" expresses itself by means of a symbol which, being unintelligible to the dreamer's consciousness, is "passed through," as it were, into the dream without further distortion. It is disguised already, because symbolism is the language—the only language—of the true unconscious. The symbols it uses, moreover, were not acquired or learned, still less are they the choice of the individual and explainable by his personal experiences and associations. They are the birthright of the unconscious, derived from a time when the human race was very young, and their key is only to be found from a knowledge of primitive peoples and languages, fairy tales, legends, and myths. Dream analysis proceeds by taking the items of the manifest content in succession, as starting points for free association by the patient in the manner described. By this means the work of the distortion mechanisms is soon made clear, and a remarkable amount of psychic material is unfolded. No amount of association on the dreamer's part will lead him to an understanding of the symbols in his dream, which are the chief clue to its central wish. As a practical point it may be stated that it tends to involve all but the very experienced in hopeless confusion between objective and psychological reality in their attempts to decide whether any given element in a dream is a symbol in the above sense or not.

Hence, dream analysis on the above lines, when complete, lays bare the repressed unconscious "wish" which is the central point, and that is all. It thus is an aid to the exploration of patient's true unconsciousness; it helps to discover his infantile tendencies.

The Dream and the Present Problems.

The dream may deal with the present problems of the dreamer, and offers a statement of these from the point of view of the unconscious, and sometimes even an attempt to solve them. This statement is disguised, not because its content is necessary unacceptable, but because the language of the unconscious, namely picture and symbol, has long been superseded by the conscious mind and is not now understood by it until it is interpreted. The interpretation is "subjective" in method, the incidents and characters in the dreams all being regarded as some aspect of the dreamer himself, being his unconscious attitude to his psychological situation and current conflicts. Thus, I dream a dream: it appears that a certain piece of work which has baffled me is being successfully undertaken by my friend Professor—who has in reality nothing to do with it. Why is this Professor in my dream? What do I associate with him? What does he mean to me? What part or aspect of me does he stand for? I cannot even think of Professor—without recalling the self-confidence which I have admired in him ever since I first knew him. He is to me a living example of the power of self-reliance even when unaccompanied by great special gifts. Replace him in the dream by this quality of which I regarded him as representative or "symbol" of, and the contribution which this "subjective" interpretation has to make towards the solution of my problem becomes clear.

It will be found that some dreams are more easily treated "reductively" on the lines of Freud, while others can more readily be interpreted on the "constructive" lines of Jung.

The Book of Daniel (chapters 1-6) shows a very clear way how King Nebuchadnezzar had two very mystifying dreams, and how Daniel analysed these two wonderful dreams which have a very realistic meaning. Dreams which actually came true, of which there are many more examples in history, and in daily life.

You dream of a great future, and I can assure you that it is within your power to make those dreams come true. This is how you can do it: Whatever you are called upon to do should receive your wholehearted attention and interest, your maximum ability. Do it in such a way that those above you will take notice. You can compel them to notice you if only you have enough vigour and common sense. It depends upon you. To become dependent about your lot in life is to belittle yourself. To be determined on better things will surely bring its reward. In gauging your importance do not allow yourself to float in a sea of superlatives. (Continued at foot of next column)

ARMED ROBBERIES.

COMMERCIAL CLUB INMATES HELD UP.

A FORENOON VISIT.

Four men armed with revolvers took part in a robbery at the Tai Shan Commercial Club, 188, Des Voeux Road Central, second floor, opposite the World Theatre, yesterday, and got away with a haul of over \$2,000 mostly in jewellery. The men entered the place at 10.30 in the morning and holding up the five people present including the attendants, imprisoned them in a cubicle. Wong Yau Chiu, the secretary of the Club, then walked in, and he was promptly seized by the gang and locked in with the others, two armed men standing guard.

Wong was relieved of a diamond ring worth \$1,600 and a gold watch among other valuables. From the safe the robbers took over \$100 in money. They remained in the place for about two hours.

A deposit receipt issued by the Bank of Canton for \$5,000 in favour of a visitor named Li Shun was also taken by the robbers.

Rest-House Raided.

An earlier robbery, at 1 a.m., was reported from Chuk Yuen village in the Kowloon City district. Five men took part in the raid on the Tsoi Lung Tung rest-house, which was in charge of a Chinese widow. There were over twenty women sleeping there that night, and the gang ransacked their luggage for money and valuables.

The woman in charge was awakened by the barking of a dog. She saw the men in the passage way, and she was threatened with an iron bar and a scissor blade which they carried. The men had their faces masked with handkerchiefs and one had his face painted black.

Property worth \$167.60 was taken by the gang who spent more than half an hour in the place.

CORRESPONDENCE.

INDIANS AND MR. MACDONALD.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

SIR,—With reference to your item of news re the telegram Mr. G. P. Daswani despatched to the Prime Minister, may I ask:—

(a) Whether the said gentleman was authorised by the Indians of Hong Kong, let alone those of the Colonies, to send the message on their behalf?

(b) Or whether he was expressing the views of just one section of the community?

(c) Or, lastly, if he was just merely stating his personal views? If he was authorised by the Indian community as a whole to act as he did, there is nothing more to be said, but if he was merely voicing his own sentiments, or those of a few of his personal friends, he might have worded the cable accordingly.—Yours, etc.,

HONG KONG, Nov. 8.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA COVERED WITH SNOW.

WINTER'S REAL VISIT.

[United Press.]

Denver, October 30.—Winter paid a real visit to the Rocky Mountain region last night, leaving a general snow from Montana to New Mexico. Parts of Montana, Wyoming and Colorado have reported snow up to five inches deep while only the mountainous regions of New Mexico had snow.

egotism. Do not let your head swell. A proper estimate of one's self must include credit for retaining control. When you realise your own importance you will keep control of it, so that you may apply your power in a sensible and cool way. You are bigger than you think you are. Act up to this. Then as the years go by you will bring your "castles in the air" down to the reality of Mother Earth, and your dreams will be interpreted in a very realistic way. Indeed your dreams will then come true.

**ARMISTICE DAY.
OBSERVANCE.****IMPRESSIVE CEREMONIAL
AT THE CENOTAPH.****DETAILS OF ARRANGEMENTS.**

Very impressive ceremonial, in which H.E. the Governor will take the central part, is to mark the observance, at the Cenotaph, of the two minutes silence on Armistice Day. The senior officers of the Services, the Legislative Council, Heads of Departments, and Consular Body will be present and representatives will attend from the China Coast Officers' Guild, British Legion, Ex-Active Service Men's Association, Royal Marines Old Comrades' Association, Guards' Association, St. John Ambulance Brigade, Boy Scouts, Girl Guides, and Royal Antediluvian Order of Buffaloes. All "formed" bodies are to be in position by 10.45 a.m.

An R.A. battery will be drawn up on the Murray parade ground and the band of the Somerset Light Infantry will be in attendance.

Church parade dress will be worn by Army detachments and officers will not draw swords.

H.E. the Governor will arrive at 10.55 a.m. and take up a position opposite the flags on the Cenotaph.

H.E. the General Officer Commanding (Major-General Sandilands) will stand one pace behind the Governor, and two paces behind the G.O.C., will stand the Senior Air Officer, the G.S.O. 1, and the Commodore. Behind them will be the A.D.C.'s to the G.O.C. and Governor and the Commodore's Secretary. Others who will take positions opposite the flags on the Cenotaph will be the Hon. Members of the Executive and Legislative Councils.

The National Anthem will be played on His Excellency's arrival, followed by "Flowers of the Forest," played by three pipers of the H.K.V.D.C. The Last Post will then be sounded by the buglers of the Somerset Light Infantry, all officers saluting while it is played.

The Two Minutes Silence.

The beginning of the two minutes silence will be marked by the firing of a gun posted on Murray Parade ground and another gun will mark its termination.

The Reveille will then be sounded, and the whole company will join in singing "O God Our Help in Ages Past."

Wreaths will be laid on the Cenotaph by the following order:—By H.E. the Governor, H.E. the G.O.C., the Commodore, the Senior Air Officer, and the representatives of foreign Navies, if they so desire.

The playing of the National Anthem as His Excellency leaves will bring the ceremony to a close.

"POPPY DAY."

They shall not grow old as we who are left grow old; age shall not weary them, nor the passing of years condemn. At the going down of the Sun and in the morning we will remember them.

The Sub-Committee of the local British Legion are again organising the Poppy Fund collections on the 11th instant, and it is hoped that Hong Kong's reputation for generosity will be not only sustained on that day but considerably enhanced.

The real service which the Legion renders is in the putting of men on their feet when they are nearly beaten, finding them employment, saving their self-respect, giving them advice and fighting their claims for them, caring for the tubercular and the nervous wrecks, helping to educate the orphan children, looking after widows' pensions, keeping homes together and hearts from utterly sinking.

Above all, it carries a message to those who cannot help themselves—a message which says definitely and clearly that the nation does not forget that the nation—the millions of people who have their own troubles and their own problems to face—realises that it is a privilege to join in the raising of an imposing fund for the helping of those who need help with so dire a need. Let us buy great bouquets of poppies this year, or pay more than we can afford for one small poppy, because whatever we pay we are still in debt to the men who died—and to their comrades who still live with those memories in their minds and souls.

**SKIRMISHING
STARTS.****IRONSIDES AND KWANG-
TUNG ARMIES.****NUMBERS AND EQUIPMENT
FAVOUR SOUTHERNERS.**

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, Nov. 6.

Reports coming to hand state that the "Ironsides," over 30,000 strong, are approaching the outskirts of Liuchow and Kweilin, and that sharp skirmishes are already taking place between the opposing forces. The "Ironsides" are said to be well armed and equipped and to have emerged practically unscathed from the ordeal of their long journey through Hunan and part of Hupeh and Kweichow. Heavy fighting is expected to-day or to-morrow on the Liuchow-Kweilin sector, and reports state that the Higher Command, with Headquarters at Wuchow, has already launched a general attack on the "Ironsides." The general idea is that if the "Ironsides" succeed in taking Kweilin and Liuchow they will then advance on Wuchow. From there they will aim at Canton, probably via the Little North River as well as by the West River.

THE SOUTHERN FORCES.

The combined Kwangtung-Kwangsi Army opposing Chang Fat Fui, numbers about 60,000 men. They have also the support of a small but quite "efficient" air force, with three bombing machines, and a strong flotilla of gunboats and light cruisers under Admiral Chen Chak, a proved and determined leader. They have also the advantage of supplies from the Shekcheng Arsenal. The "Ironsides" have neither planes, nor gunboats, but observers are unanimous as to their excellent discipline and fighting qualities.

CANTON AND THE WAR.

Troops and supplies are still being moved from Canton to the war area, and practically every junk in the harbour has been seized by the military. Launches are in particular demand and even the ferry boats at Canton have been pressed into service. Junk traffic between Canton and the interior has almost stopped, and owners are in some cases advising their craft not to return to the capital for fear of their being commandeered.

Generals Chen Ming Shu and Chen Tsai Tong are still at Wuchow directing the military movements and General Li Yang King, commander of the 3rd Division, who was left in charge in Canton, has gone to Wuchow for a conference with his senior officers. Canton is quiet but martial law is rigidly enforced. The streets are specially patrolled, and suspicious looking pedestrians are stopped, searched and questioned. All the Government buildings are guarded at night. The sharpest lookout is kept on newcomers, hotels and lodging houses being constantly searched. Great precautions are also being taken by the Water Police on the River.

**KWANGSI "REBELS" AGAIN
ACTIVE.****3,000 TO 4,000 MEN ON THE
MOVE.**

Taking advantage of the "Ironsides" advance, the remnants of the Kwangsi insurgents under Yu Tsok Pak and Li Ming Shui have again become active. It is estimated that their number is between three and four thousand and they are scattered between Lungchow, Foshan, Siyan and Wuming. Recently bandits have joined them in large numbers and they are preparing to advance northward to join the "Ironsides."

It is reported that Yu Tsok Pak and Li Ming Shui have returned to Kwangsi secretly. General Wong Kuen has been sent against them.

**'PLANE CRASHES AT
WUCHOW.**

(Wah Tai Yat Pao.)

CANTON, Nov. 6.

Military Headquarters have received a wire from General Chen Tsai Tong in Wuchow that the aeroplane "Golden Sled" crashed at Wuchow yesterday and Liu Pei Chuan, the Yunnan flyer, was injured.

**BRITISH PROPERTY
AT SWATOW.****MUNICIPALITY WANT IT
BACK.****THREE-YEAR-OLD DISPUTE
OVER PRICE.**

The Canton Gazette gives the following account of a current dispute between two British firms and the Swatow Municipality. We reprint it, especially for those interested in the question of "extrajurisdiction."

In carrying out the reclamation schemes of the port, the Swatow Municipality has been engaged in a lengthy dispute with two British firms for an adjustment in connection with the reclamation of certain property belonging to the firms.

The matter which has prolonged the dispute is the price of the property and at several times the Municipality of Swatow nearly auctioned off the land without paying attention to the said companies.

The two British firms involved are Bradley & Co., and Jardine, Matheson & Co. both of whom own the property and are unwilling to accept the price offered by the Municipality.

Three Year Old Dispute.

The land measures about 1,400 ching and is valued at about \$200,000. The dispute has been going on for the last three years and the case was referred to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs which recently ordered the postponement of an auction of the land.

A week ago, the Swatow Municipality had set another date for the auction much to the alarm of the British firms who petitioned the British Consul at Shameen to approach the Kwangtung Commissioner for Foreign Affairs to seek some adjustment.

Through the services of Mr. Tao Li Chien, the Commissioner for Foreign Affairs, the Provincial Government has cabled to the Swatow Municipality instructing the authorities to postpone the action pending the arrival of special delegates from Canton.

Efforts at Settlement.

In addition, the Provincial Government has ordered the Department of Reconstruction and the Kwangtung Foreign Office to settle the case. In compliance with the order of the Provincial Government, the mentioned offices have each appointed a representative to go to Swatow. Mr. H. Lin Cheng will represent the Foreign Office and the Reconstruction Office will be represented by Mr. Chan Kwan King.

It is learned that both the officers will leave for Swatow within this week and it is hoped that they will settle the long dispute to the satisfaction of both parties.

This is one of the many cases which demonstrate China's fairness and consideration toward her foreign residents in spite of all the things they say against the Chinese, for otherwise the Swatow Municipality could have auctioned off the land in question.

**SMOKE NUISANCE AT
KOWLOON.****FACTORY MANAGER
SUMMONED**

The manager of a factory at 10, Ki Lung Street, Shum Shui Po, was summoned before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at Kowloon Magistrate yesterday for failing to abate a smoke nuisance.

The prosecuting officer told the Magistrate that the factory was warned, and a slight improvement by lengthening the chimney was made, but there was still room for complaint. He considered the nuisance due to careless stocking. The factories were allowed five minutes of black smoke every hour, but during the three hours that witness observed the defendant's factory, black smoke was emitted for 10, 11 and 14 minutes respectively.

The Magistrate remarked that several chimneys were smoking very badly near Observatory Hill where his Worship lived.

His Worship suggested that a practical engineer should inspect the factory and see how the nuisance could be abated.

The summons was adjourned for two weeks.

ROUND THE COURTS.**SELLING RADIO PARTS.**

Mr. A. W. G. H. Grantham imposed a fine of \$5 yesterday on Chung Yuen Hang who was summoned for selling radio parts without a licence.

The Postmaster-General (Mr. N. L. Smith) who prosecuted said that the licence fee was only \$5 a year and was merely designed to keep track of wireless parts that were being sold in the Colony.

A representative of the Post Office went to the defendant's shop at 71, Des Voeux Road Central, and endeavoured to buy some parts, but the defendant while doing business, refused to give a receipt, probably sensing that something was wrong. Another man made a purchase at the same time, but here again no receipt was given.

NOISY DOGS.

A summons was brought yesterday against the manager of N.Y.K., Mr. Kinoshita, who lives at "The First" Magazine Gap Road, in respect of "a nuisance created by the barking of dogs belonging to him."

Mr. P. P. J. Wodehouse, C.I.E., who prosecuted, stated that representations had been made to the Japanese Consul to ask the manager of the N.Y.K. to abate the nuisance, but there had been no improvement and these proceedings had been taken.

"The whole trouble is that these dogs are kept tied up day and night," said Mr. Wodehouse, who added that he thought the noise would cease if the dogs were allowed a certain amount of liberty. He was informed that the early morning about 4 o'clock was the worst time for the neighbours on account of this noise.

A fine of \$10 was imposed.

FORGED BANKNOTES?

A Chinese was brought before Mr. A. W. G. H. Grantham yesterday on a charge of possession of and uttering forged banknotes.

The Police informed the Bench that they intended to make further inquiries into the case and applied for a week's remand which was granted.

It appears that a Chinese firm received six \$100 notes on one of the local banks, and that they later discovered that the notes were counterfeit. They communicated with the Police who arrested the defendant after making inquiries.

KOWLOON CASES.**MUI TSAI OR ADOPTED
DAUGHTER?**

A Chinese woman living at 16, Balkeley Street, was before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith for unlawfully having in her employment a *mui tsai* under the age of 12 years. The woman claimed that the girl was her adopted daughter.

An officer from the S.C.A. told the Magistrate that he was representing Mr. H. R. Butters of the S.C.A., who was to have prosecuted, but could not be present owing to illness.

The case was adjourned for a week.

HARBOURING.

Another case against a young Chinese who was charged with kidnapping and harbouring a girl of 16, was also mentioned before Mr. Whyte Smith, but owing to the illness of Mr. Butters, the hearing was adjourned until December 12.

**HEAVY FINE FOR DAMAGING
TREES.**

A Chinese was convicted by Mr. Whyte Smith of possession of 100 pounds of wood reasonably suspected of having been cut from the Government plantations, and a fine of \$50 or one month's hard labour was imposed.

TOO BUSY!

A Chinese building contractor who was summoned for failing to comply with an order requiring him to abate a mosquito nuisance, told Mr. Whyte Smith that his firm had been very busy and had had no time to comply with the notice!

It was stated that the notice was served on October 24 but the mosquito larvae were not cleared for two days.

His Worship: You see the mosquitoes were too busy. They were breeding all the time.

A fine of \$25 was imposed. (Continued on next column.)

**SALE OF A MOTOR
TRUCK.****DISPUTE BETWEEN SELLER
AND PURCHASER.****CLAIMS IN SUMMARY COURT.**

A point as to whether there had been breach of warranty or breach of condition in regard to the sale of a second-hand G.M.C. motor truck arose in a Summary Court action before the Paines Judge (Mr. Justice Wood) yesterday.

Plaintiffs, the Tai Yau Motor Car Company, of Causeway Bay, alleged in their writ that the defendants, the Yuen Tai firm, of Wing Lok Street, agreed to purchase the truck for \$1,150 and take delivery on May 22, 1929, but that they failed to do so. They therefore claimed \$950, being balance due after deducting \$200 paid as deposit.

Counter-Claim by Defendant.

Defendants denied liability and counter-claimed for \$200 paid, as deposit and an additional \$300 as damages for breach of contract. The counter-claim stated that by an agreement, dated March 18 it was a condition of the sale and purchase that the truck should be in good running order, and condition, and be capable of carrying a load of two tons. The truck was delivered on May 22, but it had to be returned the following day for it to be put in good running order, and condition. A notice was subsequently sent, but the plaintiffs had failed to deliver the truck.

Mr. A. E. Hall represented the plaintiff company, and Mr. D. L. Strellett (of Messrs. Geo. K. Hall, Brutton & Co.) appeared for the defendants.

Mr. Hall said that the only issue in the counter-claim was that he disputed the statement that the truck was not in good running order and condition.

Evidence of the Plaintiff.

In the witness-box, the proprietor of the plaintiff company, said that the conditions were fulfilled when he delivered the truck. The truck was tested by the Traffic Department on May 22 and was capable of carrying a load of two tons, as stated in the licence which he produced. He delivered the truck the following day to a foki sent by the defendant firm, but it was brought back in the evening on the ground that something was wrong.

Cross-examined by Mr. Strellett, witness denied that at the time of the sale he knew that the truck was to be used by the defendant firm for conveying material for the widening of Barker Road. He also denied that he visited the matched of the contractors.

Breakdown During Test.

Witnesses called by the defendant firm stated that the truck broke down during a test up Stubbs Road with a load of one ton of sand. The material had to be unloaded on the roadside and the truck was taken back by the driver (in the employ of the plaintiff company) who promised to remedy the defect.

His Lordship held that the defendant firm had taken delivery of the truck, and if it was not what it was represented to be, then they could claim for damages owing to breach of warranty. His Lordship suggested that the parties make an endeavour to settle the matter by selling the truck, in which case the defendant firm would be entitled to the return of \$200 paid as deposit. Judgment was deferred until November 9 if the parties were unable to arrive at a settlement by that date.

A THEATRE THIEF.

Convicted of snatching a gold mounted bangle from a child, at the entrance of a theatre in Yumati, a 15-year-old Chinese was ordered to receive 12 strokes of the cane. The boy's record showed that he had been caned in September, 1929, for stealing a pair of slippers from a member of the audience of the same theatre during a performance. The Magistrate described defendant as a "thoroughly bad character."

**CEMENT STOLEN FROM THE
OBSERVATORY.**

Charged with stealing five bags of cement from the contractor's premises at the Royal Observatory, a coolie pleaded guilty and was sentenced to four months' hard labour. The defendant had one previous conviction last September, when he was sentenced to one month's imprisonment for stealing.

SUMMONSES DISMISSED.

The Manager of the Chinese Distillery at Shamshui who was summoned in respect of three alleged offences against the Distillery Ordinance, was discharged by Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at Kowloon Magistrate yesterday after a lengthy hearing.

Mr. H. A. Taylor, of the Revenue Department, prosecuted, and Mr. M. K. Lo appeared for the defence.

POWELLS

10, Ice House Street.

**PROTECT YOURSELF
AGAINST THE CHILLY
EVENINGS**

Our range of Underwear for the cooler days is now complete and comprises Natural and White Wool, in Tropical and Lightweight Cashmere and Gauze, made by "JAEGER" and "MORLEY" also "MERIDIAN."

These are stocked in Vests with Short or Long Sleeves. Drawers—Knee or Ankle Length, also Combinations.

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A Varied Range of The

Latest Shapes in White Felt

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Lane, Crawford's

Ladies' Salon.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BANK HOLIDAY.

IN Accordance with Ordinance No. 5 of 1912, the EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the TRANSACTION of PUBLIC BUSINESS on MONDAY, 11th NOVEMBER (ARMISTICE DAY).
Hong Kong, 6th Nov., 1929. [8594]

ARMISTICE DAY DINNER.

TICKETS for the above may be obtained from Mr. F. B. REMINGTON, Assistant Hon. Secretary, BRITISH LEGATION, c/o Messrs. HARTY, WICKING & Co., and from Mr. HAMPDEN ROSS, Hon. Secretary, DINNER COMMITTEE, c/o Messrs. PERRY SMITH, SMITH & FLEMING. [8596]

PEAK TRAMWAYS CO., LTD. NOTICE.

NO LATE CARS will Run After 12.30 on the NIGHT of THURSDAY, 7th INSTANT. [8595]

G. R. PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on TUESDAY, the 12th Day of NOVEMBER, 1929, at 3 p.m. at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Shamshuipo, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1893, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 24 years less three days.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Acres	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	New Kowloon Island Lot No. 1284	Between Kwoon Shing Street and Pei Ho Street	As per sale plan	1.0000	153.040	23,040

[8591]

G. R. PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on TUESDAY, the 12th Day of NOVEMBER, 1929, at 3 p.m. at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Shamshuipo, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1893, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 24 years less three days.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Acres	Annual Rental	Upset Price
2	New Kowloon Island Lot No. 1285	Between Kwoon Shing Street and Pei Ho Street	As per sale plan	1.0000	102.000	21,708

[8592]

FOR SALE.

IN ONE LOT.

THE STEAMER "HUNG-ON," 3274 tons Regt. loaded with a Cargo of Hong Kong Coal, as she now lies, with Anchors, Cables, Windlass and Winches and all Stores.

The Vessel is stranded on the North Coast of the ISLAND of HAINAN, on Sandy Beach about One Mile East of LANKO LIGHTHOUSE, at the Western End of HAINAN STRAITS, in about 28 Feet of Water.

LAM CHI FONG,
40, Bonham Street West,
or to
D. A. PUEVES,
Prince's Building, Ice House Street.
[8492]

INTIMATIONS.

FAN LING HUNT AND RACE CLUB.

THE following Dates have been provisionally Selected for STEEPLE CHASE MEETINGS at KWAN TI during the Coming Season—

NOVEMBER 24th.
DECEMBER 12th.
FEBRUARY 12th.
MARCH 10th.
APRIL 13th.

[8586]

HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING VOTING MEMBERS will be held in the JOCKEY CLUB ROOM, Horse Kiosk CLUB ANNEX, on MONDAY, 18th NOVEMBER, 1929, at 5.15 P.M.

By Order,
C. B. BROWN,
Secretary.
Hong Kong, 1st Nov., 1929. [8577]

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ALL INVITED. ALL WELCOME.

THE ITALIAN CONVENT ANNUAL CHARITY FAIR, 9th and 10th NOVEMBER.

Every Ticket purchased brings a Prize—All Beautiful and Useful Articles. Tickets sold in advance and at the Bazaar.

CHIEF ATTRACTIONS.

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EMBROIDERY DEPARTMENT:—Special interest to lady, hand-made lingerie of every description. Dainty garments made to please different wearers and different purses.

SIDE SHOWS:—Are put up for the amusement of the Public.
A Band will be in Constant Attendance.

EVERYTHING MODERATE IN PRICE.
AGAIN YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO COME.

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Apply to—
CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT,
4th Floor, French Bank Building.

THE TIME FOR BLANKETS.

IS HERE, BUT WHAT SHALL BE DONE FOR THOSE WHO CANNOT AFFORD THEM?

MEMBERS of the Committee attend at the Society's Room, City Hall, EVERY MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10.30 to receive GIFTS of BLANKETS, Part-worn Clothing, etc.

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(Est. 1839.) [8348]

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11, Ice House Street, Hong Kong.

WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5 p.m., stated:—

Anticyclones are situated over N. China and in the Pacific to the East of Japan. Monsoon will prevail along the China Coast and over the N. China Sea.

Local Forecast:—N.E. winds, fresh, cloudy, occasional rain.

Editorial and Business Offices: 11, Ice House Street, Tel. Central 13.
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The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, NOVEMBER 7, 1929.

BRITAIN AND RUSSIA.

By an overwhelming majority the House of Commons has formally given its approval of the steps taken by the Labour Government to bring about a resumption of diplomatic relations with Russia. The "diehards" protested that Britain had made a most humiliating surrender to the Soviet Union, that Russian promises were not to be trusted, and that Russian policy was still directed to the stirring-up of revolutions not only in Western Europe but in India and China. The Conservative leaders' censure and warnings were alike unheeded, and Mr. Henderson's action was approved by 324 votes to 199. The larger number represents approximately the combined forces of the Labour and Liberal parties; the smaller figure indicates that about sixty members of the Conservative party were absent from the division. But even had they attended in full strength, Mr. Lloyd George's support of the Government would have assured them of a favourable expression of opinion from Parliament. The way is now definitely opened once more for discussion of Anglo-Russian differences, and there is every prospect of a satisfactory settlement being reached. If a Labour Government cannot come to terms with Moscow, then no rational solution of the deadlock is possible. Diplomatic relations with Russia, established by the *de jure* recognition of Soviet Russia by Mr. MacDonald's first Government in February, 1924, were broken off in May, 1927, after the raid upon the Arcos Offices in London. Resumption of relations with Russia figured prominently in the Labour Party's election programme last June, and a reference to the subject appeared in the King's Speech in July last. Soon afterwards discussions opened in London between the Foreign Minister, Mr. Henderson, and Mr. DOVOGALEVSKY, the Russian Ambassador in Paris, but were suspended rather abruptly. Mr. Henderson desiring a preliminary understanding that would assure a settlement of the outstanding questions, including propaganda and debts, while the Soviet's views was that full diplomatic relations should first be resumed, discussion on disputed matters following. The renewal of the discussions followed a gesture by Mr. Henderson at Geneva and a response by Mr. LITVINOFF, the Soviet Acting Commissioner for Foreign Affairs. On September 8 a British Note formally suggested a resumption of negotiations on procedure on September 24, and Moscow, accepting, again delegated Mr. DOVOGALEVSKY as envoy.

It is just a month ago that Mr. HENDERSON and Mr. DOVOGALEVSKY met and agreed upon the procedure to be followed in regard to the resumption of full diplomatic relations, but the agreement was subject to the approval of Parliament, which has been now given. In addition to the problem of propaganda—regarding which the Foreign Secretary is quite satisfied with Russian assurances—there is the question of the 1924 Anglo-Russian Treaty to be discussed. These consisted of a general and commercial treaty, and were signed after the negotiations in the summer of 1924 and provided for a second treaty in regard to claims for compensation on the signature of which the Government undertook to recommend Parliament to guarantee the interest and sinking fund of a loan to be issued by the Soviet Government. The amount, terms, and conditions of the loan were to be defined in this second treaty. Under the first treaty the Soviet admitted liability on the claims of British bondholders and undertook to negotiate with them, and miscellaneous and property claims were also to be investigated. When half at least of the bondholders were satisfied with the terms, and when the Government was satisfied with the lump sum reached in the settlement of the miscellaneous claims, these agreements were to be embodied in the second treaty. No pledges, Mr. DOVOGALEVSKY declared at the time, had been given with regard to the conditions or amount of the loan to Russia. The commercial treaty provided for most-favoured-nation treatment for British goods and Britain was to admit Russia into the export credits scheme. The controversy which raged about the treaty was finally submerged in the notorious ZINOVIEV letter affair, and after the subsequent Conservative victory at the polls Sir Austen CHAMBERLAIN informed the Soviet Chargé d'Affaires, Mr. RAKOVSKY, that the Anglo-Russian Treaties negotiated by the Labour Ministry could not be recommended to Parliament for consideration or to the King for ratification. It is considered probable that the Labour Government will not merely take up discussions of the treaties from the point at which they were broken off in 1924, but will consider the whole situation afresh. Nor is it believed the British Government will adopt the same attitude now as it did in 1924 in regard to a loan to Russia. Then there is the problem of claims and counter-claims—Government and private—which include war loans granted by Great Britain during the war. Russian gold deposited with Great Britain by former Russian Governments, and claims by the Soviet Government on account of British intervention in Russia's affairs between November 7, 1917, and March 16, 1921. This is a formidable bill, mostly due to Mr. CHURCHILL's activities, which were ended by Mr. LLOYD GEORGE's Trade Agreement with the Soviet Government in 1921. Other claims have to be dealt with, but the most important are the claims of private persons and companies for property or business in Russia confiscated under the Soviet decrees of nationalisation. As a result of Anglo-Russian negotiations in 1924, it was agreed that these decrees were to be repealed on behalf of British nationals, and there was to be a scrutiny of these claims by a joint commission of the two countries. That meant that these claims were to be paid in full upon verification. It is true that the Russian stipulations included a loan of unknown amount, but it is hoped that, even though Russia's need for long-term credits is as great as ever, the present British Government will find some happier means of accommodating the Soviet Union.

A gang of robbers armed with modern rifles raided a village called Ping Woo, about 60 miles south of Shanghai, and carried off lost valued at some \$20,000.

The inauguration of the Shanghai-Hankow air mail and passenger service of the Ministry of Communications will take place about the middle of this month.

Chapel police raided the Nan Jue School and seized a number of books on Communism. The principal and a student were arrested and the school was sealed.

The Mayor of Greater Shanghai has issued a further order, forbidding pawnbrokers to charge high rates of interest. Merchants charging usurious rates will be punished.

As the cholera epidemic is no longer prevalent in Shanghai, the Japanese Government has cancelled its temporary health measures for the examination of passengers arriving in Japan from Shanghai.

Work on the construction of a highway between Shanghai and Peking, the spot selected as the new seat of the Shanghai District Government, will be commenced by the Shanghai District, Department of Reconstruction next month.

For his courageous work in grappling with and arresting an armed robber after the latter had held up and robbed a woman of her jewelry, the Commissioner of Public Safety in Shanghai has publicly extolled a farmer and awarded him \$90.

The propaganda committee of the Kuomintang Central Executive Committee have requested the Waichingpo to approach various foreign governments with a view to suppressing newspapers of a counter-revolutionary nature published by overseas Chinese.

According to the vernacular Press, the mobilization of the Government troops who will take part in the Anti-Kuominchun campaign has practically been completed. All Chinese-owned vessels which have been commandeered for their transportation will be released in the near future.

At a meeting of the Shanghai Army Disarmament Co-operative Union, a resolution was passed to circulate a telegram denouncing Generalis Sung Chieh Yuan, Lu Chung Lin, Sun Liang Cheng and other insurgent generals of the Kuominchun for their rebellious acts against the National Government.

According to the Shanghai Press, the Fook Kee Co., a Chinese shipping firm in south China, has purchased a steamer for trade with the Philippine Islands, Australia, British and Dutch Borneo, the Federated Malay States and the Dutch East Indies. This vessel weighs 3,200 tons and has a speed of nine knots.

A marriage will shortly take place between J. Norman Milne, Selah, Batako, "Tink" Anson, F.M.S., younger son of Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Milne, of Aberdeen, and Barbara Mary Theresa, only daughter of the late Mr. C. H. Grace, of Hong Kong, and S. Devon, England, and of Mrs. Grace, of Hila, Negri-Semilan, F.M.S.

News and Views.

The Colony had a clean bill of health on Tuesday.

Judge Milton D. Purdy, of the U.S. Court, or China, has returned from Soochow to Shanghai.

H.M.S. Kent has arrived in Shanghai and is moored at the Senior Naval Officer's buoy opposite the Shanghai Club.

We are informed by the Dutch Consul-General that Hong Kong has been declared plague-free by the authorities of the Dutch East Indies.

A six-year-old girl was burnt to death in a fire which broke out in Chapei, Shanghai, and which lasted for a couple of hours. Three houses were gutted.

Caterpillars are causing much damage to the crops in Paoshan, so a meeting of officials and local gentry was held to devise means to suppress the pest.

Prizes will be awarded by the Mayor of Greater Shanghai to the merchants whose products exhibited at the China Native Products Exhibition held in Shanghai last year were adjudged good.

The cornerstone of the library building of the National Scientific Society in Shanghai was laid in Rue Amiral Bayle by Dr. Tai Yuan-pei, the well-known Kuomintang statesman and educator, who is president of the society.

The Ruth Van Valey Company gave another performance at the Star Theatre last night, when an entirely new programme was promised. Ideas as to what constitute "entirely new" may differ, but the show given last night was so much like that of the previous evening, that it could be more accurately described as a repeat performance. There will be extra performances on Saturday and Sunday evenings, and a matinee on Saturday.

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An armoured car, built by the Woosung locomotive factory of the Shanghai-Nanking Railway to the order of the Headquarters of the Commander-in-Chief, has been completed and handed over to the Gendarmerie Commissioner in Shanghai. It will be used to patrol the Shanghai-Nanking and Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Railways.

In connection with the robbery in the palace of the former Prince Regent, uncle of the ex-Emperor Hsuan Tung, in Peking recently, twenty suspects have been arrested by local detectives. It is believed that servants of the palace are responsible for the crime. Mr. Chen Chuan, a servant of Princess Tai Chih is accused of being the ringleader. It is said that unequal division of spoils among the thieves resulted in the reporting of the affair to the police authorities by Chen Wan Lan.

On the Peking tramway riots an editorial in the vernacular *Hsin Chen Pao* remarked that it was not the property of the tramway company that the richa coolies wrecked, but their own rice-bowl that they broke. For continues the paper, the trolley service is one of the means which will bring prosperity to the city, and in prosperity everyone gets a better chance of livelihood. It points out the fact that richa men earn considerably more in Tokyo and Shanghai, where there are trolley cars, omnibuses, taxicabs, and other means of street communications. The Peking *Hsin Chen Pao* (New China News) places the blame for the affair on the military and police authorities. The paper says that if martial law had been enforced during the time of the riots at least a large enough number of cars would have been left for an immediate resumption of the tram service; but instead, martial law was announced in the two succeeding nights, when thousands might have done profitable business in safety. Incidentally, the *Hsin Chen Pao* has since been closed by the authorities.

Looking Back 25 Years.

Dr. F. H. Swan, captain of the Kowloon Cricket Club, has seen the Hon. P. N. Jones, Director of Public Works, regarding the allotment of a cricket-ground for the new club, at King's Park, Kowloon. The Hon. P. N. Jones very kindly gave Dr. Swan the option of two pieces. The first turf will now soon be laid.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, November 7, 1904.

Looking Back 50 Years.

A difficulty of a novel character has occurred between foreign and native merchants in Japan. It would appear that it has been a custom for the Chinese employees of foreign banks in Japan to remove, and retain, as their gratuity, the iron hoops from bules or cases of goods. Up to the present time this has been tacitly agreed to by the buyers, who have, when they wished to have the hoops left on the bules, paid for them at the rate of 5 cents each. Now, however, the Japanese merchants are raising objections to this system, and refuse to accept goods any longer from which the hoops have been removed. It would seem that the conduct of business the Chinese commensurate in Japan have been in the habit of receiving certain gratuities or commissions from Japanese buyers, but the latter have for some time rebelled against the system, and some time since abolished the payment of twenty-five cents per bale formerly made to the compradores.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, November 7, 1879.

The San Peh S. N. Co. has received a telegram from the Far Eastern Soviet Mercantile Fleet to the effect that two of its vessels which were seized by the Soviet authorities when diplomatic relations between China and Soviet Russia were ruptured will be released in a fortnight. Seven other Chinese-owned vessels likewise are to be returned to their owners after having been detained for a few months.

A Chinese news agency says that according to a statement issued by the Nanking Special Municipality, the land surrendered compulsorily by the people for the construction of the famous Chung Shan Road "amounts to 208,000 square inches and the value estimated therefore is \$284,000. We are not quite sure of our arithmetic, but think this works out at about \$1,421.798 per mou." No wonder they talk of a land boom in Nanking!

Armistice Day.

In our advertisement columns is a reminder of the Annual Armistice Day Dinner of Ex-Active Service Men on the evening of November 11. This year for the first time the British Legion are associating with the Ex-Active Service Men's Association, and the dinner is being run jointly by these two organizations. We understand that H.E. the General Officer commanding the Troops, His Honour the Chief Justice, the Hon. The Colonial Secretary, together with many other prominent persons, have signified their intention of being present, and the Committee anticipate that the numbers attending will exceed those of previous years.

A Freudian Dream.

Dr. Canon's lecture on dreams and the Freudian theory of their interpretation, reported in this issue, recalls an amusing story related by the great psycho-analyst. He had explained his theory of the dream as the expression of a subconscious wish, to a decidedly hostile audience of professional men in Budapest. The next day one of them, a lawyer, said to him: "Your theory, professor is a— nonsense. Last night I dreamed that all my clients had forsaken me for my chief rival. Do you call that a wish?" "Your wish," said Dr. Freud, "was to prove me wrong!"

The "Talkies."

Yesterday afternoon, the public in Hong Kong saw—or rather heard—the "Talkies" for the first time at the Queen's Theatre. As was to be expected, the whole of the acting accommodation was taken up in every part of the theatre, in spite of the early hour of the first performance. Several Europeans who had neglected to book their seats had to be content with places in "the gods." It is difficult to judge how the public took to the main attraction, "The Singing Fool," but the Chinese section of the audience was obviously thrilled by the news film which preceded the big picture, and responded with prolonged applause to the various Chinese scenes, accompanied by appropriate noises. The street-cries of hawkers in Shanghai provided a background for those who understood the Chinese dialect, while the Chinese equivalent of "Punch and Judy"—which is a common enough sight in Hong Kong—was the cause of much wonderment when reproduced on the screen with its accompanying "squeaks." The Shanghai girl's song of Old Peking was listened to with rapt attention, and the Chinese in the theatre broke into rapturous applause at the end. It was rather odd to see the humorous points in "The Singing Fool" being lost on the Chinese, only a small portion of the audience responding with an isolated laugh now and then. The theatre was full to capacity throughout the other performances.

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SQUARE TALKS AT ROUND TABLES.

MUNICIPAL FUTURE OF SHANGHAI

HOW CAN CHINA GET MONEY?

C.E.R. QUESTION AT KYOTO.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Yesterday's discussion at Kyoto was of particular interest. Apart from the question of the future of Shanghai, the suggestion was put to China that "she could not disarm without money, and could not get money without disarming." Afterwards, the Sino-Russian controversy was gone into, and both nations' points of view thoroughly examined.

Kyoto, Nov. 5.

The Shanghai subject was under discussion at an important round-table talk to-day. At the outset the legal point was made clear that there was no doubt if extrajudicially, the present government of the Settlement *ipso facto* would end.

Two proposals were discussed, firstly, that should be a gradual increase in Chinese participation in municipal control, cumulative until there would be full Chinese control.

The Chinese delegates said this would not be acceptable to them because, in the interim, foreign sovereignty would remain.

Secondly, the proposal was that negotiations might be begun soon for the establishment of a new legal basis for the city, reflecting Chinese sovereignty. The idea was that the basis would be a charter freely granted by the Chinese Government, somewhat on the lines of the Hanseatic cities in older times. The change would not necessarily involve the taking of the administration from foreign hands immediately.

It was suggested that the extent of foreign participation in the government of the city might be

defined in a charter given by China.

Leading Questions.

Chinese finances formed the subject of another round-table. It was generally agreed that huge expenditures on armies were the root of Chinese financial difficulty. It was pointed out that China could not disarm without money, and could not get money without disarming.

The opinion was general that a big foreign loan was impossible under present conditions, but lending might be done on a small scale for specific and desirable objects.

At a round-table on the Sino-Russian dispute it was disclosed that there was an impasse as regards a basis for negotiations. Moscow still wanted the *status quo* restored. At first the Chinese said this could not be conceded, because the *status quo* would involve restoring the arbitrary powers of the Russian general manager during the main negotiations.

China wants the negotiations to be by two stages: First, to decide what will be the powers of the general manager; and after that is settled, second, to negotiate a general agreement for the faithful carrying out by both sides of the 1924 Treaty.

JAPANESE COMMUNITY CONCERNED.

GUNBOAT LEAVES TO INVESTIGATE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Shanghai, Nov. 6.

Reuter's Hankow correspondent cables that the Japanese community at Hwangshih-kang have telegraphed to the Japanese authorities at Hankow requesting assistance and stating that a Communist uprising is brewing. The city is on the Yangtze midway between Kiating and Hankow.

The Japanese gunboat Takada has left for the area with instructions to make all possible speed as the Japanese interests in the vicinity of Tayeh and Hwangshih-kang are most extensive.

The position at the battle-front does not appear to have undergone any great change, though it is significant that an order has been issued to the Nationalist forces to remain purely on the defensive. Telegrams from Chungchow advise that it is not safe for foreigners to travel on the Peking-Hankow Railway at present, though no reasons are given.

THE KAO YING CASE.

A BRILLIANT DEFENCE.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Nanking, Nov. 6.

At the end of this morning's session of the trial of Kao Ying, Mrs. Kao Ying and Suen Foon, Judge Chu Tsing Chow said that judgment would be delivered on Monday afternoon.

Previously, defending lawyers had put up a brilliant fight for the three accused, insisting that they were merely innocent dupes of drug smugglers, and asking the court to declare them not guilty. The session lasted five hours.

[Verbatim reports are that Mr. Liao En Tao, the Chinese Minister to Cuba, has been recalled by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, and is expected in Shanghai shortly. The Ministry has appointed Mr. Ling Ping as his successor.]

Mr. Liao is alleged to be connected with the "Primo Opium Case" and is the father of Mrs. Kao Ying.

GERMAN EX-CHANCELLOR DEAD.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Berlin, Nov. 6.

The death is announced of Prince Max of Baden, the last Chancellor in the monarchical regime.

RICKSHA-RIOTERS SHOT.

PUBLIC EXECUTION IN Peking.

TRAMS STILL SUFFER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Peking, Nov. 5.

Four men found guilty by a military court of instigating ricksha riots here recently were shot outside the Temple of Heaven this morning, by order of the local military authorities, who claim that the men confessed the crime.

Tremendous crowds followed the condemned men, and watched their execution.

The tram service is still not running, as the company has no funds to repair the damaged cars.

PALESTINE RIOTS.

DEATH SENTENCE ON ANOTHER ARAB.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Jerusalem, Nov. 6.

Another Arab has been sentenced to death in connection with the affray at Safed. Three of his co-accused were acquitted. Nine Jews charged with murder in connection with the disturbances at Haifa were released owing to lack of evidence.

Three Jews were assaulted in the old city last night.

ELECTIONS IN NEW YORK.

"JIMMY" WALKER'S LEAD.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

New York, Nov. 5.

Returns from 1,450 of 3,411 electoral districts in the New York City municipal elections show that Mayor Walker is leading substantially and his re-election is considered certain.

MALAYA v. SHANGHAI.

Rain Stops Play.

No play was possible in the Interport yesterday. If fine and the ground flat a start will be made at 10.30 a.m. to-day.

The score at present is:—Malaya, 233. Shanghai, 79 for two wickets. Prospects are discussed by Mr. R. Abbit on page 8.

PREMIER'S VISIT TO AMERICA.

MR. BALDWIN PAYS A COMPLIMENT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, Nov. 5.

In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, speaking on his visit to the United States declared that he did not go with an agreement in mind or in pocket, but to try to establish a new relationship based on mutual understanding. He must leave the result to fructify in policy.

In the course of their conversations Mr. Hoover had raised some major historical issues on British and American differences, like the belligerent rights of so-called fortified bases, etc., which they agreed mutually to examine in the hope of reaching an understanding.

He stated that as regards belligerent rights, no commitment whatever was made beyond the promise that the matter would be considered.

He did not raise the question of general disarmament, and his difficulty in preparing for a five-power naval conference was sufficiently great.

It was time enough to prepare for the sequel, general disarmament, when the five-power conference was out of the way.

The Premier concluded that details were not discussed.

Mr. Stanley Baldwin said that he had long felt that British and American relations had suffered from a comparison with British and Continental relations. He opened the subject of the British Premier going to America three years ago, but the visit could not have usefully taken place before now. Mr. MacDonald had earned the gratitude of all parties.

He had taken the first possible moment to make the visit and had not been through as the Premier of Britain and not as a party leader.

RELATIONS WITH THE SOVIET.

GOVERNMENT'S SWEEPING VICTORY.

DOMINIONS APPROVE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, Nov. 5.

During the debate on Russia in the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Arthur Henderson, submitting a motion inviting the House to approve the Government's procedure as regards a resumption of British and Soviet diplomatic relations, and the Government's procedure in that connection, said that the Government did not intend to pledge the credit of the British taxpayer to any Soviet Government loan, and declared that Soviet propaganda would not be tolerated in any form at any time.

He had communicated with the Dominions, none of which were opposed to the policy which he had pursued.

All (except one whose views had not yet been received) requested that the guarantee regarding propaganda should be made applicable to them.

Mr. Henderson said that agreement as regards propaganda had already been reached and a guarantee to that effect must be exchanged no later than the day on which the Ambassador presents his credentials.

Mr. Baldwin's Amendment.

Mr. Stanley Baldwin moved an amendment deploring the Government's failure to maintain the condition laid down by the Premier and Foreign Secretary for the resumption of diplomatic relations, and condemning the resumption of relations until preliminary conditions were satisfied. Mr. Baldwin accused the Government of a most humiliating surrender to Russia, and said that it was a mistake to single out Russia for exceptional treatment as regards diplomatic privilege. The Russian leaders were determined to set the fire of revolution raging not only in western Europe but in India and China.

The Liberal Idea.

Mr. Lloyd George supported the Government motion, and Sir Austen Chamberlain complained that the pledge regarding propaganda was inadequate. Moreover, it was impossible to believe that the new pledge would have more value than the old.

Mr. Hugh Dalton, replying to points raised in the debate, said that parts of the 1924 Treaty no longer were applicable, but certain parts would form a useful basis of discussion in the near future. He gave the assurance that the treaties which he hoped to conclude would be submitted to the House for ratification.

The House rejected the Baldwin amendment and agreed to Mr. Henderson's motion by 324 votes to 199.

DEATH RIDDLE OF AN "EMPRESS."

WOMAN MILLIONAIRE IN MAN'S ATTIRE.

The Californian police are baffled by the mysterious death of a millionaire's wife, Mrs. Irene Wolfkill, aged fifty-seven, who called herself "Empress of the World."

Her body was accidentally found by a farmer's boy in Wooder Valley Creek, near her home, and she had apparently been dead for some time.

Palatial Ranch.

She disappeared from her palatial ranch home in Solano County some months ago, and a reward of \$2,000 for her recovery sent 500 searchers through the hills. They abandoned the search.

Miss Wolfkill inherited her fortune from her family, who were among California's early pioneers. She was highly eccentric.

When she left her home in July she was clad in an old-fashioned ankle-length dress but when the body was found it was clothed in masculine underwear and workman's overalls.

A handwritten note was found in the pocket of the overalls. It consisted of only three words which have been deciphered as "The Not Feeling."

Brothers Reconciled.

A feud existed in the Wolfkill family for twenty years, during which time Irene's two brothers, Mait and Ned, refused to speak to each other. They were reconciled after her disappearance.

The detectives are puzzled by the fact that the place where the body was found is only two miles from Miss Wolfkill's ranch, and was repeatedly explored by the search parties without result. The suspicion is aroused that the woman was murdered and the body concealed until after the search had been abandoned.

LORDS DISCUSS INDIA.

DANGER OF A CRISIS OVER.

CLEARING THE AIR.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, Nov. 5.

Speaking in the House of Lords to-day with the "object of clarifying the obscure Indian situation," Lord Reading criticised the Government in authorising the Viceroy's proclamation without consulting the Simon Commission, and declared that he did not object to Dominion status as an ideal, but to use the term in this formal manner would affect the prestige and authority of the Simon Commission.

Lord Parmoor, replying on behalf of the Government, said that the pronouncement was made in view of the atmosphere in India and to dispel mistrust regarding British policy. He emphasised that the question of time within which Dominion status was attainable could not be considered until the Statutory Committee had reported and until the conference which it was intended to summon had met, after which the matter would be decided by Parliament.

As regards the reference to Dominion status, Lord Parmoor said that the Government informed the Simon Commission of the action they intended to take, and the Commission did not wish to be associated with this reaffirmation.

Lord Birkenhead charged the Government with yielding to the threat of the Indian campaign of civil disobedience at the end of the year.

Lord Passfield declared that the Viceroy was not announcing a new policy, but explaining the old, and added that it was never out of time to seek appeasement, even if people were uttering threats.

Interest Subsidies.

Rugby, Nov. 6.

Interest is to-morrow's debate on India in the House of Commons has been lessened owing to the full discussions of the subject in the House of Lords last night, which according to the view expressed in the Lobby of Parliament, has removed all danger of a crisis.

The assurance given by Lord Parmoor that the Viceroy's pronouncement implies no change of policy is said to have cleared the air. It is now considered unlikely that Sir John Simon or any other members of the Statutory Commission on Indian Reforms will participate in the Commons debate, and rumours that the incident would not close without one or more resignations from that Commission are entirely discounted.

The Times says that owing largely to Sir John Simon's efforts, members of the Commission will continue their work without reference to events of the past week—British Wireless.

PRESS AND RADIO PROTAGONISTS.

BATTLE OF BOUQUETS ENDS IN A DRAW.

The Press and the Radio, labelling each other rival powers, threw bouquets, complete with delicately pointed thorns, at each other's heads at a luncheon given by the National Radio Exhibition to the Press last month.

The result was a draw, with complete agreement on a number of points. The success of the Olympia Exhibition, the importance of radio, the excellent aims of the British Broadcasting Corporation, and the rapidly increasing interest of the public in radio were unanimously agreed upon.

Sir William Bull stated that there are now nearly 3,000,000 holders of wireless licences in Great Britain and added that not long ago they were anxiously hoping for one million.

Mrs. Philip Snowden explained that although it was obvious that the B.B.C. could not please all the people all the time, they did their best to please as many as possible for as long as possible.

Mr. A. Beverley Baxter declared that the written word was more powerful than the spoken word, but the luncheon speeches were a challenge to his claim.

Written words cannot convey the charm of Mrs. Snowden's voice of silk, with just sufficient Yorkshire relish to add piquancy, the stronger Yorkshire quality of Mr. J. T. Mould's accent and straightforwardness, the blunt "no-nonsense-about-me" timbre of Sir William Bull's voice, or the easy rhythm of Mr. Baxter's.

The last word in the argument, however, was with the Press, for although the printed word may not be able to do justice to the entertaining qualities of the spoken word, the radio made no record of them at all from the luncheon hall.

ANOTHER PLANE CRASH.

GERMAN MACHINE DOWN IN SURREY.

HEAVY DEATH ROLL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, Nov. 6.

Seven people were killed in a crash at Marden, Surrey, in a German air-liner leaving from Croydon this morning.

LATER.

The German air-liner was bound to Amsterdam and Berlin. She crashed in flames at Marden Park. Four passengers and four of the crew were killed.

The two survivors are Prince Ernst of Schaumburg Lippe, who is injured, and Commander Glen Kidston, R.N., the famous racing motorist, with slight cuts.

It is believed the plane crashed into a hillside owing to a fog. The victims were incinerated.

POLISH JEWS AND PALESTINE.

"BRITAIN UNFITTED FOR MANDATE."

Public opinion in Poland, which appears to be a great deal more sympathetic to Jewish aspirations than was the case a decade ago, has been profoundly stirred by the recent outrages in Palestine. In all quarters there is a general disposition to hold the British Government primarily responsible, not only for the serious loss of Jewish life which has occurred, but for the weak administrative policy which bred the disorders.

It is not surprising, therefore, that the Polish Press of all shades is treating seriously the proposal of the *Nasze Przeglady* that the Palestine Mandate should be taken away from Great Britain and given to Poland. The *Nasze Przeglady* is the leading Jewish daily published in Polish, which means that it is read mainly by the bourgeois Jews who speak Polish in their homes. "Great Britain," the paper points out, "with 100,000,000 subjects who are followers of Mohammed, is clearly unfitted for the Palestine Mandate, and the League of Nations committed a grave error in entrusting the country to British administration."

Admitting at first glance that the attribution of the Mandate to Poland might appear to be somewhat Utopian, more especially as the Jews of this country have been so vociferous in their complaints of Polish oppression, the *Nasze Przeglady* proceeds to point out that anti-Semitism in Poland has been inspired wholly by the fact that there are too many Jews in this country, which is the reason why the Polish Government have given so much encouragement and aid to the Zionist movement. The Poles, moreover, throughout history have regarded the Jews as a nation.

Proclaiming that the rights and welfare of the Arabs would be fully safeguarded under Polish administration, "since Poland likewise has traditional sympathy for the Muselman world," the *Nasze Przeglady* proceeds with the argument that an army of Polish Jews could readily be recruited for the maintenance of order in Palestine, and that all the important administrative posts should be filled by Polish Jews.

In the domain of business the proposal of the *Nasze Przeglady* also strikes a popular note. From the economic point of view, it is asserted, "this solution of the problem would bring great profit alike to Palestine and Poland, since the Jews play a predominant rôle in the commerce of both countries."

SHIPPING WAR IN THE PACIFIC.

NEW ENTRANT INTO COMING FIGHT.

[United Press.]

New York, Oct. 30.—Active entrance of the Matson Steamship Co. into the anticipated fight for shipping supremacy on the Pacific was announced here to-day, when Mr. A. C. Dierck, vice-president of the Matson Line, left for Fall River, Mass., for a conference with representatives of the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation.

The Matson Company, it is understood, plans to construct 25,000-ton steamers to serve the San Francisco-Honolulu-Australia trade.

Rivalry for speed and traffic on the various Transpacific lines is expected to start in earnest in 1930, when the N.Y.K. line has completed the last of its three large motorships for the San Francisco-Orient run, and the Canadian Pacific line has placed in service its new *Empress of Britain* and *Empress of Japan*, which will call at Honolulu in a bid for the tourist trade heretofore taken by its two rival lines.

The Matson line is closely allied with the American-Hawaiian line.

FAMINE IN THE NORTH.

NANKING AND RED CROSS "INSULT."

U.S. BLAMES CHINA HERSELF.

[United Press.]

Nanking, Oct. 30.—Interviewed concerning the much discussed report of the American Red Cross Mission to China, a spokesman of the National Government deprecated its opinion that any outside help for the relief of famine sufferers would prolong and perpetuate the existing conditions due to the execution of warlords, depredations of bandits and confiscatory taxation.

Whatever may be the real causes of famine in China, he said, the expression of such opinion is bound to provoke unfavourable reactions. While the public is uninformed as to how the American Red Cross Society came to dispatch a mission to China, it at least is aware that the said mission had not been invited by the National Government, nor was any aid asked from the said Society by the Government.

Amends Demanded.

Since the Mission was shown much courtesy by the Chinese officials and people, its attitude appears to ill accord with the reception it received. And for the Mission to recommend withholding of relief also on the general ground that there was no strong stable central government is certainly a gratuitous insult to the National Government.

Unless suitable amends are made, it is apprehended that in future similar missions coming to China may meet with cold reception.

Government Blamed.

Washington.—Refusal of the American Red Cross to go to the aid of the famine victims of China largely on the ground that "to extend relief to her in the absence of conditions plainly due to an act of God—natural causes—but regards her ultimate recovery" may well become the subject of nationwide debate.

For more than a year horrible conditions have prevailed in some of the provinces north of the Yellow River. People died from hunger in great numbers. An international famine relief commission was organised and agencies were established in this and other lands to do what they could. The American Red Cross did not participate, but last April sent a commission to investigate.

Commission Report.

This commission has made public its report. It says, broadly speaking, that rain had now fallen and the principal famine areas should soon see improvement; that the destitution which prevails is the cumulative result of the political and social chaos existing in the country plus lack of rains; that the Chinese themselves should give more thought to their own responsibilities in the matter, and that, under the circumstances, it was felt that no foreign relief agency could deal with such a situation adequately.

The report presents a commendably true picture of the general state of affairs in China generally and in the famine-stricken areas in particular. My own investigation of conditions in that country recently led me unavoidably to the same conclusion; namely, that most of the suffering is at least avoidable, or would be avoidable under a better organised government.

Nevertheless, the great human factor still remained. Millions of helpless people—men, women and children—old and young, were obviously caught in a situation they could not possibly have had any thing to do with creating, and were suffering and dying of hunger and the diseases which always accompany famine.

UNDRESS PARADE IN A PARK.

TROUBLE FOR BERLIN ADAMS AND EVES.

The boisterous exuberance of the members of the German National Nakedness Federation are being contemplated by the German authorities.

The members of the federation exploited the hot weather of the past few days for a great demonstration of the ideal of clotheslessness in the much-frequented Grunewald Park, the Richmond Park of Berlin.

Hundreds of Adams and Eves, treating the warnings and appeals of baneful policemen with lofty disdain, walked heedlessly and clothed along the promenades favoured by the respectable Berliners out for a breath of fresh air in their Sunday best.

The authorities at a hastily summoned meeting decided to inform the federation, which numbers more than 200,000 members, that if the "Friends of Light" again break the bounds of their special authorised nakedness reserves the police will be instructed to arrest them, clothes or no clothes.

Sports News

MALAYA v. SHANGHAI.

RAIN STOPS PLAY.

Heavy rain in the early hours of yesterday morning made things doubtful early on. Shortly after 9 a.m., from the Peak there appeared, looking down through the mist, to be sunshine over Pokfulam, but at about ten the rain set in steadily. At about 12.30 it cleared for a little and held off until three when the captains had arranged to look at the wicket.

The ground was very wet and, though most of us have at times played under worse conditions, the bowlers would have found it well-nigh impossible to get a foothold, while the light was bad and promised to be worse. I was therefore very glad to hear that the umpires had decided it was unfit for play. Shortly after the decision was announced another very heavy shower blew up and gave the ground another soaking.

To-day's Arrangements.

Play will start to-day at 10.30 a.m. if the ground is fit. The weather forecast at the time of writing these lines suggests that the weather will, at best, be dull and cold, with some drizzle as well, possibly. It is, however, good news that the prospects for good weather on Friday and Saturday are improving.

Malaya v. the Army.

Enquiries made from R. L. L. Braddell, the Malaya skipper, elicited the fact that until he had consulted with the Army captain he could make no definite announcement about the Army match on Friday. I assume, however, that, if the Shanghai game is not finished that evening, it will be continued on Friday, as the Army game is rather in the nature of a bye-battle to fill in a spare day.

As regards the wicket it is a little hard at present to say what it will do. It will almost certainly be easy for the first hour or two, and, unless we get a bright sun, which is most unlikely, it may dry easy. I fancy, however, it will increase in difficulty as the day goes on. It was distinctly on the dead side on Tuesday last.

The rain is most unfortunate. As Dr. Johnson might have said:—Had it been last year, it had been kind; but our reservoirs are full and we do not want it, the Interport is on and we cannot enjoy it!

R. ABBOT.

THE INTERPORTERS.

FULL PROGRAMME OF THE VISIT.

The following is the full programme arranged for the Cricket Interporters, during their visit to the Colony:—

To-day.

Shanghai v. Malaya, 10.30 a.m.
Smoking Concert in Hong Kong Cricket Club at 9.30 p.m.

Friday, November 8.

Army v. Malaya, 10.30 a.m.
Dinner at Government House.

Saturday, November 9.

Hong Kong v. Shanghai, 10.30 a.m.
Dinner at Government House.

Sunday, November 10.

Shanghai v. Malaya, 10.30 a.m.
Shanghai v. Malaya, 10.30 a.m.

Monday, November 11.

Hong Kong v. Shanghai, 11.45 a.m.

Tuesday, November 12.

Hong Kong v. Shanghai, 10.30 a.m.
Open Air Concert on H.K.C.C. ground at 8.30 p.m.

Wednesday, November 13.

Hong Kong v. Malaya, 10.30 a.m.
Thursday, November 14.

Friday, November 15.

Hong Kong v. Malaya, 10.30 a.m.
Interport Dinner at Hong Kong Hotel Roof Garden at 8 p.m.

Saturday, November 16.

Malaya v. Shanghai, 10.30 a.m.
Shanghai v. Malaya, 10.30 a.m.

Sunday, November 17.

Shanghai v. Malaya, 10.30 a.m.
Shanghai team sails by Empress of Canada.

LOCAL FOOTBALL.

S.L.I. RESERVES BEAT K.O.S.B. RESERVES.

THE BORDERERS' FIRST DEFEAT.

Only one game was played in Division II. of the Hong Kong League yesterday and this resulted as under:—

S.L.I. Reserves 3
K.O.S.B. Reserves 1

The game was played on the Garrison ground at Sookunpoo and for the first time this season, the Borderers took the field without a large batch of supporters as the 2nd Bn. K.O.S.B. is in camp at Sun Wai.

The S.L.I. are to be complimented on the way they stuck to the game and they deserve their win on the afternoon's play. The K.O.S.B. were at full strength, fielding the team that put up double figures against the Club de Recreio last Saturday, while the S.L.I. made three changes in the side that beat Eastern F.C. this same day. Neil right wing, Cornelius right half and Cotton left wing coming into the team.

Kicking off, the K.O.S.B. soon got into their stride and Stevens netted from a pass by Crawley. The Borderers played up well but they failed to add to their score against a team of equal weight and sound defence. Crawley was rather subdued after a few bumps, but he led the heavy centre half of the S.L.I. Halfway through the first half the game took a turn in favour of the S.L.I. and the K.O.S.B. goal had several narrow escapes before Denmead headed in from a centre by Cotton. Several corners fell to the S.L.I. but were scrambled away and at the other end Crawley missed a sitter. Half-time, K.O.S.B. Res. 1, S.L.I. Res. 1.

The defence on both sides held the upper hand in the opening part of the second half. Stevens was sent in, but muddled his shot. The same player later sent in a rattling shot but Beano cleared. Neil was outstanding on the S.L.I. right wing and got over some fine centres. Barnham and Geggie of the K.O.S.B. made a rush for the ball together, and collided. With these players stretched full length, Hicks sent the ball to Denmead who ran through the defence and scored with a fine shot that left Fox standing. Being a goal down, the Borderers went out to pull the game round but the S.L.I. defence held out until the final whistle.

The game was fought out in a good spirit and there was not a foul throughout. A few kicks for handling were the only stoppages and P.O. Mellow handled the game admirably.

GOLF.

ROYAL HONG KONG GOLF CLUB.

The following have been selected to represent their Societies at Fanning on November 17:—

St. George's.

1. Mr. O. E. C. Marton.
2. Mr. L. R. Andrews.
3. Mr. L. G. S. Dowdell.
4. Mr. A. E. Lissaman.
5. Mr. F. J. de Rome.
6. Mr. G. S. Archbutt.
7. Mr. H. G. Sheldon.
8. Mr. N. L. Smith.
9. Mr. T. G. Bennett.
10. Mr. J. H. Raikes.
11. Mr. F. S. Harrison.
12. Prof. J. L. Shellhear.
13. Mr. C. Bulmer Johnson.
14. Mr. C. E. H. Beavin.
15. Mr. R. E. Green-Smith.
16. Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton (Captain).

Assenys.

17. Lieut. Col. E. D. Matthews.
18. Mr. S. T. Butlin.

St. Andrew's.

1. Mr. A. H. Ferguson.
2. Mr. Ian Shewan.
3. Mr. E. D. Black.
4. Mr. K. S. Robertson.
5. Mr. R. Young.
6. Mr. W. L. Dunbar.
7. Mr. H. H. Lennox.
8. Mr. B. K. Hepburn.
9. Mr. J. S. McLaren.
10. Mr. A. B. Purves.
11. Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith.
12. Mr. W. J. Clerk.
13. Mr. J. S. McEachern.
14. Mr. D. J. Gilmore.
15. Mr. K. S. Morrison.
16. Mr. K. E. Greig.

Hon. Mr. B. D. F. Beith.

RACING NOTES AND TRAINING TIMES.

MORE GRIFFINS ARRIVE FROM SHANGHAI.

HIAWATHA AND THE ST. LEGER.

[By "MORNING DEW"]

The Empress of France brought to Hong Kong quite a number of griffins for the 1930 meeting, including four for the "Dynasty" stable, one for Mr. K. C. Lau, and four for Jardines.

The number of griffins in Hong Kong at present makes quite a useful list, and some very good sport can be confidently looked forward to when the annual races come round.

The "Eve" candidates, three in number, are already down here, and in the course of the next few weeks we shall probably see a few of Mr. Ho Koon Tong's candidates on the course, in addition to a few new "Dukes" and a few more "Stags."

The number of small owners have also grown, and quite a few griffins had been here for some time, all looking full of promise.

Some of our Hong Kong's better known ponies came back, amongst them being King's Consul, King's Copier, and Lord Protector. The last-named was down here last year, but I don't remember having seen him face the starter, so he will be a griffin this year.

The arrival of the Dunbar string will be looked forward to with much interest, as in addition to providing the champion winner for the

last two seasons, the stable won the Derby in 1927 and 1928, and also has in its possession contenders for both long and short distances, two of them being record-holders. What they will shape like this year, and how the stable will fare with its griffins, will cause much speculation.

Hiawatha, belonging to Mrs. Dunbar, I hear is a sure starter in the St. Leger next week, and on his form should win easily, especially as I hear some of the best ponies in this race are not going.

Grand Tatoo-Eve is being sent over long distances in his morning gallops, and is undoubtedly being prepared for his duel with Hiawatha in the long race. I know critics will remind me that Grand Tatoo-Eve accounted for Hiawatha in the Derby, and will most likely repeat his performance next week, but I do not think the animal has improved as much as Mrs. Dunbar's chestnut.

From the training times appended below readers will find that the popular favourites are doing quite well. Inasmuch as there were no outstanding gallops there were no reversals of form, and the next meeting will not be full of upsets from the looks of things at present.

Pony.	Dis- tance.	1st time.	2nd Qr.	3rd Qr.	4th Qr.	Last Qr.
Ullawater	35	1.14	1.49	—	35	—
Duke of Milan	43	1.18	1.50.2	—	32.2	—
Campbell	33	1.18	1.50.2	—	32.2	—
Loch Elvie	43.2	1.18	1.50.2	2.42	36	—
Fair Eyes	39	1.14.3	1.49.2	—	34.4	—
Mountain Air	39	1.14.3	1.47.3	—	33	—
Duke of Normandy	43	1.23	1.58.9	—	33.2	—
Kunon	33	1.07.2	—	—	34.2	—
Cream Crocker	40	1.18	1.50	—	32	—
Pumpkin	43	1.41	1.57.3	2.30	32.2	—
Sunlock	37	1.15.1	1.51	—	35.4	—
San Francisco	38	1.09	1.43	—	34	—
Amusement Tax	39	1.13	1.45	—	32	—
King's Falch	37	1.15	1.52	2.29	34	—
Young Pretender	38.3	1.18.2	1.49.3	—	31.1	—
Etina's Isle	38	1.17	1.50.2	—	33.2	—
Triumphant Stag	37	1.13	1.48.2	—	33.2	—
The Ape	35.2	1.06.1	—	—	30.4	—
Buster	35	1.07	—	—	32	—
Duke of Chantilly	38.9	1.14	1.48.3	2.18.3	30	—
Little Thunder and	1	1.21.4	1.57	2.30.1	33.1	—
Town Hall	39	1.10	1.50	—	31	—
Monterey Bay	43	1.17	1.48	—	31	—
As You Like It	34	1.08	1.40.3	—	32.3	—
Cavalier	42	1.21	1.58	2.31	32	—
Mount Elburz	1	1.34.2	1.08.2	1.43	2.17.2	34.2
Majestic Hall	1	38.2	1.13	1.48.2	2.20.2	32
Fanning Stag	34	1.13	1.48.3	—	33.3	—
Delaware Bay	4	37	1.13	1.45	—	32

PROHIBITION AT THE LEGATION.

PROBLEM FOR AMERICANS IN PEPING.

BAN WHICH WAS REMOVED.

[United Press.]

Peking.—Members of the American Legation in China once more are permitted to import wines and liquors into the country without paying any taxes, after a long official "dry spell" which has not yet been described in print.

The Legations here, as elsewhere, have diplomatic immunity from import taxes on all classes of goods, including liquors. When any accredited member of the Legation desires to import goods, the Minister affixes his signature to an order which is accepted in lieu of taxes by the customs officials.

A Signed Order.

Not very many months ago, the American Minister in China signed an order for one of the members of the Legation to permit him to import some wines from France.

(Continued on next column.)

LADIES' SECTION.

The following are results of the Competitions on the New Course, Fanning, in aid of the M.C.L. (Military Branch).

A medal competition running from October 19 to November 3 was won by

1. Miss O. Munro 90-14-76

2. Mrs. H. U. Ireland 90-19-77

Prize for players with handicaps of 20 or over:

Mrs. Beamish 101-20-81

A mixed foursomes was held from October 19 to November 3. There were eight entries. The best scores were:

Mrs. Evans and Cos- tello 89-17-72

Major and Mrs. Lucas 91-17-74

Mr. and Mrs. Mc- Eachern 93-15-78

Mrs. Saunders and Whyte-Smith 93-15-78

The new Chinese official in the Wine and Tobacco Tax Bureau in Peking sent back this order with an accompanying note, in which he is reported to have said in substance: "We understand that the United States is a prohibition country. Why, then, should an American diplomatic official wish to import wine. The order is not accepted, because America is a prohibition country."

Of course, there was no logic in the note. The United States Government, in spite of prohibition laws, permits diplomats in Washington to use liquor in the country, and to use them in the Legation in the American capital. American diplomatic officials in China are therefore in the same position as those of any other country in regard to liquors.

An Embarrassing Position.

But the Chinese official's note created an embarrassing situation for the American Minister. It is true that the United States has prohibition laws, and it might not be a diplomatic move to argue with Chinese officialdom about the right of American officials to bring in tax-free liquors.

So the word went round to members of the American Legation that hereafter no order would be signed for liquor imports. Great was the dismay among diplomats in the Legation, who would have to pay fully twice as much for their wines and liquors as before.

A Temporary Inconvenience.

Diplomats, however, are accustomed to getting their own way by one method or another. Some of the Americans, it is understood, arranged with other Legations to import liquors for them. This arrangement had no official approval, but was considered entirely ethical, because the Americans had the same legal right to bring in liquors tax-free as the others.

There has been no evidence that members of the Legation suffered appreciably from the Chinese official's decision, except for temporary inconvenience.

The Chinese Government itself, it is now learned, took the initiative in removing the "prohibition bar" upon the American Legation. When the local official's decision came to the attention of higher authorities, they recognized its lack of logic and informed the American Legation that despite the fact that their government had prohibition, they would not be expected to observe the laws of their country in China.

WHEATCROFT WINS "THE CHAMPIONS."

SHANGHAI RACE MEETING THIRD DAY.

THE FULL RESULTS.

The Champions was run off yesterday—the third day of the Shanghai Jockey Club's autumn meeting—the event going to Wheatcroft, ridden by Mr. Brand, with Busy Bee (Mr. Haimovitch) second and Alligator (Mr. Pote Hunt) third. The A and B sweep stakes winning numbers are also given below.

The full results, for which we are indebted to the Hong Kong Club, were as follows:—

1.—Subbling Well Cup: Seven Furlongs.

For all China ponies.
Poppyland (Mr. Bolton) 1
Glenogle (Mr. Needa) 2
Firefly (Mr. Brand) 3
Record: 1.45.2-5.

2.—Pari-Mutuel Cup: 1 Mile, 3 Furlongs.

For China ponies (2nd Class).
Black Diamond II. (Mr. Judah) 1
Tabby Cat (Mr. Pote Hunt) 2
Victory Eve (Mr. Haimovitch) 3
Time: 3.01.2-5.
Record: 2.55.2-5.

3.—The Jessfield Handicap: "A" Class: Nine Furlongs.

For China ponies (Y Class) and 1929 griffins.
Banquet Eve (Mr. Haimovitch) 1
Glenlivet (Mr. Needa) 2
Bligh Lad (Mr. Encarnaco) 3
Time: 2.24.4-5.
Record: 2.20.

4.—The Jessfield Handicap: "B" Class: Nine Furlongs.

Courage (Mr. McCann) 1
Wiki Wiki (Mr. Needa) 2
Kissit (Mr. Encarnaco) 3
Record: 2.20.

5.—The Wayside Cup: Seven Furlongs.

The Hopeful Bird (Mr. Pote Hunt) 1
Purple Diamond (Mr. Hill) 2
St. Patrick (Mr. Bolton) 3
Time: 1.51.1-5.
Record: 1.45.2-5.

6.—The Jockey Cup: 1 Mile.

For 2nd, 3rd and 4th Classes China ponies.
Ecarte (Mr. Caplan) 1
Howcroft (Mr. Reiber) 2
Shorty McJee (Mr. Elwes) 3
Time: 2.47.
Record: 2.32.2-5.

7.—Grand Stand Stakes: Seven Furlongs.

For China ponies (Y Class) and 1929 griffins.
King's Life (Mr. Needa) 1
Dominador (Mr. Needa) 2
The Night Hawk (Mr. Hill) 3
Time: 1.51.1-5.
Record: 1.45.2-5.

8.—Shafroff Challenge Cup AND Champion Sweepstakes (Classic): 1 Mile.

For China ponies (Y Class). Winners of this and the last two extra meetings.
Wheatcroft (Mr. Brand) 1
Busybee (Mr. Haimovitch) 2
Alligator (Mr. Pote Hunt) 3
Time: 2.40.2-5.
Record: 2.32.2-5.
(Continued on next column.)

MEDICAL PRACTICE IN OLD CHINA.

DEMONS OF DISEASE AND HOW TO DRIVE THEM OUT.

DR. WONG'S ENTHRALLING LECTURE.

Shanghai, November 1.—Dr. K. M. Wong arrived here yesterday afternoon from Hankow in order to deliver his sketch of Chinese Medical History to the interested audience gathered at 3 Museum Road. The lecture was given under the auspices of the Royal Asiatic Society.

Dr. Wong gave a preliminary résumé of the ancient or legendary period of Chinese history, telling of the necessary hardships endured by uncivilized people. Diseases were prevalent not only because of ignorance of sanitation but through hardships, weather conditions, and lack of knowledge in the preparation of foods. Naturally a great many of these primitive people were sick a great deal of the time and had no means of either relieving the cause or effecting a cure.

A Varied Assortment of Devils. Primitive man attributed to all inanimate objects his own sentiment and passions. Disease was regarded as the work of a varied assortment of devils. Thus, pains in the abdomen were thought to be caused by the House God. The devil of neuralgia used an iron brand which, at his whim, he placed on any part of the body. Headaches

were caused by a hammer in the hands of an angry god. The demons of malaria were three in number. The first stood by with a bucket of water to give chills. The second carried about a stove to make fever. And the third trotted along with a hammer for the headache.

There was only one efficacious way to subdue the wrath of the gods and that was by spells and incantations and charms. It usually took some time to appease a devil by this method, but in the end one either got well or died.

The First Herbalist.

In the next period a new philosophy of disease began to be spread about. Sheng Nung, a mythical creature with the head of an ox and the body of a man, is supposed to have experimented with herbs for medicinal purposes. It is related that daily he consumed hundreds of poisonous plants in order to test his theories and extract the medicine in which he so firmly believed. During the same period Huang Ti formed his famous diagnosis of the pulse. He believed that any illness, mental or physical, internal or external, could be detected, diagnosed, and cured by the pulse and its manipulation.

An interesting sidelight on the art of medicine during this period is the fact that the word "diagnosis" is divided into three symbols, a quiver, a spear, and a priest. The three symbols formed the common conception of a medicine healer.

The Age of Learning.

The Chow Dynasty was a period of great strides in the realms of art and literature. Great learning was considered to have its only field in these two subjects. It was largely due to this trend that there existed pretentious systems of healing which were largely absurd. All knowledge was theoretical and the study of medicine was dominated by scholastic subtleties.

During the latter part of this period the "Doctrine of the Two Principles" arose. These two principles were called Yang and Yin, representing the male and female elements in the most hypothetical conception; heaven and earth, life and death, hot and cold, and positive and negative. Disease was regarded and practiced on from the viewpoint that a disease of Yang came from external causes and one from Yin came from internal causes.

Between the years 960 A.D. and 1644 A.D. great strides were made toward the doing away of superstition and the establishing of medical schools. Doctors were compelled to pass examinations before they were allowed to practice medicine. Several very good doctors evolved from the medical schools, although ignorance was not entirely done away with, witchcraft and incantations grew less and less.

The Lamp From the West.

At the end of that time the modern, transitional period in medical knowledge began with a powerful force which swept the half-mythical beliefs and methods away from all civilized China. Western ideas were introduced with the advent of transportation. It is true that there is still a great deal of superstition, and many deaths are caused by ignorance and foolish methods of attempting to cure ills, but Dr. Wong is confident that nearly all China will soon be educated up to the standards of twentieth century knowledge and experiment in this realm.

PRE-PAID ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following classes of advertisements are charged at the price given below:—

PASTOR'S ESCAPE FROM BANDITS.**CAPTURED AND HELD FOR RANSOM.****DEMAND MADE FOR \$35,000.**

Hankow, Oct. 26.
Members of the congregation of the London Mission Church were more than happy when Pastor Kung, whose capture by bandits was reported the other day walked into the Church compound a little before 8 p.m. last night, very dishevelled and very tired, but free and safe.

All that was known in Hankow was that the day after the capture a note was left with a wealthy family demanding \$35,000 for the release of the captive. This note showed that the band had not intended to capture the Pastor, but a comrade who was supposed to be at his village home. This family sent the note to the relatives of the Pastor in his village.

Brigands' Anger.

At the first interview between a representative of the brigands and a relative of the Pastor, a demand was made for \$1,000 before matters were discussed, but the relative managed to get in a word edge wise that he had not come from the comrade but about the poor Pastor whom the brigands had taken.

This news was evidently not palatable and the interview ended after the relative had said that possibly \$300 might be found. The rest of the story comes from the escaped pastor.

The brigands were angry when the news came and the Pastor was told that one more demand would be made for ransom money and that if that was unsuccessful he

ADVICE FOR INVESTORS.

READERS are reminded that inquiries relating to the share market are answered on page 10 every Tuesday by "Kufan." Letters should be sent to this office, and must be accompanied by writer's name and address, not for publication. Letters should be addressed to "Kufan," care of the Editor.

would be shot. Two brigands were placed in charge of him, one of whom was an opium set. A small boy, always accompanied these two men.

Talks With Guards.

The Pastor talked freely with his guards, told them of his age and recent illness, and pleaded for compassion. The men responded to the extent of freeing his arms and getting food for him. On one occasion when a guard was handling his revolver, the Pastor asked him how it worked and the brigand obligingly showed him.

On Monday morning after daylight, the Pastor saw that his guards were still sleeping soundly. He got up quietly and made sure of the weapon. He had taken every chance to examine the fastenings of the door, and knew that the large bolt was fastened by a small crop catch.

He lifted that catch and then found that the child was rousing. He waved his hand to the child to keep still, and strangely the child nodded assent. The big bolt slid back quietly, but the door creaked badly as it opened and the guards awoke.

Pulled the Trigger.

The Pastor bolted across a yard and dropped over a wall. His first impulse was to fire at the men as they followed, and he actually pulled the trigger. Fortunately, the weapon proved to be useless, for the sound of the shot would have roused the whole band. The men also seemed anxious to recapture their captive without making a noise.

The Pastor still held the weapon and as the more active man ran at him he struck out, the blow knocking the brigand senseless. The opium set collared him, but his strength was not equal to holding Pastor Kung, despite the latter's advances.

Making as fast as he could for the nearest village, he had the good fortune to meet a post of the local militia, and these men, cared for him and saw him to the nearest station, from which point he came on to Hankow by train.

His many friends throughout the Yangtze Valley will rejoice at this wonderful escape from the dangers which threatened him.

SHOPPING GUIDE**People Who Advertise**

Invite Inspection
of their Stocks.

R. S. V. P.

Rolande Sarraut

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2ND FLOOR, ASIATIC BUILDING

TELEPHONE C. 2252

Fresh Flowers, Fruit and Vegetables**The Clover Flower Shop**

10, ICE HOUSE STREET

A SEK & CO. PHOTO-SUPPLIES

264, DES VŒUX RD. C. TEL. C. 3459

NAKAMURA MASSAGENo. 3, LEE TUNG STREET,
1ST FLOOR, WANCHAI,
HONG KONG.**RADIO SUPPLIES
ELECTRIC GRAMOPHONES
AND MOTORS.****RUDOLF WOLFF & KEW, Ltd.**54, QUEEN'S ROAD CTR.
1st Floor. Tel. C. 2173.**Macintosh and Co., Ltd.**

Men's Wear Specialists.

Alexandra Bldg. Des Vaux Road.

Piggily WiggilyTEAS & REFRESHMENTS,
HOME MADE CAKESThe Home of Fashion
CHILDREN'S FROCKS
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KAYAMALLY BUILDING

CAFE PAVILIONThe Best Bread in
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BREAD, CAKES,
SWEETS, CHOCOLATESWedding, Birthday and
Christening Cakes
made to order.

PHONE: KOWLOON 874

96, NATHAN ROAD
KOWLOON**PERMANENT WAVING**The Most Up-to-date
Beauty Shop in Town.
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49, POTTINGER STREET, CENTRAL
TEL. C. 6060. HONG KONG.**POWELL'S**Gentlemen's Tailors
and Outfitters.BESPOKE ORDERS
Executed in 24 Hours.

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TIENTSIN "PILE" CARPETSLIMITED QUANTITY.
MODERATE PRICE
AND
EXCELLENT QUALITY

FOOK WENG & Co.

(Fixed Price Store)
CHINA BUILDING
TELEPHONE: C. 4623**HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE**

FOR CAR HIRE

For Hong Kong: C. 4758
For Kowloon: K. 681**THE DAIRY FARM**

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FOR PURE MILK

FARM AND
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MEATS.

HOUSE FRO POULTRY

QUALITY WITH INTEGRITY**LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.**

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and Dealers in all kinds
of Fancy Goods50, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL
PHONE: CENT. 1317**AHMED DIN**

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PRICES MODERATE
FITTING GUARANTEEDMAIN SHOP: 4, D'AGUIAR ST.
HONG KONG
BRANCH SHOP: Peninsula Hotel
KOWLOON
Tel. K. 681, Ext. 28**AUCTION!**IF YOU ARE FURNISHING
AND WANT TO PICK UP
GOOD PIECES OF EITHER
EUROPEAN OR ORIENTAL
MAKE AT ADVANTAGEOUS
PRICE, GO TOLAMMERT BROS.,
DUDELL STREET**HAVE YOUR EYES
TESTED AND
FRAMES FITTED**By
THE HONGKONG OPTICAL CO.Qualified Opticians
53, QUEEN'S ROAD C. TEL. C. 2232**HONG KONG FURNITURE CO., LTD.**MANUFACTURERS OF
TEAKWOOD, BLACKWOOD
AND
RATTAN FURNITURE

8, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL

Mac's Cafeteria

HONG KONG HOTEL

Finest Selection of

CHOCOLATES

in FANCY GIFT BOXES

FRESH CALIFORNIA FRUITS

ALWAYS ON SALE

PRINCE'S CAFE

HIGH CLASS

RESTAURANT

No. 18A, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL

SPECIALITIES:—

CHILDREN'S BOOKS

RELIGIOUS BOOKS

CHINA SIDE BOOKS

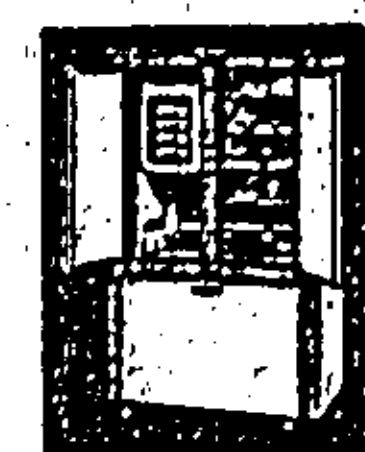
BIBLE DEPOT

WYNDHAM STREET

The SUN Co., Ltd.

DEPARTMENTAL STORE

DES VŒUX ROAD CENTRAL

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PORT BY TRUCK OR
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L. E. S. HODGE. K. 1423**FRIGIDAIRE**SOLE AGENTS
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AND

RECORDS

17, ICE HOUSE STREET
TEL. C. 4036**H.K. UNIVERSITY.****HONOURS LIST FOR
ENGINEERING GRADUATES.**

The Senate of the University of Hong Kong has, on recommendation of the London Assessors, awarded Honours Degrees to the following Engineering Graduates:—
Chan Kui Chuan (1st class honours)
H. T. M. Barra (2nd class honours)
H. Braga do
Kwa Soen Hwe do
Mek York Chan do
The system of sending final examination papers and record of laboratory experiments and drawing-office work done during their course by candidates for the Engineering Degrees to London Assessors (who are Examiners in the Engineering subjects in the London University) has always been followed by the Board of the Faculty of Engineering in the University of Hong Kong. It is satisfactory to notice that every year since the first final examinations were held in 1916 the London Assessors have awarded Honours Degrees.

CONCERT OF FRENCH MUSIC.**TO-DAY AT HELENA MAY INSTITUTE.**

An excellent programme of French music has been arranged by Madame Bonenfant for the second musicale of the season to-day at the Helena May Institute. A translation of the songs which will be sung by Mrs. Bowes Smith is appended to the printed programme.

The items are as follows:—
1.—Sonata in C Minor for Piano and cello M. and Mme. Bonenfant.
2.—Poème d'un Jour, Faure. Mrs. Bowes Smith.
3.—Variations symphoniques for piano and orchestra with orchestral accompaniment arranged for piano. Mme. Bonenfant and Mr. Bowes Smith.
4.—Air from 'Enfant Prodigue' Debussy. Mrs. Bowes Smith.
5.—Sonata in A Major, Franck for piano and violin. Mme. Bonenfant and Maj. Macnair.

DAILY SHARE QUOTATIONS.

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.				SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION.			
Buyers	Sellers	Bid	Offer	Buyers	Sellers	Bid	Offer
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6.							
Banks							
...	...	...	...	H.K. Bank	...	...	\$1,355
...	...	...	...	Do. (London)	...	...	214
...	...	...	...	Chartered Bank	...	...	234
...	...	...	...	Mercantile Bks. "A"	...	...	215
...	...	...	...	Do. "C"	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Bank of East Asia	...	...	...
Insurance							
...	...	...	...	Canton Ins.	...	...	\$700
...	...	...	...	Underwriters	...	...	\$2,35
...	...	...	...	North China	...	...	160
...	...	...	...	Union Ins.	...	...	374
...	...	...	...	Yangtze Ins.	...	...	360
...	...	...	...	China Fire	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	H.K. Fire	...	...	...
Shipping							
...	...	...	...	Douglases	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Steamboats	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Indos (pref.)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (def.)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Shell Transports	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Water-boats	...	...	...
Mining							
...	...	...	...	Benquats	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Kailans	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Langkats (comb.)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (single)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Explorations	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Shanghai Loans	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Rails	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Trunk Mines	...	...	...
Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.							
...	...	...	...	H.K. & K. Wharves	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Providents	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	H.K. Docks	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Shanghai Docks	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	New Engineering	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Hongkows	...	...	...
Cotton Mills							
...	...	...	...	Ewos	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Shal. Cottons (old)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (new)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Zoong Sings	...	...	...
Lands, Hotels and Buildings							
...	...	...	...	H.K. & S. Hotels	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	H.K. Lands	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Shanghai Lands	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	H.K. Realty	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Humphreys	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Chinese Estates	...	...	...
Public Utilities							
...	...	...	...	Tramways	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Peak Trams (old)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (new)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Star Ferry	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	C. Lights (old)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (new)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	H.K. Electric	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Macao do	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Sandakan Lights	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Telephones	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	China Buses	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Tractions	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (pref.)	...	...	...
Industrials							
...	...	...	...	Caldbeck, (ord.)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Macgregor (pref.)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Canton Ice	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Cements (comb.)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (old)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (new)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Ropes	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	China Sugars	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Malabon Sugars	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	United Asbestos	...	...	...
Miscellaneous							
...	...	...	...	Dairy Farms	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do & Wang	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Amusements	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Constructions	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Lane Crawfords	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Mackintosh	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Nanyang Tobacco	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Sincere (old)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (new)	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Watsons	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Wm. Powell	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	B. Ind. G.S. Bonds	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	H.K. Govt. Loan	...	...	...

ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

ALEXANDRIA.

Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Dec. 1.

AMOI.

Chinkiang, B. & S., Nov. 7.
Haiching, Douglas, Nov. 8.
Anhui, B. & S., Nov. 10.
Hosang, Jardine's, Nov. 10.
Kanchow, B. & S., Nov. 10.
Tjileboet, J.C.J.L., Nov. 11.
Haining, Douglas, Nov. 12.
Liangchow, B. & S., Nov. 12.
Haiching, Douglas, Nov. 13.
Tjikarabang, J.C.J.L., Nov. 16.
Takliwa, B.I., Nov. 17.
Anking, B. & S., Nov. 18.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Nov. 20.
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., Nov. 20.
Namsang, Jardine's, Nov. 27.
Tjikabab, J.C.J.L., Nov. 27.
Yuenang, Jardine's, Dec. 3.

ANTWERP.

Sauerland, Jebson, Nov. 14.
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.
Kulmerland, Jebson, Nov. 26.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 30.
Malaya, Manners, Dec. 5.

AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Cabarita, Dodwell's, Nov. 14.
Taiping, B. & S., Nov. 15.
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 20.
Tanda, E. & A., Nov. 29.

BALTI PORTS.

Malaya, Manners, Dec. 5.

BALTIMORE.

Comliebank, Bank, Nov. 27.
City of Winnipeg, Bank, Dec. 3.

BANGKOK.

Helios, Thoresen, Nov. 19.
Kaying, B. & S., Nov. 11.
Hirundo, Thoresen, Nov. 17.
Kiangsu, B. & S., Nov. 17.
Hiram, Thoresen, Nov. 24.

BELAWAN DELI.

Van Houtz, J.C.J.L., Nov. 7.
Main, Melchers, Nov. 9.
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 16.
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.
Lahn, Melchers, Dec. 6.

BOMBAY.

Macedonia, P. & O., Nov. 9.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 11.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Nov. 19.
Tokiwa Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 27.
Rawalpindi, P. & O., Dec. 7.

BOSTON.

British Prince, Furness, Nov. 8.
Tsuyama Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 8.
Penrith Castle, Dodwell's, Nov. 18.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.
Japanese Prince, Furness, Nov. 18.
Asuka Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 20.
Comliebank, Bank, Nov. 27.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Dec. 1.
City of Winnipeg, Bank, Dec. 3.
Siamese Prince, Furness, Dec. 3.

BREMER.

Main, Melchers, Nov. 9.
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 16.
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.
Malaya, Manners, Dec. 5.
Lahn, Melchers, Dec. 6.

BRINDISI.

Romolo, D'well's, Nov. 30.

CALCUTTA.

Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 12.
Kumsang, Jardine's, Nov. 16.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.
Shirala, B.I., Nov. 19.
Taima, B.I., Nov. 22.

CEBU.

Golden Sun, S.S.S., Nov. 10.
Bellingham, S.S.S., Nov. 15.
Nevada, S.S.S., Nov. 20.

CHEFOO.

Huichow, B. & S., Nov. 7.
Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 26.

COLOMBO.

Macedonia, P. & O., Nov. 9.
Main, Melchers, Nov. 9.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 11.
Sauerland, Jebson, Nov. 14.
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 16.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Nov. 19.
Porthis, M.M., Nov. 19.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Nov. 22.
Kashgar, P. & O., Nov. 23.
Kulmerland, Jebson, Nov. 26.
Tokiwa Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 27.
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 30.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Dec. 1.
Lahn, Melchers, Dec. 6.
Rawalpindi, P. & O., Dec. 7.

COPENHAGEN.

Malaya, Manners, Dec. 5.

DALNY.

Liangchow, B. & S., Nov. 13.
Patroclus, B. & S., Nov. 13.
Koenigsberg, Melchers, Nov. 24.
Orestes, B.F., Nov. 28.
Isar, Melchers, Nov. 30.

DUTCH PORTS.

City of Melbourne, Bank, Nov. 8.
Main, Melchers, Nov. 9.
Calchas, B.F., Nov. 12.
Sauerland, Jebson, Nov. 14.
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 16.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Nov. 22.
Kashgar, P. & O., Nov. 23.
Shantung, Gilman's, Nov. 25.
Kulmerland, Jebson, Nov. 26.
Sarpedon, B.F., Nov. 28.
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 30.
Malaya, Manners, Dec. 1.
Lahn, Melchers, Dec. 6.

FOOCHOW.

Huichow, B. & S., Nov. 7.
Haiching, Douglas, Nov. 8.
Haining, Douglas, Nov. 12.
Chipshing, Jardine's, Nov. 15.
Haiching, Douglas, Nov. 15.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Nov. 28.

GENOA.

Sauerland, Jebson, Nov. 14.
Tokiwa Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 15.
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 16.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.
Autolycus, B.F., Nov. 20.
Kulmerland, Jebson, Nov. 26.
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Dec. 1.
Lahn, Melchers, Dec. 6.

GLASGOW.

Autolycus, B.F., Nov. 20.
Sarpedon, B.F., Nov. 28.

GOTTEBURG.

Malaya, Manners, Dec. 5.

HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW.

Canton, M.M., Nov. 12/13.
Chengtu, B. & S., Nov. 14.
Tonkin, M.M., Nov. 19.
Chekiang, B. & S., Nov. 23.

HAMBURG.

City of Melbourne, Bank, Nov. 8.
Main, Melchers, Nov. 9.
Calchas, B.F., Nov. 12.
Sauerland, Jebson, Nov. 14.
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 16.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Nov. 22.
Kashgar, P. & O., Nov. 23.
Shantung, Gilman's, Nov. 25.
Kulmerland, Jebson, Nov. 26.
Sarpedon, B.F., Nov. 28.
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.
Malaya, Manners, Dec. 5.
Lahn, Melchers, Dec. 6.

HAYE.

Autolycus, B.F., Nov. 20.

HONOLULU.

Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 13.
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 27.

ILOILO.

Golden Sun, S.S.S., Nov. 10.
Bellingham, S.S.S., Nov. 15.
Nevada, S.S.S., Nov. 20.

JAPAN PORTS.

Gleniffer, Jardine's, Nov. 8.
Rawalpindi, P. & O., Nov. 8.
Hosang, Jardine's, Nov. 10.
Sauerland, Jebson, Nov. 10.
Totori Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 10.
Diomed, B.F., Nov. 11.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 11.
Alipore, P. & O., Nov. 12.
Labore, P. & O., Nov. 12.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Nov. 12.
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 13.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Nov. 18.
Takliwa, B.I., Nov. 17.
Totori Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 17.
Athos II, M.M., Nov. 19.
Canton, Gilman's, Nov. 19.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Nov. 19.
Ammon, Jebson, Nov. 20.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Nov. 20.
Khyber, P. & O., Nov. 22.
Malwa, P. & O., Nov. 23.
Tyndarus, B.F., Nov. 23.
Koenigsberg, Melchers, Nov. 24.
Radnorshire, Jardine's, Nov. 25.
Danmark, Manners, Nov. 26.
Himalaya, D'well's, Nov. 26.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Nov. 26.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Nov. 27.
Namsang, Jardine's, Nov. 27.
Oldenburg, Jebson, Nov. 27.
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 27.
Isar, Melchers, Nov. 30.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Dec. 3.
D'Artagnan, M.M., Dec. 3.
Yuenang, Jardine's, Dec. 3.
Glenoglie, Jardine's, Dec. 3.

JAYA PORTS.

Tjiondori, J.C.J.L., Nov. 9.
Tjileboet, J.C.J.L., Nov. 19.
Tjikabang, J.C.J.L., Nov. 29.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Nov. 30.
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., Dec. 3.

LIVERPOOL.

Tokiwa Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 15.
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.
Autolycus, B.F., Nov. 20.

LONDON.

City of Melbourne, Bank, Nov. 8.
Macedonia, P. & O., Nov. 9.
Calchas, B.F., Nov. 12.
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.
Autolycus, B.F., Nov. 20.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Nov. 22.
Kashgar, P. & O., Nov. 23.
Sarpedon, B.F., Nov. 28.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 30.
Rawalpindi, P. & O., Dec. 7.

LOS ANGELES.

Pres. Taft, Dollar, Nov. 10.
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 27.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Dec. 3.

MANILA.

British Prince, Furness, Nov. 7.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Nov. 9.
Golden Sun, S.S.S., Nov. 10.
Cabrita, Dodwell's, Nov. 14.
Sauerland, Jebson, Nov. 14.
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 16.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.
Bellingham, S.S.S., Nov. 18.
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 19.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Nov. 22.
Kashgar, P. & O., Nov. 23.
Kulmerland, Jebson, Nov. 26.
Sarpedon, B.F., Nov. 28.
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 30.
Malaya, Manners, Dec. 1.
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., Dec. 3.

MARSEILLES.

Macedonia, P. & O., Nov. 9.
Main, Melchers, Nov. 9.
Sauerland, Jebson, Nov. 14.
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 15.
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 15.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.
Porthis, M.M., Nov. 19.
Kulmerland, Jebson, Nov. 26.
Pfalz, Melchers, Dec. 6.
Rawalpindi, P. & O., Dec. 7.

NAPLES.

Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 30.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Dec. 1.

NEW HONGKONG.

Liangchow, B. & S., Nov. 13.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Nov. 28.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

British Prince, Furness, Nov. 8.
Tsuyama Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 8.
Penrith Castle, Dodwell's, Nov. 18.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.
Japanese Prince, Furness, Nov. 18.
Asuka Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 20.
Comliebank, Bank, Nov. 27.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Dec. 1.
City of Winnipeg, Bank, Dec. 3.
Siamese Prince, Furness, Dec. 3.

NORTH CHINA.

Sauerland, Jebson, Nov. 10.
Ammon, Jebson, Nov. 20.
Koenigsberg, Melchers, Nov. 24.
Isar, Melchers, Nov. 30.

OSLO.

Shantung, Gilman's, Nov. 25.
Malaya, Manners, Dec. 5.

PANAMA.

Tsuyama Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 8.
Asuka Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 20.

PENANG.

Van Houtz, J.C.J.L., Nov. 7.
Macedonia, P. & O., Nov. 9.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 11.
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 12.
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.
Kumsang, Jardine's, Nov. 16.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.
Taima, B.I., Nov. 19.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Nov. 19.
Shirala, B.I., Nov. 19.
Taima, B.I., Nov. 22.
Kashgar, P. & O., Nov. 23.
Tokiwa Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 27.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 30.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Dec. 1.
Rawalpindi, P. & O., Dec. 7.

PORTLAND.

Washington, S.S.S., Nov. 18.
Kambove, Bank, Dec. 7.

RAHATUL.

Bremhaven, Melchers, Nov. 9.
Cabrita, Dodwell's, Nov. 14.

RANGOON.

Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 12.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.

SAIGON.

Porthis, M.M., Nov. 19.
Chenonceaux, M.M., Dec. 3.

SANDAKAN.

Mausang, Jardine's, Nov. 7.
Cabrita, Dodwell's, Nov. 14.
Hinsang, Jardine's, Nov. 20.
Tanda, E. & A., Nov. 29.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 13.
Washington, S.S.S., Nov. 18.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Nov. 19.
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 27.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Dec. 3.

SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Shantung, Gilman's, Nov. 25.
Malaya, Manners, Dec. 5.

SEATTLE.

Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Nov. 12.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Nov. 26.
Kambove, Bank, Dec. 7.

SHANGHAI.

Changchow, B. & S., Nov. 7.
Chinkiang, B. & S., Nov. 7.
Teau, B. & S., Nov. 7.
Gleniffer, Jardine's, Nov. 8.
Rawalpindi, P. & O., Nov. 8.
Hosang, Jardine's, Nov. 10.
Kanchow, B. & S., Nov. 10.
Sauerland, Jebson, Nov. 10.
Suizang, B. & S., Nov. 10.
Totori Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 10.
Diomed, B.F., Nov. 11.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 11.
Labore, P. & O., Nov. 12.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Nov. 12.
Sunning, B. & S., Nov. 12.
Hangsang, Jardine's, Nov. 13.
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 13.
Liangchow, B. & S., Nov. 13.
Patroclus, B.F., Nov. 13.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Nov. 18.
Tjikabang, J.C.J.L., Nov. 18.
Totori Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 17.
Yatsing, Jardine's, Nov. 17.
Athos II, M.M., Nov. 19.
Canton, Gilman's, Nov. 19.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Nov. 19.
Ammon, Jebson, Nov. 20.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Nov. 20.
Khyber, P. & O., Nov. 22.
Malwa, P. & O., Nov. 23.
Koenigsberg, Melchers, Nov. 24.
Radnorshire, Jardine's, Nov. 25.
Danmark, Manners, Nov. 26.
Himalaya, D'well's, Nov. 26.

SHANGHAI (Continued).

Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Nov. 26.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Nov. 27.
Oldenburg, Jebson, Nov. 27.
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 27.
Tjikabab, J.C.J.L., Nov. 27.
Isar, Melchers, Nov. 30.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Dec. 3.
Chenonceaux, M.M., Dec. 3.
Glenoglie, Jardine's, Dec. 3.

SINGAPORE.

Van Houtz, J.C.J.L., Nov. 7.
Macedonia, P. & O., Nov. 9.
Main, Melchers, Nov. 9.
Anhui, B. & S., Nov. 10.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 11.
Lahn, Melchers, Dec. 6.
Sauerland, Jebson, Nov. 14.
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.
Kumsang, Jardine's, Nov. 16.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 16.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.
Anking, B. & S., Nov. 18.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Nov. 19.
Porthis, M.M., Nov. 19.
Shirala, B.I., Nov. 19.
Taima, B.I., Nov. 22.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Nov. 22.
Kashgar, P. & O., Nov. 23.
Kulmerland, Jebson, Nov. 26.
Tokiwa Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 27.
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 30.
Lahn, Melchers, Dec. 6.
Rawalpindi, P. & O., Dec. 7.

SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., Dec. 2.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., Dec. 2.

SWATOW.

Waishing, Jardine's, Nov. 8.
Huichow, B. & S., Nov. 7.
Teau, B. & S., Nov. 7.
Haiching, Douglas, Nov. 8.
Anhui, B. & S., Nov. 10.
Helios, Thoresen, Nov. 10.
Hosang, Jardine's, Nov. 10.
Suizang, B. & S., Nov. 10.
Kaying, B. & S., Nov. 11.
Tjileboet, J.C.J.L., Nov. 11.
Haining, Douglas, Nov. 12.
Sunning, B. & S., Nov. 12.
Hangsang, Jardine's, Nov. 13.
Haiching, Douglas, Nov. 13.
Hirundo, Thoresen, Nov. 17.
Kiangsu, B. & S., Nov. 17.
Yatsing, Jardine's, Nov. 17.
Anking, B. & S., Nov. 18.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Nov. 20.
Hiram, Thoresen, Nov. 24.
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., Nov. 24.

TIENTSIN.

Huichow, B. & S., Nov. 7.
Chipshing, Jardine's, Nov. 15.
Koenigsberg, Melchers, Nov. 24.
Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 26.
Chekiang, B. & S., Nov. 28.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Nov. 28.
Isar, Melchers, Nov. 30.

TRIESTE AND VENICE.

Romolo, D'well's, Nov. 20.

TSINGTAO.

Hosang, Jardine's, Nov. 10.
Suizang, B. & S., Nov. 10.
Sunning, B. & S., Nov. 12.
Hangsang, Jardine's, Nov. 13.
Yatsing, Jardine's, Nov. 17.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, Nov. 20.
Koenigsberg, Melchers, Nov. 24.
Isar, Melchers, Nov. 30.

VANCOUVER, B.C.

Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Nov. 16.
Tyndarus, B.F., Nov. 23.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Nov. 27.

VICTORIA, B.C.

President Jackson, A.M.L., Nov. 12.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Nov. 18.
Tyndarus, B.F., Nov. 23.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Nov. 26.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Nov. 27.

VLADIVOSTOCK.

Gleniffer, Jardine's, Nov. 8.
Canton, Gilman's, Nov. 19.
Radnorshire, Jardine's, Nov. 25.
Glenoglie, Jardine's, Dec. 3.

WEIHAIWEI.

Huichow, B. & S., Nov. 7.
Chipshing, Jardine's, Nov. 15.
Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 26.
Chekiang, B. & S., Nov. 28.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Nov. 28.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LIMITED.

FROM MIDDLESBRO, LONDON, STRAITS AND MANILA.

The Steamship "BENVOLICH"

CONSIGNEES OF Cargo are hereby

informed that all Goods are being

landed at their risk into the Godowns

and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the

Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and

Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from

the wharves Delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the

12th instant will be subject to Rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must

be presented to the Underwriter on or

before the 28th instant, or they will

not be recognized.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods

are to be left in the Godowns, where

they will be examined on the 9th

instant at 10 a.m., by Messrs. Goddard

& Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"TEAN"	On 7th Nov.	Daylight
SWATOW, FOCHOW, WHEATSWAY, CHONGCHOW & SHANGHAI	"HUICHOW"	On 7th Nov.	10 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"CHANGCHOW"	On 7th Nov.	5 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"CHINKIANG"	On 7th Nov.	5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SUIYANG"	On 10th Nov.	Daylight
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"ANHUI"	On 10th Nov.	8 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KANGHAI"	On 10th Nov.	10 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SUNYING"	On 11th Nov.	5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"CHANGCHOW"	On 12th Nov.	Daylight
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"OHENGTHU"	On 12th Nov.	5 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KIANGSU"	On 17th Nov.	10 a.m.
SWATOW, AMOI, SWATOW & S'PORE	"ANKING"	On 18th Nov.	5 p.m.
WHEATSWAY, CHONGCHOW & SHANGHAI	"KUEIHOW"	On 26th Nov.	18 a.m.
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"CHIEKIANG"	On 28th Nov.	10 a.m.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

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TELEPHONE CENTRAL 86. Agents.

CARGO AND PASSENGER CAN BE INSURED AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

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THREE NEW TANKERS MAINTAIN A REGULAR SERVICE FROM
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Through Bill of Lading issued to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports
Excellent & Most Up-to-date First & Second Class Passenger Accommodation.
HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.

STEAMER	Days Home	Days to Home
TAIPING	15th November	17th December
CHANGTE	16th December	17th January, 1930
TAIPING	14th January, 1930	18th February
CHANGTE	11th February	18th February

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THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

COPENHAGEN.

The M.S. "MALAYA"

loading on or about
5th DECEMBER

PORT SAID, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,
AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN
AND OTHER SCANDINAVIAN & BALTI PORTS.

SAILING LIST.

OTHER SAILINGS:	SHANGHAI, ETC.	CONTINENT, ETC.
M.S. "Danmark"	25th Nov.	4th Jan.
M.S. "Annam"	18th Dec.	25th Jan.
M.S. "Java"	8th Jan.	12th Feb.

Optional Bills of Lading issued to United Kingdom Ports.

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PRINCE LINE

AUGMENTED SERVICE
SAILINGS EVERY 14 DAYS

TO
BOSTON
AND
NEW YORK

"BRITISH PRINCE" ... Nov. 6th
"JAPANESE PRINCE" ... Nov. 18th
"SIAMESE PRINCE" ... Dec. 3rd

Excellent Accommodation for a Limited Number of Passengers at Moderate Rates.

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Sailings from Hong Kong:

To MARSHALLS via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden), Suez, Port-Said.	To Yokohama via Shanghai and Kobe.
PORTHOS ... 18th Nov.	ATHOS II ... 19th Nov.
CHENONCEAUX ... 3rd Dec.	PARTAGANAN ... 3rd Dec.
ATHOS II ... 17th Dec.	ANGERS ... 17th Dec.
L'ARTAGANAN ... 31st Dec.	SEPHINX ... 31st Dec.
ANGERS ... 14th Jan.	G. METZINGER ... 14th Jan.
SEPHINX ... 28th Jan.	ANDRE LEBON ... 28th Jan.
G. METZINGER ... 11th Feb.	PORTHOS ... 11th Feb.
ANDRE LEBON ... 25th Feb.	CHENONCEAUX ... 25th Feb.

We can issue Through Tickets to Egypt, Syrian Ports, East Africa, Madagascar by Transshipment on our Mail Steamers at Port-Said, or Djibouti.

COMMERCIAL LINE

For DUNKERK via Port-Said, Oran, Casablanca, Hamburg, Rotterdam.

(Answered) For Full Particulars, apply to—

CL. des MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

Telephones: C. 651 and 740. 2 Queen's Buildings.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

NOVEMBER 5, 1929.													NOVEMBER 6, 1929.												
STATION	Hour	Barometer at Sea Level		Temperature	Humidity	Wind			State of Sky	Hour	Hour	Barometer at Sea Level		Temperature	Humidity	Wind			State of Sky	Hour	Hour				
		Inches	Mills			Direction	Force	Direction				Force	Inches			Mills	Direction	Force							
Wladivostok	12	30.09	764.2	50	...	SE	3	o	...	6	...	30.13	763.9	35	...	N	2	...	...	...	...	...			
Nemuro	11	30.14	765.5	...	...	SSW	3	4	...	5	...	30.29	769.0	...	...	SW	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Hokodate	...	30.18	766.6	...	...	W	4	...	...	...	...	30.32	770.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Tokio	...	30.30	769.5	...	...	N	1	...	...	...	...	30.39	772.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Kochi	...	30.30	772.9	...	...	...	0	...	...	...	...	30.26	768.5	...	...	SW	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Nagasaki	...	30.26	768.5	...	...	SE	1	...	...	...	...	30.14	763.5	...	...	SE	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Kagoshima	...	30.22	767.3	...	...	...	0	...	...	...	...	30.18	766.5	...	...	ESE	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Oshima	...	30.14	765.5	...	...	SE	1	...	...	...	...	30.08	764.0	...	...	SE	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Naha	...	30.08	764.0	...	...	E	2	...	...	...	...	30.02	763.5	...	...	E	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Ishigakijima	...	30.06	763.5	...	...	E	3	...	...	...	...	29.98	761.5	...	...	E	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Ronin Island	...	30.10	764.5	...	...	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	30.18	766.5	...	...	ESE	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Chefoo	15	30.10	764.5	60	71	NNW	6	o	...	6	...	30.19	766.8	44	82	NNW	2	...	...	...	...	...			
Shanghai	14	30.14	765.8	84	71	NNW	2	...	...	...	...	30.19	766.8	87	96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Gutzlaff	...	30.17	766.3	68	79	NNW	4	...	...	...	...	30.22	767.6	60	84	NNW	4	...	...	...	...	...			
Sharp Peak	...	29.96	761.0	78	82	N	1	...	...	...	...	30.04	763.0	71	90	SW	1	...	...	...	...	...			
Amoy	...	29.94	760.5	82	71	SSE	1	...	...	6	...	29.98	761.5	72	92	W	4	...	...	...	...	...			
Swatow	...	29.90	759.4	76	78	ESE	1	c	b	...	...	29.94	760.5	71	96	NE	4	...	...	...	...	...			
Taihou	...	29.99	761.7	82	67	SE	4	b	b	...	5	29.95	760.3	72	92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Taihu	...	30.00	762.0	82	...	E	4	o	b	...	...	30.00	762.0	72	92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Tainan	...	30.00	762.0	84	...	W	2	2	b	...	...	29.98	761.4	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Koshun	...	29.98	761.4	84	...	NNE	4	b	b	...	...	29.94	760.5	73	...	NE	2	...	...	...	...	...			
Pescadores	...	30.00	762.0	79	...	N	4	2	o	...	...	29.95	760.6	73	...	W	2	...	...	...	...	...			
Hong Kong	14	29.93	760.2	77	68	E	2	2	o	...	6	29.93	760.2	73	89	ESE	2	...	...	...	...	...			
Gap Rock	...	29.94	760.5	...	...	ESE	4	2	o	...	...	29.92	759.9	...	...	E	2	...	...	...	...	...			
Macao	...	29.91	759.6	81	62	ESE	2	o	...	...	...	29.91	759.6	70	91	ESE	4	...	...	...	...	...			
Hoihow	...	29.90	759.4	78	80	ESE	4	o	r	...	...	29.90	759.4	77	93	E	3	...	...	...	...	...			
Pratas Island	...	29.89	759.3	73	92	N	2	2	b	...	7	29.93	760.2	93	98	NE	4	...	...	...	...	...			
Philippines	15	29.75	755.7	76	...	N	2	2	b	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Tourane	...	29.76	756.0	...	...	NNE	2	2	b	...	...	29.79	755.6	77	...	ESE	4	...	...	...	...	...			
Cape St. James	...	29.75	755.8	...	...	NNE	2	2	b	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Baco	14	29.87	756.7	82	77	ESE	4	4	o	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Aparri	...	29.81	757.2	84	77	ESE	4	4	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Tuguegarao	...	29.80	756.9	86	71	W	0	4	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Vigan	...	29.75	755.7	86	71	W	2	2	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Manila	...	29.76	756.0	86	65	SE	2	2	o	...	...	29.81	757.2	73	94	NE	2	...	...	...	...	...			
Lepanto	...	29.73	755.1	90	72	NE	2	4	r	...	...	29.78	756.3	79	90	NE	4	...	...	...	...	...			
Calbayog	...	29.73	755.1	84	77	NNE	2	4	r	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Tacolban	...	29.69	754.2	86	65	NE	6	b	...	...	...	29.75	755.7	77	96	NE	2	...	...	...	...	...			
Noilo	...	29.69	754.2	90	63	NE	4	4	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Cebu	...	29.69	754.2	84	77	NE	4	4	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Surigao	...	29.69	754.2	84	77	NE	4	4	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Saipu	...	29.75	755.7	...	...	E	6	o	...	5	...	29.97	758.7	78	...	E	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Gua m	12.23	29.75	755.7	...	...	E	6	o	...	4.23	...	29.76	756.0	...	...	ESE	4	...	...	...	...	...			
Yap	11.00	29.69	754.2	...	...	ESE	4	o	...	5	...	29.75	755.6	82	...	E	3	...	...	...	...	...			
Pelaw	...	29.75	756.0	...	...	E	6	o	...	...	...	29.82	757.4	80	...	E	3	...	...	...	...	...			
Ponape	...	29.82	757.4	...	...	E	8	...	...	...	...	29.82	757.4	76	91	SW	2	...	...	...	...	...			
Labuan	14	29.79	756.6	88	24	NE	2	b	...	6	...	29.87	758.7	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			

November 6d. 10A. 4m.—The anticyclone has passed into the Pacific to the east of Japan, and another appears to be developing over N. China.
Moderate to fresh monsoon will prevail along the China coast and over the N. China Sea.
Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.55 inch. Total since January 1, 68.98 inches, against an average of 50.81 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON NOVEMBER 7.

- 1.—Formosa Channel ... N. winds, fresh.
- 2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamoo ... N.E. winds, fresh; cloudy, rain.
- 3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock ... N.E. winds, fresh; cloudy, rain.
- 4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan ... N.E. winds, fresh; cloudy, rain.

C. W. JEFFRIES, Director.

HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, November 6

Previous Day at 4 p.m.	On Date at 4 p.m.	On Date at 4 p.m.
Barometer ... 29.92	30.00	22.95
Temperature ... 77	77	68
Humidity ... 65	82	77
Wind ... E	N	N
Direction ... E	N	N
Force ... 0	0	0
Weather ... 0	0	0
Rain ... 0.00	0.00	0.74

Highest open-air Temperature, 77.7

Lowest open-air Temperature, 67.6

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.

SHIPS IN HARBOUR.

The following ships were in harbour yesterday:

Wharves:—Kowloon: Benvenich; A.P.C.—North Point: Utrecht; Jardine Matheson's: Hangsang; O.S.K.—Canton (Maru), Deli Maru; Douglas Laprak: Haiching; Docks:—Kowloon: Kowcho, Sui An, Kwongsang, Heleaton, Venezia; Taikeo: Seng Bee, Liangchow, Tung On, Sheng Cheong, Kaying, Amalthus, Kentucky; Buoy:—A2 Takada, A3 Venezia, A5 Tyndarus, A6 Carbaria, B6 Tean, A10 Kwonglung, B12 Sui-sang, B13 Linan, C19 New Mathilde, C17 G.G. Meilin, C19 Foo Lee, B21 Seistan, B24 Amur Maru, A23 Tai-yetsu Maru, A27 Tjikembang, A29 Jani Heuba, B32 Hopsang, C35 Helios, B36 Bistang, C37 Huichow, B38 Tai Lee, C38 Changchow, C40 Prosper, C41 Clane, C42 Weng Sok Kung, C43 Chinkiang, C44 Bennerhaven, C45 Kathe, C46 Kronvik, B51 Takao Maru, B56 Apoc.

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE.

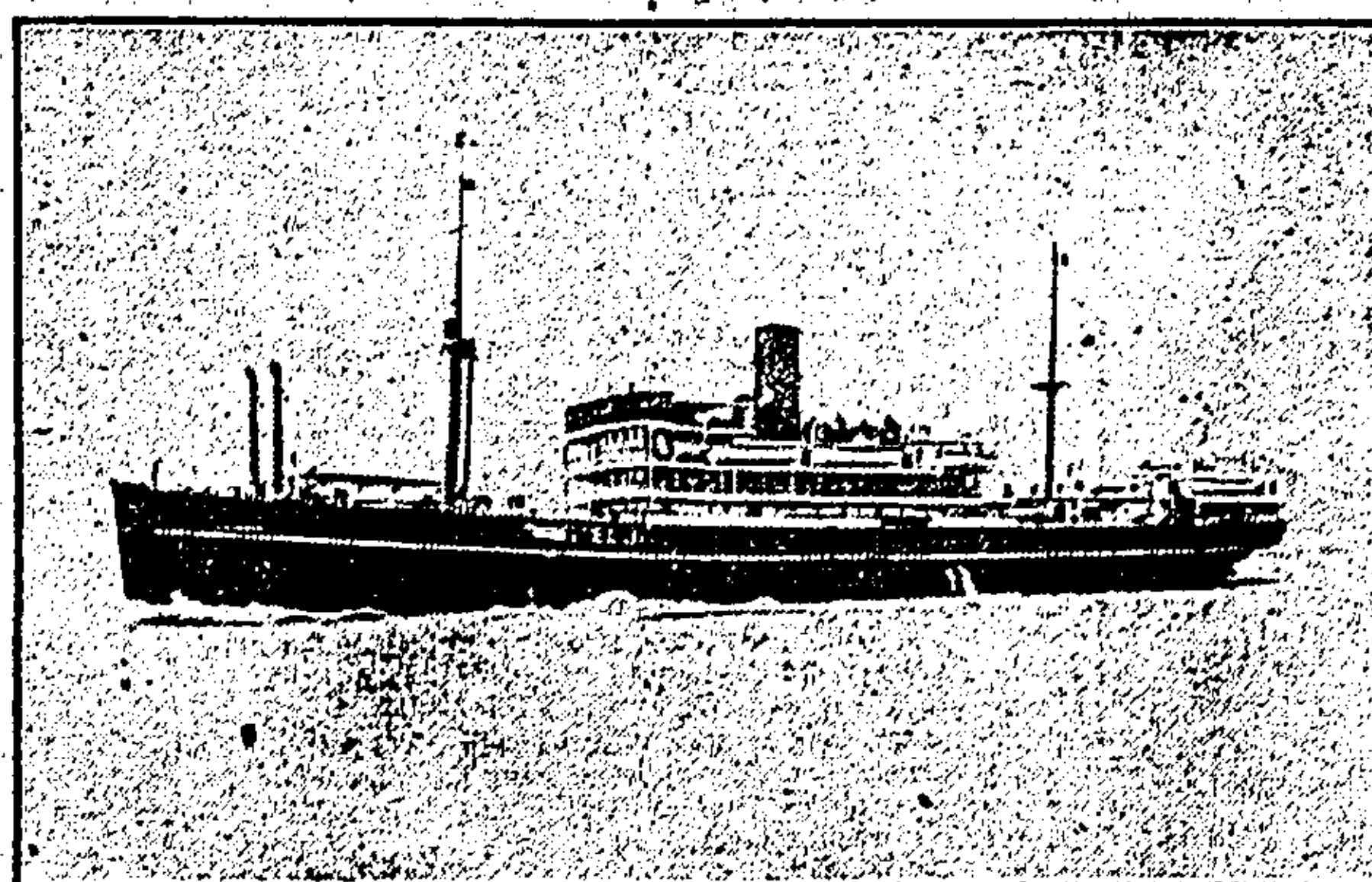
From November 7 to 13, 1929.

Days of Week	Date	High Water		Low Water	
		Time	Height	Time	Height
Thurs	7	h. m.	7.2	h. m.	7.1
Fri	8	No info.	high	nor Low	wat.
Sat	9	No info.	high	nor Low	wat.
Sun	10	No info.	high	nor Low	wat.
Mon	11	No info.	high	nor Low	wat.
Tue	12	No info.	high	nor Low	wat.
Wed	13	No info.	high	nor Low	wat.

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R. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.I.N.A., Kowloon Dock, Hong Kong.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS

To	STEAMSHIP	DATE
TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"BOFSANG"	Sun., 10th Nov., at 7 a.m.
	"HANGSANG"	Wed., 13th Nov., at 7 a.m.
	"YATSHING"	Wed., 20th Nov., at 7 a.m.
OSAKA via AMOI, MOJI & KOBE	"HOSANG"	Sun., 10th Nov., at 7 a.m.
	"NAMSANG"	Wed., 13th Nov., at 7 a.m.
	"YUENSANG"	Wed., 18th Dec., at 7 a.m.
OSAKA via AMOI, S'HAU, MOJI & KOBE	"KUTSANG"	Wed., 20th Nov., at 7 a.m.
SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	"KUMSANG"	Satur., 16th Nov., at 3 p.m.
SANDAKAN	"MAUSANG"	Thurs., 7th Nov., at 11 a.m.
	"RINSANG"	Wed., 20th Nov., at 3 p.m.
TIENTSIN via FOCHOW, WRI-HAI-WEI & NEWCHWANG	"CHIPSING"	Fri., 15th Nov., at 7 a.m.
TIENTSIN via FOCHOW & WRI-HAI-WEI	"CHEONGSHING"	Thurs., 28th Nov., at 7 a.m.

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GLEN LINE.

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Motor Vessel "GLENBEG"	...	22nd November
Steamship "GLENIFFER"	...	25th December
Steamship "GLENHANE"	...	5th February
Motor Vessel "GLENHARRY"	...	5th March

To SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VLADIVOSTOK.

Steamship "GLENIFFER"	...	8th November
Steamship "RADNORSHIRE"	...	25th November
Motor Vessel "GLENHARRY"	...	6th December
Steamship "GLENHANE"	...	23rd December
Motor Vessel "GLENAMOI"	...	6th January

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NEXT SAILINGS TO EUROPE:

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Pass. S.S. "Main"	...	departure 16th Nov.
Express Freight S.S. "Pala"	...	departure 29th Nov.
Express Freight S.S. "Laha"	...	departure 6th Dec.
Express Freight S.S. "Koenigsberg"	...	departure 17th Dec.
Express Freight S.S. "Ilmar"	...	departure 24th Dec.
Express Freight S.S. "Isar"	...	departure 31st Jan.
Express Freight S.S. "SAARBRUECKEN"	...	departure 11th Jan.
Express Freight S.S. "Augsburg"	...	departure 20th Jan.
Express Freight S.S. "Alder"	...	departure 31st Jan.

Passenger steamers sailing via Manila and Porto to Genoa.



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NOVEMBER 16th, 1929.

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SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu.		
KOREA MARU	...	Wednesday, 13th Nov.
SEIKO MARU	...	Wednesday, 27th Nov.
SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports.		
SHIDZUKA MARU	...	Monday, 2nd Dec.
YOKOHAMA MARU	...	Monday, 16th Dec.
LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.		
ATSUTA MARU	...	Saturday, 16th Nov.
KASHIMA MARU	...	Saturday, 30th Nov.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Peking.		
KAGA MARU	...	Wednesday, 20th Nov.
TANGO MARU	...	Wednesday, 25th Dec.
BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.		
TAMBA MARU	...	Monday, 11th Nov.
↑ TOKIWA MARU	...	Wednesday, 27th Nov.
SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.		
ANYO MARU	...	Sunday, 22nd Dec.
SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape Town & Ports.		
WAKASA MARU	...	Friday, 6th Dec.
NEW YORK, BOSTON via PANAMA.		
↑ TSUYAMA MARU	...	Friday, 8th Nov.
↑ ASUKA MARU	...	Wednesday, 20th Nov.
LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Constantinople, Genoa & Marseilles.		
↑ TOYOKA MARU	...	Friday, 15th Nov.
CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.		
↑ BENGAL MARU	...	Tuesday, 12th Nov.
↑ MALAOA MARU	...	Saturday, 16th Nov.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.		
SUWA MARU	...	Monday, 11th Nov.
↑ TOTORI MARU	...	Sunday, 17th Nov.

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YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS.

IMPORTS 13,300 TONS;
THROUGH CARGO 17,700 TONS.

Cargo returns shown at the Harbour Office during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday by vessels arriving in Hong Kong were as follows:—

British	Cargo for	Through
Cabrita	H.K.	Ports.
Sydney	110	—
Chenkiang	—	—
Hoihow	800	700
Kalgan	—	—
Bangkok	1,000	30
Tean, Canton	—	250
Seistan	—	—
Singapore	500	—
Hop Sang	—	—
Canton	170	—
Apocoy	4,150	—
Hongay	—	—
American	—	—
Michigan	—	—
Portland	610	2,000
German	—	—
Kathe	—	—
Newchwang	300	1,500
Dutch	—	—
Van Heutz	—	—
Amoy	—	1,050
Tjikembang	—	—
Sourabaya	560	8,020
French	—	—
Chenonceaux	—	—
Marseilles	90	2,000
Norwegian	—	—
Prosper	—	—
Saigon	1,400	—
Java	—	—
Yokohama	5,900	—
Chinese	—	—
Shiu Hing	—	—
Macao	60	—
Tai Lee	—	—
Dairen	450	1,500
Total	15,510	17,150

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

The arrivals and departures during the period under review, were as follows:—

British	Arr.	Dep.
American	1	0
German	1	0
Dutch	2	1
French	1	1
Norwegian	3	3
Chinese	3	2
Danish	0	1
Japanese	0	1
Total	10	17

ASIATIC DECK PASSENGERS.

The following vessels brought Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday:—

Seistan (Br.) Singapore	491
Tean (Br.) Canton	18
Van Heutz (Dutch) Amoy	638
Tjikembang (Dutch) Sourabaya	638
Chenonceaux (French) Marseilles	433
Prosper (Nor.) Saigon	102
Total	2,170

ARRIVALS.

November 4.

Kalgan, British str., 1,556 tons, Capt. R. T. Stephens, from Bangkok, Stonecutters.—B. & S.

November 5.

Tai Lee, Chinese str., 1,044 tons, Capt. Z. Masaki, from Chefoo, buoy No. B33.—Loong Tai Hong.

November 6.

Cabrita, British str., 2,612 tons, Capt. B. F. Bell, from Manila, buoy No. A6.—Dodwell & Co.

Canton Maru, Japanese str., 1,647 tons, Capt. C. Mikami, from Keelung, O.S.K. Wharf.—O.S.K.

Changchow, British str., 1,203 tons, Capt. W. L. Shinn, from Canton, buoy No. C9.—B. & S.

Chimkiang, British str., 1,229 tons, Capt. R. Fairly, from Hoihow, buoy No. C43.—B. & S.

Deli Maru, Japanese str., 2,173 tons, Capt. R. Yamamoto, from Canton, O.S.K. Wharf.—O.S.K.

Foo Lee, Chinese str., 859 tons, Capt. S. Kita, from Tsingtau, buoy No. C10.—Shun Tai Hong.

Hai Ching, British str., 1,267 tons, Capt. O. H. Farrar, from Swatow, Douglas Wharf.—Douglas & Co.

Hop Sang, British str., 1,356 tons, Capt. L. H. Hutchings, from Swatow, West Point Wharf.—J. M. & Co.

Hop Sang, British str., 1,356 tons, Capt. P. R. Gey-Cumings, from Canton, buoy No. B32.—J. M. & Co.

Hydrangea, British str., 561 tons, Capt. P. W. Grierson, from Swatow, Chiu On Wharf.—Chiu On S.S. Co.

Kathe, German str., 906 tons, Capt. H. Frandsen, from Chefoo, buoy No. C43.—Kwong Mow Tai.

Kroniken, Norwegian str., 1,518 tons, Capt. T. Kvamme, from Canton, buoy No. C46.—Wallen & Co.

Muroan Maru, Japanese str., 5,374 tons, Capt. C. Sakurai, from Singapore, Kowloon Wharf.—N.Y.K.

Prosper, Norwegian str., 1,375 tons, Capt. E. D. Knutsen, from Saigon, buoy No. C10.—K. Larsen & Co.

Rosanora, Italian str., 4,937 tons, Capt. Bogovich, from Hankow, buoy No. A26.—Dodwell & Co.

Seistan, British str., 1,571 tons, Capt. Alex. C. Inglis, from Singapore, buoy No. B34.—Foo Lee S.S. Co.

Sungshan Maru, Japanese str., 1,503 tons, Capt. G. Kawamura, from Canton, buoy No. C15.—N.Y.K.

Tean, British str., 1,351 tons, Capt. A. N. Taylor, from Canton, buoy No. B9.—B. & S.

Tjikembang, Dutch str., 5,028 tons, Capt. J. J. Duit, from Tg. Pendar, buoy No. A27.—J.C.F.L.

Van Heutz, Dutch str., 2,749 tons, Capt. J. Grothoff, from Swatow, buoy A38.—J.C.F.L.

Vencia, Italian str., 4,877 tons, Capt. Relli, from Singapore, buoy No. A3.—Dodwell & Co.

CLEARANCES.

November 6.

Mau San, for Sandakan.

Van Heutz, for Singapore.

November 5.

Amur Maru, for Singapore.

Benvorlich, for Takao.

Changchow, for Ningpo.

Chimkiang, for Amoy.

Deli Maru, for Swatow.

(Continued on next Column).

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

The following passengers arrived on Tuesday by the s.s. Empress of France, from the United States and the North:—For Hong Kong: Mrs. H. Campbell, Mr. H. A. Carpenter, Mr. George Demagne, Mr. W. J. Gorham, Mrs. E. M. Humphrey, Miss Betty Humphrey, Mr. Liave Njack Heian, Mr. C. K. Kan, Misses S. Y. S. H. and S. T. Kan, Mrs. Bert Levi, Mr. H. M. Lee, Mr. T. Y. Lee, Mr. William W. L. Ma, Mr. and Mrs. Y. C. Pan, Mr. T. Carr Ramsey, Mr. G. A. Stephenson, Dr. A. Shoemaker, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. B. Stewart, Mr. C. K. Tang, Mrs. T. A. Tsai, Miss T. U. Tsai, Mr. E. Y. Tong, Mr. Tong Jing Lam, Mrs. W. Y. Wong, Master B. Y. Wong, and Miss Yu Ko Nany.

For Manila: Dr. and Mrs. R. M. Hopkings, Mrs. Margaret Lough, Miss Letitia Lough, Mrs. R. Z. Levi, Mr. B. H. Schmidt, and Mrs. N. S. Wetherpoon.

Departures.

The following European passengers left by the s.s. Empress of France on Tuesday, for Manila:—Mr. H. Anderson, Mr. T. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Estes, Mr. E. Muller, Mr. V. Moreno, Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Pistor, Mr. F. Prato, Mr. E. J. Sosa, and Mr. and Mrs. J. R. L. Stanton.

The following European passengers left by the s.s. Andre Lebon, for Marseilles via ports:—Mr. and Mrs. Russel Mathias, Mr. and Mrs. McBrier, Mr. and Mrs. William Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Whiteford, Mr. W. E. Pilling, Miss Ashe, Mrs. Seabry, Dr. and Mrs. F. A. Black, Miss B. A. Black, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob L. Adler, Mr. M. H. Hirsch, Mrs. R. S. Hirsch, Mr. B. H. Cocheron, Mr. W. J. Norton, Mr. P. S. Windrum, Mr. F. D. Truman, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Curran, Mr. Fossion, Mr. R. E. Francis, Mr. H. Rossman, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Cocher, Mr. and Mrs. R. Rocher, Mr. J. Bruggen, Mr. A. W. Landry, Mr. Parise, Mr. A. W. Newton, Mrs. Dreyfus, Miss N. Wheeler, Mr. J. Jacopin, Rev. A. Whitmore, Mr. Alexandre Dumas, Mr. M. Taton, Mr. J. Pierre.

WARSHIPS IN PORT.

The following warships were in port yesterday:—

Basin.—Tamar, Cienka, Stormcloud.

North Arm.—Serapis.

West Wall.—Borwick.

Im Dock.—Hermes.

No. 7 Buoy.—Sirdar.

No. 8 Buoy.—Magnolia.

No. 9 Buoy.—Bruce.

No. 10 Buoy.—Taranula.

No. 11 Buoy.—Sepoy, Sterling.

No. 12 Buoy.—Thracian.

No. 13 Buoy.—Marazion.

Cosmopolitan Dock.—Somme.

Foreign Men of War.—Italian gunboat Sebastiano Caboto; French gunboat Argus.

Hang Sang, for Canton.

Kalgan, for Swatow.

Kathe, for Canton.

Muroan Maru, for Yensen.

Rosanora, for Singapore.

Seistan, for Swatow.

Sungshan Maru, for Swatow.

Taiyetu Maru, for Yokohama.

Takada, for Singapore.

Takao Maru, for Keelung.

Tean, for Hoihow.

Tjikembang, for Amoy.

Vencia, for Shanghai.

Wing Lee, for K. C. Wan.

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"CITY OF WINNIPEG" ... via Suez Canal ... 3rd December
"URBINO" ... via Suez Canal ... 31st December

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(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"MACEDONIA"	11,180	9th Nov. Noon	Bombay, Mar. & L'don.
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	19th Nov.	Strails, Colombo & Bombay.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	23rd Nov.	Mar. L'don, H'g, B'dm. & A'warp.
"RAWALPINDI"	16,619	7th Dec.	Bombay, Mar. & L'don. (A'warp.)
"BELTANA"	—	14th Dec.	Mar. L'don, H'g, B'dm. & A'warp.
"ALPORE"	5,273	19th Dec.	Strails, Colombo & B'g, B'dm. & A'warp.
"MALWA"	10,980	21st Dec.	Marseilles and London.
"KHYBER"	9,114	23rd Dec. 1930	Mar. L'don, H'g, B'dm. & A'warp.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,568	4th Jan.	B'g, Mar. & L'don.
"LABORE"	5,304	11th Jan. (Mar.)	L'don, H'g, B'dm. & A'warp.
"KHIVA"	9,135	18th Jan.	Mar. L'don, B'dm. & A'warp.
"JEYPORE"	5,318	25th Jan. (Mar.)	L'don, H'g, B'dm. & A'warp.
"MANTUA"	10,946	1st Feb.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"KASHMIR"	9,138	15th Feb.	Mar. L'don, H'g, B'dm. & A'warp.
"MACEDONIA"	11,180	1st Mar.	Marseilles and London.
"KASHMIR"	9,138	8th Mar. (Mar.)	L'don, H'g, B'dm. & A'warp.
"KALYAN"	9,144	15th Mar.	Mar. L'don, H'g, B'dm. & A'warp.
"RAWALPINDI"	16,619	22nd Mar.	Marseilles and London.
"MALWA"	10,980	32nd Apr.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,568	28th Apr.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	10th May	Mar. L'don, B'dm. & A'warp.

* Cargo only. * Calls Casablanca.

Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Piraeus, Smyrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Ship	Tons	Sailing	Destination
"SHIRALA"	7,841	19th Nov.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"TALMA"	10,000	22nd Nov.	do
"TAKIWA"	7,938	12th Dec.	do
"TILAWA"	10,006	22nd Dec.	do
"TALAMBA"	8,018	31st Dec.	do
"TAKADA"	6,949	9th Jan. 1930	do

B.I.—Apcar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

Ship	Tons	Sailing	Destination
"TANDA"	6,956	29th Nov.	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday
"ST. ALBANS"	4,501	2nd Jan. 1930	Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.
"NELLORE"	6,553	31st Jan.	do

* Calls Port Holland.

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hong Kong to Japan & Hong Kong to Australia: The E. & A. S.S. Co., Ltd., steamers will also call at Shanghai, H'g, Cebu, Kolambagan, Tawao, Timor, Durian, or other ports en route as inducement offers.

Frequent connections from Australia to the United Kingdom via New Zealand & Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal.

The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.

The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN

Ship	Tons	Sailing	Destination
"RAWALPINDI"	16,619	8th Nov. Noon	Sh'hai, Kobe & Yokohama.
"ALPORE"	5,273	12th Nov. Noon	Moji & Kobe.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	19th Nov.	Sh'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"TAKIWA"	7,938	17th Nov.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"KHYBER"	9,114	22nd Nov.	Sh'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MALWA"	10,980	23rd Nov.	Sh'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"TILAWA"	10,006	1st Dec.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,568	7th Dec.	Sh'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"JEYPORE"	5,318	16th Dec.	Sh'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"TALAMBA"	8,018	16th Dec.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,501	16th Dec.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama.
"TAKADA"	6,949	16th Dec.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"KHIVA"	9,135	21st Dec. 1930	Sh'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MANTUA"	10,946	3rd Jan.	Sh'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"NELLORE"	6,553	7th Jan.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama.
"KASHMIR"	9,138	17th Jan.	Sh'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KASHMIR"	9,138	26th Jan.	do
"MACEDONIA"	11,180	31st Jan.	do
"KALYAN"	9,144	14th Feb.	do
"RAWALPINDI"	16,619	25th Feb.	Sh'hai, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MALWA"	10,980	19th Mar.	Sh'hai, Moji, Kobe & Y'hama.</

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

INWARD MAILS.

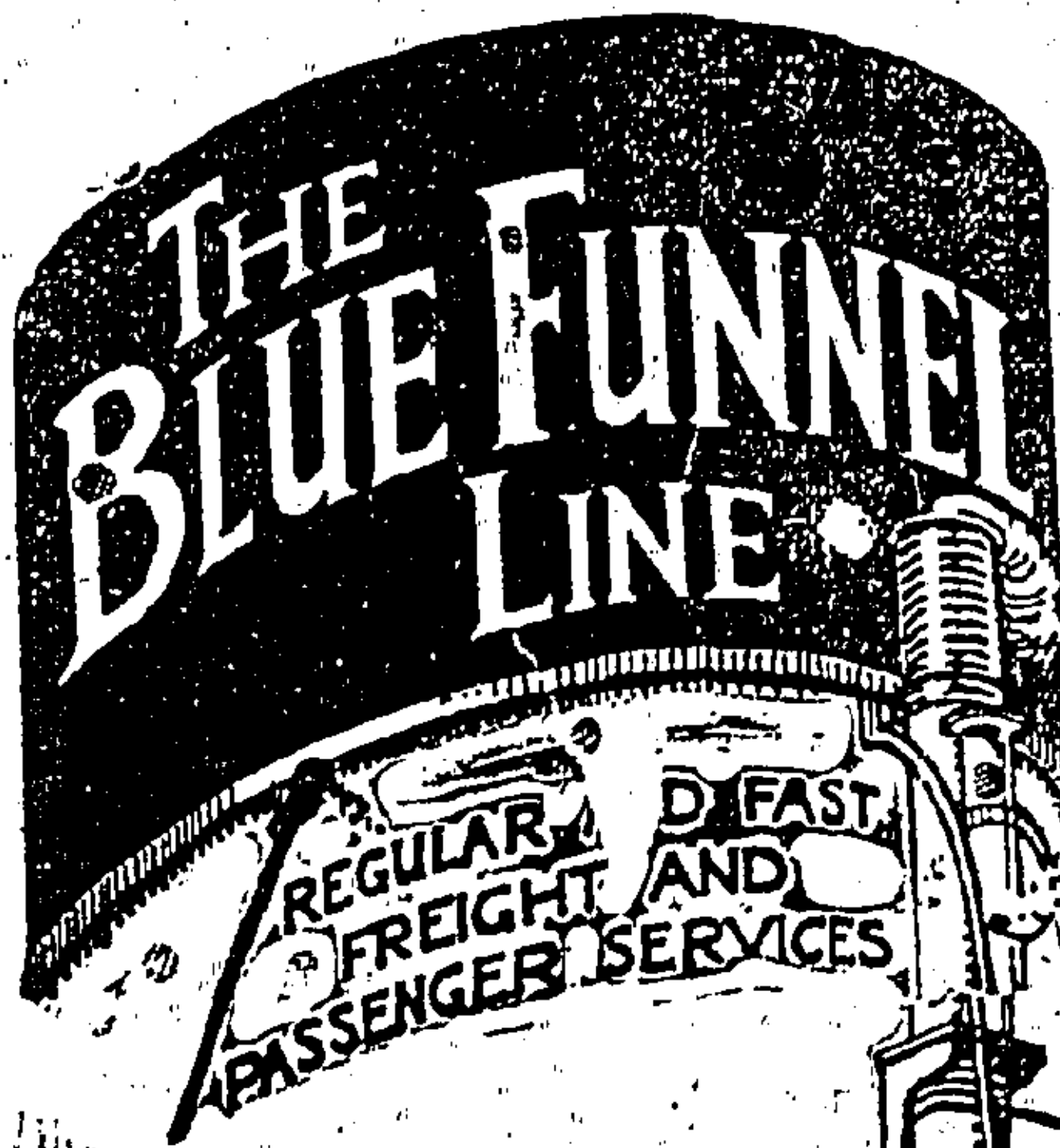
FROM	PER	DATE
U.S.A. (San Francisco, 9th October), HONGKONG, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Korea Maru	7th Nov.
JAPAN	Himalaya Maru	7th Nov.
EUROPE via "Tuzi" (Letters & parcels, London, 10th Oct., & parcels 3rd Oct.)	Rasulpindi	7th Nov.
JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Macdonia	8th Nov.
SHANGHAI & AMOY	Canalonia	8th Nov.
U.S.A. (Seattle, 19th Oct.), CANADA, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Pres. Taft	8th Nov.
AUSTRALIA & MANILA	Tai Ping	8th Nov.
SHANGHAI via SWATOW	Summing	9th Nov.
CALCUTTA & STRAITS	Ho Sang	9th Nov.
MANILA	Emp. of France	10th Nov.
STRAITS	Alcyon	11th Nov.
SHANGHAI	Pres. Jackson	11th Nov.
JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Calcutta	12th Nov.
U.S.A. (San Francisco, 18th Oct.), HONGKONG, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Atlanta Maru	13th Nov.
JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Pres. Monroe	16th Nov.
U.S.A. (San Francisco, 25th Oct.), HONGKONG, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Shidokoro Maru	18th Nov.
U.S.A. (San Francisco, 23rd October), HONGKONG, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Pres. McKinley	18th Nov.
JAPAN	Shingo Maru	19th Nov.
CANADA (Victoria, B.C., 2nd Nov.), U.S.A. JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Emp. of Russia	21st Nov.
AUSTRALIA & MANILA	Tango Maru	21st Nov.
U.S.A. (Seattle, 2nd Nov.), CANADA, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Pres. Jefferson	22nd Nov.
JAPAN	Tenue	27th Nov.
U.S.A. (San Francisco, 1st Nov.), HONGKONG, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Pres. Wilson	30th Nov.

OUTWARD MAILS.

REGISTERED AND PARCEL MAILS are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.

FOR	PER	DATE & TIME
Sandakan	Maunang	Thursday, 7th, 9.30 a.m.
Formosa	Benurich	10.30 a.m.
Straits	Van Heuts	10.30 a.m.
Swatow	Hydrangea	2.30 p.m.
Amoy	Chinching	3.30 p.m.
Haiphong	Gov. Gen. Merlan	5.00 p.m.
Haiphong and Bangkok	Bintang	Friday, 8th, 9.30 a.m.
Shanghai, Japan & "EUROPE" via Siberia	Rasulpindi	10.30 a.m.
Manila, Australia (except Thursday Island) & New Zealand via Brisbane	Himalaya Maru	Reg. 11.45 a.m.
due Brisbane, 25th Nov.	Haiching	Letters 12.30 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Focchow	Kowloon P.O.	1.00 p.m.
	Parcels	4.30 p.m.
	Reg. 9th, 9.00 a.m.	Letters 10.00 a.m.
	G.P.O.	Par. 8th, 5.07 p.m.
	Reg. 9th, 9.45 a.m.	Letters 10.30 a.m.
		Saturday, 9th, 9.30 a.m.
Java via Batavia	Tyondari	9.30 a.m.
Swatow	Swing	5.00 p.m.
Amoy & Japan	Hwang	5.00 p.m.
Amoy	Konchow	Sunday, 10th, 8.30 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Canton Maru	9.00 a.m.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., C. & S. America & "EUROPE" via Victoria, B.C. due Victoria, B.C., 2nd Dec. & "EUROPE" via Siberia	Pres. Jackson	Monday, 11th, 10.00 a.m.
Shanghai & Japan	Sawa Maru	Box. 11.15 a.m.
Bangkok via Swatow	Kayong	Letters Noon 10.30 a.m. Noon

* Superscribed correspondence only.



LONDON SERVICE.

"CALUBAR" 12th Nov., M'los., L'don., B'ham. & Hamburg.
"SARFEDON" 20th Nov., M'los., L'don., B'ham. & Hamburg.
* Calls at Casablanca.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

"AUTOLYCUS" 20th Nov., Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.
"CYCLOPS" 20th Dec., Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.

NEW YORK SERVICE.

Leaves Hong Kong Leaves Singapore Arrives N. York.
"SARFEDON" 26th Nov. "LYCAON" 9th Dec. 16th Jan.
Hong Kong to New York 51 Days.

PACIFIC SERVICE. (via KOBE & YOKOHAMA)

"TYNDAREUS" 23rd Nov., Victoria & Vancouver.

INWARD SERVICE.

"DIODE" 11th Nov. For S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"PATROCLUS" 13th Nov. For Shanghai, Taka & Dairen.

PASSENGER SERVICE.

"SARFEDON" 20th Nov., M'los., L'don., B'ham. & Glasgow.

Also cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation at specially reduced fares.

For freight, passage rates, and information apply to—
Butterfield & Swire,
Agents.

HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Authorized Capital \$50,000,000
Issued & Fully Paid-up \$20,000,000
Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £2,000,000
Silver \$14,000,000
Reserve liability of Pro-
prietors \$20,000,000

Head Office: Hong Kong.

Board of Directors:
N. S. Brown, Esq., Chairman.
W. H. Bell, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
Hon. Mr. B. D. W. L. Pattenden,
F. Beith, Esq.
A. H. Compton, T. E. Pearce,
Esq.
M. T. Johnson, J. A. Plummer,
Esq.
B. Lander Lewis, J. P. Warren,
Esq.
Chief Manager:
Hon. Mr. A. C. Hynes.

BRANCHES:—
Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Colombo, Dairen, Focchow, Haiphong, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kowloon, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manilla, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Tokyo, Yokohama.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in LOCAL CURRENCY and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods in Local Currency and Sterling on terms which will be quoted on application.

Hong Kong, 17th Apr. 1929. [2]

HONG KONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

For the HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
A. C. HYNES,
Chief Manager.
Hong Kong, 13th Sept. 1927. [3]

EQUITABLE EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION.

CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS
U.S. \$4,000,000.00

HEAD OFFICE:
37, WALL STREET,
NEW YORK.

An American Bank offering complete Foreign Banking Service in the principal markets of the world.

Interest Allowed on all Deposits.
Rates on Application.

A Subsidiary of THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

Total Resources in excess of U.S. \$900,000,000.00.

D. M. BIGGAR, Manager.

NEDERLANDSCHE HANDELS-MAATSCHAPPIJ, N.V.

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)
BANKERS
Established 1824.

HONG KONG OFFICE: 11, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.

Authorized Capital Gldrs. 150,000,000.
(£12,500,000)
Paid-Up Capital Gldrs. 80,000,000.
(£6,666,667)
Reserve Fund Gldrs. 40,000,000.
(£3,333,333)

Head Office: Amsterdam.
Branches: Batavia, B'ham, Calcutta, Canton, Dairen, Hong Kong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manilla, Peking, Singapore, Sourabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Tokyo, Yokohama.

London Bankers:—
National Provincial Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents all over the world.
Banking Business of every description transacted.

P. M. ELBERG,
Manager.
Hong Kong, 27th May, 1929. [34]

THE BANK OF CANTON, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE: HONG KONG.
Hong Kong Branch:—4, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Branches and Sub-branches all over China, and Correspondents in Europe, America, and other parts of the world.

London Bankers:—THE GUARANTY TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK, THE NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK, LTD.

New York Bankers:—THE EQUITABLE TRUST CO., THE IRVING BANK, COLUMBIA TRUST CO.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits. Terms on application.

Every description of Banking Business transacted.

Loans granted on Approved Securities.

Safe Deposit Boxes (various sizes) at a Yearly Rental of from \$5 to \$40.

LOOK POONG SHAN,
Manager.

Hong Kong, 29th June, 1927. [25]

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1823.
HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

Paid-up Capital £3,000,000
Reserve Fund £4,000,000
Reserve Liability of Pro-
prietors £3,000,000

AGENCIES & BRANCHES:

ALOR STAR, BANGKOK, BATAVIA, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, CANTON, CEYLON, COLOMBO, DAIREN, DELHI, HAIPHONG, HANKOW, HONGKONG, KANPUR, KOWLOON, KUALA LUMPUR, LONDON, LYONS, MALACCA, MANILLA, Peking, SHANGHAI, SINGAPORE, SOERABAYA, SWATOW, TIENTSIN, TOKYO, YOKOHAMA.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking Business transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

A. H. FERGUSON,
Manager.
Hong Kong, 9th Jan. 1929. [30]

BANQUE FRANCO-CHINOISE POUR LE COMMERCE ET L'INDUSTRIE.

(Incorporated in France).
Princes Building, Chater Road, Victoria, Hong Kong.

HEAD OFFICE:
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.

Capital, fully paid-up Frs. 50,000,000
Special Working Capital Frs. 20,000,000
Reserves Frs. 23,319,000

BRANCHES:

Paris, Lyons, Marseilles, Saigon, Haiphong, Hanoi, Tourane, Quinhon, Hue, Thanh-hoa, Vinh, Pnom Penh, Peking, Shanghai, Tientsin, Hong Kong.

BANKERS:

France: Société Générale, Banque Nationale de Crédit, Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas.

London: Midland Bank, Ltd.
New York: American Exchange Irving Trust Co., Banca Commerciale Italiana.

San Francisco: Bank of Italy.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Correspondents throughout the World.

A. ROLLIN,
Manager.
Hong Kong, 1st July, 1929.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C. 3.

Authorized Capital £23,000,000
Subscribed Capital £21,600,000
Paid-up Capital £21,050,000
Reserve Fund and Ret. A/c. £21,612,047

BANKERS:

THE BANK OF ENGLAND and MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES:

Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Colombo, Dairen, Delhi, Haiphong, Hankow, Hong Kong, Kowloon, Kuala Lumpur, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manilla, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Tokyo, Yokohama.

Hong Kong Branch:
Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Travellers Cheques issued.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at Rates that may be ascertained on application.

C. L. C. SANDES, Manager.
7, Queen's Road Central.
Hong Kong, 1st Oct. 1929. [20]

THE BANK OF CHINA.

(Special authorized by Presidential Mandate of the Republic of China on the 22nd of November, 1917.)

Authorized Capital \$50,000,000.00
PAID-UP CAPITAL 19,760,500.00
RESERVE FUND 9,864,285.62

Head Office: Peking.
Hong Kong Branch:—4, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Branches and Sub-branches all over China, and Correspondents in Europe, America, and other parts of the world.

London Bankers:—THE GUARANTY TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK, THE NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK, LTD.

New York Bankers:—THE EQUITABLE TRUST CO., THE IRVING BANK, COLUMBIA TRUST CO.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits. Terms on application.

Every description of Banking Business transacted.

Loans granted on Approved Securities.

Safe Deposit Boxes (various sizes) at a Yearly Rental of from \$5 to \$40.

SHOU J. CHEN,
Manager.
Hong Kong, 29th June, 1927. [25]



BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

Head Office:
98, Boulevard Haussmann, Paris.

Subscribed Capital Frs. 72,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital Frs. 68,400,000.00
Reserve Fund Frs. 102,000,000.00

BRANCHES:

Bangkok, Hong Kong, Saigon, Canton, Haiphong, Shanghai, Nankin, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Pnom Penh, Vinh, Pondicherry, Yunnanfu.

BANKERS:

In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Crédit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Crédit Industriel et Commercial; Société Générale.

In London: The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Crédit Lyonnais.

In New York: J. P. Morgan & Co.; French-American Bank Corporation; Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Safe Deposit Boxes to let.

A. LEOT,
Manager.
Hong Kong, 2nd May, 1929. [32]

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Capital fully paid up Yen 100,000,000
Reserve Fund Yen 103,600,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:
Alexandria, Kai Yuen, Bangkok, Batavia, Kobe, Soerabaya, Calcutta, London, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Seattle, Dairen, Manila, Semarang, Nagasaki, Shanghai, Fongtien, Nagoya, Singapore, (Mukden) Newchwang, Shimonoseki, Hankow, New York, Sydney, Harbin, Peking, Tientsin, Hong Kong, Rio de Janeiro, Honolulu, Janeiro, Tientsin, Buenos Ayres, (Temporarily closed), Vladivostok (Temporarily closed).

Interest allowed on Current Accounts.

Deposits received for Fixed Periods at rates to be obtained on application.

H. MORI, Manager.
Hong Kong, Sept. 11, 1929. [35]

EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

November 6, 1929.

On London.—
Telegraphic Transfer... 1/8 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand 1/8 1/2
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight 1/8 1/2
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight 1/8 1/2
Bank Bills, at 6 months' sight 1/8 1/2
Documentary Bills, at 4 months' sight 1/8 1/2
On Paris.—
Bank Bills, on demand 1/6 3/4
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight 1/6 3/4
Bank Bills, at 3 months' sight 1/6 3/4
On New York.—
Bank Bills, on demand 42 1/2
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight 42 1/2
On Bombay.—
Telegraphic Transfer 115 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand 115 1/2
On Calcutta.—
Telegraphic Transfer 115 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand 115 1/2
On Shanghai.—
Bank Bills, at sight 77 1/2
Private, 30 days' sight 77 1/2
On Yokohama.—
On demand 86 1/2
On Manila.—On demand 84 1/2
On Singapore.—
On demand 74 1/2
On Batavia.—On demand 104 1/2
On Haiphong.—
On demand nom.
On Saigon.—On demand nom.
On Bangkok.—
On demand 108
Roverbank, Bank's Buying rate 11.18
Gold Leaf, 10 lbs. per toad 22 1/2
Bar Silver, per oz 22 1/2

HONG KONG WEEKLY PRESS.

CONTAINING ALL THE WEEK'S LOCAL NEWS.

The Paper to send Home

American Express Travelers Cheques

Definition of TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES—
"The system of Travellers' Cheques was originated in 1891 by the American Express Company with the object of creating a form of travel currency which would give the holder the security of a letter of credit and at the same time the convenience of local currency. The Company registered the cheques under the trade name of 'AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES' the word 'Travellers' being spelled with one 'l'. The advantage of the Cheques was so apparent that other banking institutions adopted the system."

Quoted from Pitman's Dictionary of Banking by Wm. Thomson.
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THE AMERICAN EXPRESS Co., Inc.
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